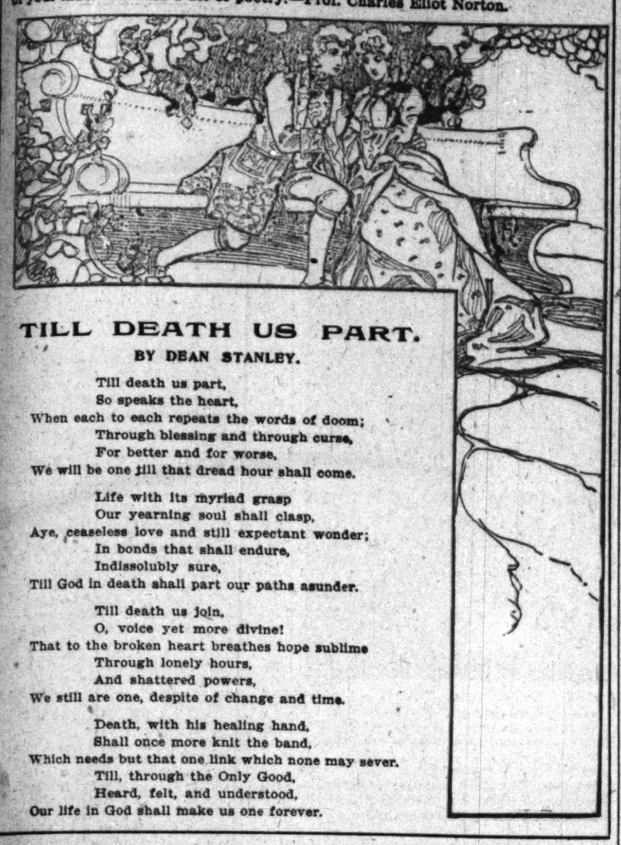
The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LXII.—NO. 140. WEDNESDAY, MAY 20, 1903—SIXTEEN PAGES. ☆ PRICE TWO CENTS.

POEMS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW.

Whatever your occupation may be, and however crowded your hours with affairs, do not fail to secure at least a few minutes every day for refreshment of your inner life with a bit of poetry.—Prof. Charles Eliot Norton.



TILL DEATH US PART.

BY DEAN STANLEY.

Till death us part,
So speaks the heart,
When each to each repeats the words of doom;
Through blessing and through curse,
For better and for worse,
We will be one till that dread hour shall come.

Life with its myriad grasp
Our yearning soul shall clasp,
Aye, ceaseless love and still expectant wonder;
In bonds that shall endure,
Indissolubly sure,
Till God in death shall part our paths asunder.

Till death us join,
O, voice yet more divine!
That to the broken heart breathes hope sublime
Through lonely hours,
And shattered powers,
We still are one, despite of change and time.

Death, with his healing hand,
Shall once more knit the band,
Which needs but that one link which none may sever.
Till, through the Only Good,
Heard, felt, and understood,
Our life in God shall make us one forever.

NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER— WEDNESDAY, MAY 20, 1903.

Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, fresh west to southwest winds. The maximum temperature in Chicago during the twenty-four hours ending last midnight was 81 degrees at 4 p. m. and the minimum 65 degrees at 4 a. m. Maximum wind velocity, 46 miles an hour at 11:10 a. m.

Sunrise at 4:27; sunset at 7:07. Moonrise at 12:52 a. m.

TUESDAY'S WEATHER CONDITIONS.

LONDON—Fair and clear, temperature 38 to 65, barometer 29.95, southwest wind.
PARIS—Fair, temperature 45 to 62, southeasterly breeze, barometer unsteady.
BERLIN—Rain, barometer 29.82, temperature 43 at 8 a. m., westerly winds.

LOCAL:—

Quick marriage for elopers and others advertised in newspapers by A. Cary Judd, Racine (Wis.) court commissioner; five days' preliminary application can be avoided by writing to him for blank form.

Isaac Rosenblum factory at 471 Seminary avenue, and twelve apartment houses and residences destroyed by fire last night; thirty families homeless; engines delayed twenty-five minutes.

Public health threatened and infant mortality certain to increase unless milk wagon drivers consent to more than one delivery daily; appeal to union made by Health Commissioner Reynolds.

Hanson Park and Armitage avenue branch schools denounced to trustees by Cragin residents as "firetraps" and "disease breeders"; new building granted; Andersonville school also condemned.

Breedsville (Mich.) "murder mystery" solved by return of missing Willie Harrison, supposed victim, and removal of social ban on Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Harrison, his parents; has been roving since his disappearance in 1901.

Warnings will be posted in schools to keep children from petting stray dogs and cats and running risk of diphtheria, hydrophobia, and scarlet fever; Anna H. Schneider, teacher, will be tried on charges by Miss Blanks.

City railway's demand for franchise renewals will be made before city council transportation committee today; Union Traction demand delayed; Mayor Harrison agreed to waive referendum if ordinances are fair.

Permanent campaign against Patsy King's policy gambling clique decided on by Citizens' association; city ordinance will be relied on if state law is defective; presentation before May grand jury possible.

Fifty-one Commercial club members, including heads of many large industries, visited Champaign, Ill., to witness smoke consuming tests with Illinois coal; practical abolishment of smoke found possible.

Fate of Wabash avenue levee extension settled by shooting of Police Sergeant Phil Miller and holdup of Ald. Wendling at 3 a. m. yesterday; saloons must close at midnight hereafter.

Segregation of young county jail prisoners proving successful; those under 20 years old housed on separate tier and allowed to spend their leisure in schoolroom instead of with older offenders.

Founding of Palestine orphanage for Jewish massacre victims urged by head of Zionist movement in Bessarabia in letter to Leon Zolotkoff; disposal of $2,750 fund will be discussed today.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—

Frequent strikes in Chicago causing abandonment of proposed improvements in industrial plants; $1,000,000 addition to Allis-Chalmers' works given up; 2,000 restaurant keepers allied to resist employes' demands.

Denver (Colo.) Gas and Electric Light company's employés enjoined by District court against declaring sympathetic strike; company held under court's jurisdiction as being in receiver's hands.

United States Rubber company's gross sales for year ending March 31 increased 22 per cent; net sales gained 11.2 per cent; total net earnings equaled $1,342,448, or 5.7 per cent on preferred shares.

Advertisements for city folks who desire summer work on farms, inserted in Orange Judd Farmer, are bringing hundreds of answers from men but none from women; most applicants are inexperienced.

H. Gaylord Wilshire, in magazine article, tells of denial by John D. Rockefeller that Standard Oil company forced rival refineries to sell out; trust organized because of overproduction.

WASHINGTON:—

Ship subsidy bill would have been passed if large shipowners had been reasonable in their demands, according to Representative Minor of Wisconsin; graded payments for limited period preferable to tariff rebate.

Ex-Cashier S. W. Tulloch answered Postmaster General Payne's reflection on him by declaring he [Tulloch] handled funds for Porto Rico and audited accounts in which crookedness is said to have occurred.

PAGES.

1 Why Subsidy Bill Failed. New Get Married Quick Center. Homes of 75 Persons Burned. Plead for Two Milk Deliveries. Strike Stops $1,000,000 Plant.
2 Strike Enjoined; None Manned. Iowan Opposes Tariff Revision. Boy Back; Mystery Cleared. Incendiary at Battle Creek, Mich. Warning Against Stray Dogs. Plea for New Schools.
3 Knell of Wabash Avenue Levee. Drugged; $1,165 Taken. Greatest "Barrel House" Opened. Bonfire of Slot Machines. More Voters Meet the Judges. Asks Franchise Renewals at Once.
4 General News of New York. Roosevelt Visits Two States. Tulloch Replies to Payne. News of the Theaters. Confederate Veterans' Reunion.
5 Zion Plan for Orphan Jews. Cassini Arouses London Jews. British Free Trade Not Sacred. China Bows to Russia's Demands. Boys "Segregated" in Jail. Officer Slain in Philippines.
6 Gregor K. Breaks Track Record. Latonia Derby to Be Run Today. Chicago Teams Have Idle Day. Cleveland May Have Sunday Ball.
7 Business Men See Smoke Prevention. Suit to Save "Tadpole Hole" Fund. Decide on Anti-Policy Crusade.
11 Records of the Courts. Lake Marine.
12 Editorial Comment. Fontenoy Letter.
13 Want to Be "Gentlemen Farmers." Society Affairs. Among the New Books.
14 In the Commercial Markets.
15 Financial News of the World.
16 Rockefeller Defends Oil Trust. Weekly Review of Crops. Insurance Affairs. General News of Railroads.

POLITICAL:—

Injunction to prevent payment by state treasurer of $152,000 Illinois and Michigan canal appropriation will be asked before July 1, when law takes effect; Representative Richard E. Burke to bring suit.

Congressman John F. Lacey in address to Des Moines (Ia.) Grant club characterized Henry Clay as original protectionist; tariff agitation always followed by depression; Dingley law nearest perfect of any framed.

DOMESTIC:—

Man armed with six shooter revolver captured by Sacramento (Cal.) citizen during President Roosevelt's visit last night, following his alleged remark that "One has died, and another might as well."

United Confederate Veterans' annual reunion begun at New Orleans with demonstration for Gen. Gordon, commander in chief; Mrs. Stonewall Jackson and John H. Reagan, survivor of rebel cabinet, present.

FOREIGN:—

Lieut. Walker of Cebu constabulary, reported missing, was killed by Pulajanes, along with two privates; thirty-five natives slain; uprising serious; cardinals' commission is selecting Philippine bishops at Rome.

London Jews indignant at Count Cassini's charge that Kishineff massacres were caused by usurious rates of Jewish money lenders; real cause was false murder charge.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
ANTWERP	Kroonland	
BREMEN	K. P. Wilhelm..	
LIVERPOOL	Corinthian	Saxonia.
LIZARD		Cambrian.
LIZARD		Menominee.
LONDON	Minneapolis	
MARSEILLES	Burgundia	
NEW YORK		W. der Grosse.
NEW YORK		Cevic.
NEW YORK		Sardegna.

SUBSIDY'S DEATH LAID TO GREED.

Congressman Minor of Wisconsin Places the Blame for Defeat of Ship Measure on Ocean Combine.

PLANS FOR A NEW LAW.

Would Give Benefits to Owners of Small Craft as Well as Large, and Americanize Crews of Vessels.

SHIP SUBSIDY—Representative Minor of Wisconsin declares ship subsidy bill was killed by greed of shipping combine, who opposed benefits to small owners. Has plan for building up merchant marine and Americanizing of crews.

IMPORT DUTIES—Reid, Murdoch & Co. of Chicago ask Supreme court to review decision of lower courts making duty on "dirty" currants same as cleaned article. Packing firms denied rebate on borax used on exported goods.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET—Bryan comes out in favor of Chief Justice Walter Clark of North Carolina Supreme court as his choice for presidential candidate in 1904.

[BY RAYMOND.]

Washington, D. C., May 19.—[Special.]—"If the large shipowners had not been so selfish and had been willing to accept a reasonable proposition, one which would have put large and small shipowners on the same footing, the subsidy bill would now be on the statute books," said Representative Minor, the Wisconsin member of the house merchant marine committee, today. "We can enact a law which will build up the American merchant marine if the shipping combine will agree to a proposition which will treat large and small owners alike, but as soon as it is proposed to give the benefits of a subsidy to the small owners, the representatives of the combine oppose the proposition and assert they care nothing about a subsidy.

"The combine is in a position to be more or less independent, but I suppose if we should provide for a subsidy they would accept their share of it without much objection. I am not opposed to a subsidy, provided we can authorize one which will build up the merchant marine and which can be honestly administered. Once our ships sailed on every sea, but now they have disappeared almost entirely as compared with the merchant marine of other nations. Therefore something should be done to rehabilitate our commercial fleets. I believe it will be done in the near future.

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"Many propositions with this end in view have been advanced. One which seems to meet considerable favor proposes to allow a rebate of the tariff on all goods imported in American built ships. This is all poppycock and would not accomplish what we seek to do, which is to build up the merchant marine and create new markets. This scheme would be more favorable to the shipping trust than anything yet advanced. They have the control of practically all the transatlantic lines, and if a rebate should be allowed on all goods imported in American bottoms, the trust would undoubtedly derive all the benefit from the subsidy. This being true, it is doubtful if any new ships would be built and our markets would not be expanded.

"One of the best plans to encourage the building of new ships and create new markets, in my judgment, would be the payment of a graded subsidy for a limited number of years. For the ships constructed to transport American goods into new markets I would pay a large subsidy, while to ships built in American yards and engaged in the regular trade I would pay a smaller sum. The subsidy should be limited to a term of ten years on each new ship. Within that period the subsidy would pay the cost of constructing the vessel.

"If we should continue paying a bonus on a ship for a period longer than ten years, shipbuilding would stop. I would not wipe out the subsidy entirely in ten years, but would pay it to one ship for that time, and if the owners continued to build new vessels they could receive a subsidy for them. This would promote shipbuilding and induce owners to construct and keep afloat modern fleets.

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"I would also Americanize the crews on our merchant vessels, and consequently those of the navy," continued Mr. Minor. "This could be done within three or five years by adopting a law providing that for the first year a certain percentage of the crews on American vessels should be Americans, and within three or five years the entire crew should be native or naturalized citizens. I would not crowd the shipowners to the wall, but would allow them ample time to meet the requirements which I hope congress will exact. By providing for the Americanizing of the crews of merchant vessels, owners and masters would, within a short time, be forced to pay American wages, and then our young men would enter the commercial fleets which should sail under our flag. Many young men in the United States are naturally sailors and would follow the sea, thus training men for the navy if they could secure fair pay.

"Under existing circumstances the factories pay larger wages than the masters and owners of vessels. Consequently our young men seek employment in the factories while foreigners man our ships. Congress has adopted a law which provides that a certain percentage of the crews of American vessels shall be native or naturalized citizens, but this is practically a dead letter because of the clause which authorizes masters to ship a foreign crew if a proper officer of the government certifies that he cannot secure one made up of Americans. It is undoubtedly true that advantage has been taken of this provision, and the masters ship foreign crews at lower rates of wages. That clause should be repealed, and we would soon have commercial fleets manned by intelligent Americans who would be prepared to enlist in the navy during the time of war or other emergency."

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The French ambassador and Mme. Jusserand entertained a distinguished party of diplomats at the French embassy tonight. Among the guests were Count Cassini and the Countess Marguerite Cassini, his adopted daughter, the Italian ambassador and Signora Mayor des Planches, the Austro-Hungarian ambassador and Baroness Hengelmüller, the Belgian minister, Baron Moncheur, counselor of the French embassy, and Mme. de Margerie, the military attaché of the French embassy and Mme. Vignal, and M. Bœufve.

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Col. Parker of the quartermaster's department, who has charge of matters relating to

(Continued on page 4, column 4.)

KNOTS TIED IN A HURRY.

RACINE IS THE LATEST GET MARRIED QUICK CENTER.

Court Commissioner Judd, Who Performs Ceremonies for So Much Per, Discovers a Kink in the Wisconsin Law and Seeks to Attract Doting Hearts to the North Shore Suburb—Elopers Welcome? Well, Yes!—He Even Advertises for Customers.

Parties to prospective elopements and other get married quick schemes in and about Chicago during the mating season of 1903 may take heart. A kind hearted individual—for a consideration—will act as their business agent and arrange the necessary details.

The person who holds out this hope to the fluttering hearts of those who consider expeditiousness an important part of matrimony is none other than a state official of Wisconsin, A. Cary Judd, court commissioner at Racine.

Mr. Judd has discovered that the Wisconsin law is not so strict on the subject of marriage as has hitherto been supposed, and he has outlined a few possible short cuts to wedded bliss in advertisements in the newspapers. Perhaps it is superfluous to add that Mr. Judd as well as being an attorney is a justice of the peace and a notary public, and marries couples every day at so much per.

Wants Chicago's Business.

Mr. Judd has his eye particularly on business from Chicago, and to that end he inserted his advertisement in Chicago papers announcing his ability to perform marriage services with neatness and dispatch. The advertisement read:

FOR INFORMATION WHAT TO DO BY PARTIES who desire a quiet marriage at Racine, Wis., address A. C. JUDD.

In Wisconsin the statute says that five days must elapse between the application for a marriage license and the ceremony. This has been inconvenient for Chicago couples, who are generally in a hurry and can devote only one day to marriage rites. But Mr. Judd has devised a scheme by which, for a consideration, you may obviate "the law's delay."

If you should wish to elope, for example, you write to Mr. Judd and take him into your confidence. He will send you a blank marriage license application form, which you will properly fill out, substituting the words "Illinois" and "Cook county" for "Wisconsin" and "Racine county," respectively. This you return to Mr. Judd, who thereupon will procure your license and marry you whenever you get time to run up to Racine. Mr. Judd says it makes no difference in what state the application is made, though he admits his inability to recall a court decision upholding his contention.

How Troubles Are Avoided.

Ordinarily you will have to wait five days after sending your application before you can spring your elopement. But if you are too impatient to brook a single day's delay, and if you have the price, Mr. Judd will undertake to wipe out even that five days and marry you on the spot. Mr. Judd is able to do all these things because of his friend, County Judge Max W. Heck, who can issue special marriage permits, good on the spot. County Clerk William Bell, who issues the licenses, also is his friend.

But matrimonial favors cost money in Racine, and Mr. Judd has a scale of prices something like this:

Arranging for ordinary license with five day stricture $1.50
Obtaining special permit, good at once..... Discretionary fee
Performance of ceremony at office, in railway station, or on steamer dock... Discretionary fee

Mr. Judd averages a marriage a day, and with his newly advertised scheme he expects to do a land office business this summer. He is keen for his chosen work, as was evidenced by his conversation yesterday with a TRIBUNE reporter.

Judd Tells the Way.

"You're not a reporter, are you?" demanded Mr. Judd after the greeting. "I don't talk to reporters—"

"Reporter? O, perish the thought—I want to get married, and quickly, too."

"Ah, fine!" exclaimed Mr. Judd, rubbing his hands. "Are you ready?"

"Well, no. You see I have a friend in Chicago—another man—and we are planning a double wedding."

"Great," exclaimed Mr. Judd, hitching his chair nearer. "And you are going to—"

Here he allowed one eye to close significantly.

"Yes, that's it—we are going to pull off a double elopement."

"By George! But you Chicago people never do things by halves, do you? Well, I'm just the man to fix you up. And nobody need be the wiser. Send me back these blanks, filled out—that'll be $1.50 each. Then you wait five days, although I have been known to get special permits good at once, you know. Then you let me know when you are coming. I can meet you at the station, or, if you come by steamer, I can marry you on the dock, and you can go on to Milwaukee without loss of time. How's that? That's business and dispatch, ain't it? Dollar and a half for the license and all other fees, of course—ahem—just what you consider the proper amount."

Best He Has in Stock.

"Well, what would you suggest for a real 'nobby' elopement?" was inquired.

"I tell you what, I fancy a steamer wedding—I can do the job with you standing on the bridge, if you like. The captain would be pleased, I know."

County Clerk Bell says that Mr. Judd "stands on good legal ground," and declares that he will issue licenses on all applications made in the manner the attorney prescribes.

HERDERS AND STOCK LOST IN MONTANA'S BLIZZARD.

Damage of at Least $5,000,000 Caused by Storm Now Raging—Flocks Abandoned to Their Fate.

Great Falls, Mont., May 19.—The heaviest cattle and sheep loss in the history of Montana, the damage of which will foot as high as $5,000,000, has been caused by the terrific snow storm which has been raging for the last three days. In some sections fully 90 per cent of the sheep on the ranges perished. Three herders at least wandered away in the blinding storm and were frozen to death.

It is difficult to get names. An aged herder employed by H. H. Wilson at Portage was lost on Sunday. Two more in the Shelby Junction country, employed by the Floweree Cattle company, are missing, and there is no hope that they can be found alive. Herders have abandoned their flocks on every hand and fled for safety to the settlements and ranches. Nothing like the fury of this storm has ever before been witnessed in northern Montana.

Of a consignment of 600 cattle, bound from Havre, all but 5 were found frozen stiff. Losses are reported on every hand, and this district will feel the effects of the losses for years.

THIRTY FAMILIES VICTIMS OF FIRE.

Seventy-five Persons Are Made Homeless by Blaze Causing $100,000 Loss in Lake View District.

COSTLY DELAY IN ALARM.

Nearest Engines Are Out and Flames Gain Great Headway Before Distant Companies Can Reach Scene.

Thirty families, numbering over seventy-five persons, were made homeless last night by a fire that raged in Dunning street and Seminary and Lill avenues. Twelve frame residences and flats, covering nearly an entire block, were destroyed before the firemen could check the flames. The total loss is estimated at $100,000.

Chance and the limited number of fire engines in the district allowed the flames to gain great headway almost unopposed. At 8:45 the fire department was called to Diversey and Lincoln avenues to a fire which proved insignificant. A moment later in came a "still alarm" from the fire in Seminary avenue. The nearest engine that could be reached then was No. 22 at Webster and Lincoln avenues, and it was ordered to the scene with a hook and ladder company from North avenue and Larrabee street, over a mile away.

The first firemen on the scene saw they were powerless to check the blaze and at 9:02, seventeen minutes after the fire started, a second alarm was sent in. The apparatus had a considerable distance to go, however, and more valuable time was lost before a sufficient number of engines were ready to fight the fire.

Losses on Buildings Burned.

The damage done by the flames was estimated in part as follows by the owners of the property:

William Egebert, owner of flat buildings at 455 to 465 Seminary avenue, $50,000.

J. H. Knause, owner of the two story houses, 469, 471, and 473 Seminary avenue, $15,000.

Mathew Newman, owner of building at 475 and 477 Seminary avenue, $10,000.

G. M. Stratton, owner of house at 479 Seminary avenue, $5,000.

E. J. Kurtz, owner of broom factory, $5,000.

Adam Pruin, owner of house at 1247 Lill avenue, $3,000.

A. Alexander, two story frame house at 1245 Lill avenue, $3,000.

Mathew Newman, one story brick house at 1243 Lill avenue, $200.

A. Silcox, two story frame house at 1248 Dunning street, $1,000.

Mary Kurns, two story frame house at 1246 Dunning street, $5,000.

Mary Rudd, one story frame cottage at 1238 Dunning street, $500.

Householders Who Suffered Loss.

So far as could be ascertained from the excited fire victims last night the following suffered losses of furniture and clothing varying from $100 to $500:

Henry Evers,	J. H. Knause,
A. J. Fuller,	W. Hallenbright,
H. Egebert,	Clara Schnoebel,
A. Kurs,	Fanny Rushworth,
G. Tompkins,	G. Hollenburg,
Christopher Pfeifer,	C. Ford,
Thomas Walsh,	Patrick Ahern,
Amos, Chase,	G. Stratton,
Oscar Momson,	Frederick Slebt,
William Bowen,	Mathew Newman,
John Slick,	A. Silcox,
Marshall King,	Edward Hogan,
Charles Wagner,	W. Johnson,
Albert McDaniels,	Mary Kurns.
Frank Everart,	H. A. Herrick,
Dr. E. E. Tracy,	Mary Rudd.
Edward J. Getz,	Milton Hene,
Frank May.	A. Alexander,

Starts in Broom Factory.

The fire started in a broom factory at 471 Seminary avenue, owned by E. J. Kurtz. That building was doomed before the first engines arrived. Owing to the inflammable nature of the contents the flames spread rapidly to all parts of the building, which is a one story shed, and burning bunches of the broom corn were carried high in the air, setting fire to three double three story frame flat buildings, 455 to 465 Seminary avenue.

The occupants of these buildings, who were standing at the windows watching the burning broom factory, found their homes aflame over their heads before they were aware of any danger. They had barely time to pick up a few of their household goods and flee to the street before the houses were ruined.

A two story frame house at 1248 Dunning street, occupied on the first floor by Edward Hogan and on the second floor by A. Silcox, caught fire from the factory, and from there the flames spread to two other two story frame dwellings at 1246 and 1238 Dunning street, occupied by Mary A. Kurns, Prof. H. A. Herrick of the North Division High school, and Mrs. Mary Rudd. They were forced to leave their homes, saving little property.

In the meantime the flames had spread to two other frame houses at 469 and 471 Seminary avenue, but not until the tenants had removed most of the furniture and valuables to the street. Pieces of furniture and heaps of bedding littered the sidewalks.

Lill Avenue Buildings Catch.

The fire apparently was under control when a sudden gust carried sparks to a frame flat building at 475 and to two frame houses at 477 and 479 Seminary avenue and to frame houses at 1245 and 1247 Lill avenue. The Mathew Newman bottling works at 1243 Lill avenue also caught fire and the rear of the structure, a one story brick building, was burned.

Considerable excitement was caused when Patrick Ahern, who occupied the first floor at 471 Seminary avenue, was unable to find his 4 months old child. Mrs. Ahern, with her husband, had left the infant sleeping in a room while they went to the back porch to watch the fire. Seeing their home would soon be in danger they ran to find the baby, but it was gone. After a half hour's search the infant was found surrounded by a group of women who had heard it crying, half covered by sofa pillows and clothing belonging to persons driven out of their burning homes.

Woman Invalid Is Rescued.

Mrs. Marshal King, an invalid, living in the first flat at 461 Seminary avenue, was carried from the building by her husband with the assistance of the firemen. Mrs. Anna Chase, occupying the third floor at 459 Seminary avenue, fainted during the excitement and was carried from her home to a house across the street.

People who had carried their goods into the street reported a number of thefts to the police, but the crowd was so great the guilty ones could not be found. Broken dishes and mirrors littered the sidewalks. In the excitement a frenzied man appeared at a window on the third floor of one of the buildings and, amid the cheers of the crowds, hurled several armloads of chinaware to the street.

ONCE-A-DAY MILK DEADLY

HEALTH DEPARTMENT WARNS CONSUMERS OF DANGER.

Sends Letter to Heads of Wagon Drivers' Union Pleading for Some Change in Present Rules in the Interest of Babies' Lives—Hot Days Bring Complaints of Sour Lacteal Fluid and a Marked Increase in Infant Mortality Follows.

Unless immediate changes are effected in the methods of supplying Chicago with milk, the health department asserts that the public health will be seriously menaced and that a tremendous increase in infant mortality during the summer months will follow. The one delivery a day plan now being followed by drivers of milk wagons is held to be a danger. Further, citizens are warned to assure themselves that their milk dealer does not use bottles which are not properly cleansed before filling.

"The dirty milkman," the public is warned, "is more dangerous than the dishonest one."

Two deliveries of milk a day, it is held, are absolutely essential if infant health is to be protected. As it is the milk delivered in the city is thirty-six hours old, on the average, before it reaches the customer. The drivers make only a morning delivery, and thus the supply, already thirty-six hours old, must last for the following twenty-four hours.

Every warm day this spring has brought an increase of the complaints to the department concerning sour milk. The effects already are seen in a rising death rate among infants. At the close of last week it was reported that there had been during that period 184 deaths of children under 5 years of age, as against 138 during the previous week, or an increase of 33 per cent. As compared with the corresponding week of last year the increase was 43.7 per cent.

Urges Union to Relent.

In view of these facts Health Commissioner Reynolds has sent a letter to the heads of the Milk Wagon Drivers' union asking that the problem be given serious consideration. It is believed that the drivers will consent to the old plan of two deliveries if the gravity of the case is presented to them from the humanitarian side.

In addition the commissioner has sent letters to the heads of various philanthropic and charitable organizations asking their influence to this end.

In the Ghetto it is found that milk delivered in the morning absolutely cannot be kept for the succeeding twenty-four hours. Already three riots have occurred in the vicinity of Eighteenth street and Canalport avenue. Mothers have flocked to the depots of milk dealers demanding a fresh afternoon supply. As a result a number of dealers here have started the two delivery system. But their efforts have been blocked by members of the union.

"The problem is the most serious the department has faced in years," said Secretary Pritchard. "It is a matter of life and death. It is practically impossible to keep milk for twenty-four hours in the congested districts, and it is in these districts that the greatest infant mortality results. The people there seldom are able to purchase ice. We believe that the milk drivers will see the dangers of the situation and give the problem serious consideration."

Good Milk Saves Many Lives.

According to the department's statistics, close milk inspection during the last six years has brought a decided improvement in the milk supply of the city. During the previous six years, before stringent methods were enforced, there had been 66,006 deaths of children under 5 years of age in the city. During the six years now closing there have been but 51,046 such deaths. The under 5 years population, according to the federal census, increased 30 per cent between 1890 and 1900. So that, on this basis, instead of 51,046 deaths in the second six year period there would have been, had the earlier death rate continued, 85,083 deaths.

DOG THAT CAUGHT FUGITIVE TO FIGURE IN MURDER CASE.

Trial of John Kniat for Killing Leon Hintz in Pozen Last November Will Have a Novel Feature.

A big, brown mongrel dog, which, the state declares, tracked and captured a murderer as well as a thoroughbred bloodhound could have done, will figure in the murder trial of John Kniat, which was called before Judge McEwen yesterday and continued. In the afternoon Assistant State's Attorney Fake went to Pozen, the scene of the killing, and notified Charles Delinski, the dog's owner, to bring the animal into court.

Kniat is charged with stabbing Leon Hintz, 18 years old, on Nov. 17 last, in spite of Mrs. Hintz's struggles to protect her son. The trouble began with a quarrel in a saloon, and Kniat, seizing a knife, followed Hintz toward his home, at One Hundred and Forty-fourth street and Western avenue.

Mrs. Hintz stepped between the men, and, seizing Kniat by the shoulders, she pushed him back and pleaded with him not to continue the quarrel with her son. The latter stood so close behind his mother that Kniat could touch him with his hand. Reaching over her shoulder, Kniat, as her story goes, seized the young man by the hair and drew his head over his mother's shoulder. Then followed the knife thrust which severed Hintz's jugular vein.

Kniat fled and Mrs. Hintz fell fainting beside her son's body. Delinski had seen the fight, and, securing his dog, started the animal in pursuit of the fleeing man.

RISKS LIFE TO SAVE A WOMAN.

Flagman Sperain of Lake Street Line Carries Mrs. A. W. Wood from Before a Train.

Regardless of his own safety, Charles Sperain, flagman at the Central avenue (Austin) depot of the Lake street elevated railroad, jumped in front of a train yesterday and rescued Mrs. A. W. Wood, 410 North Pine avenue, Austin. He carried her from the track, but too late to escape being struck by the motor car of the train. Both were thrown to the ground beside the track and severely cut and bruised. Less than twenty feet away the woman's husband stood and saw her rescued from death. She had started to cross the tracks and failed to notice an approaching train.

POLICE SEEKING MISSING GIRL.

Myrtle Byrnes, 13 Years Old, Said to Have Desired to Become an Actress.

The police have been asked to find Myrtle Byrnes, 13 years old, 318 Ogden avenue, who has been missing since Friday noon. Miss Byrnes was a pupil at the Marquette school, and Friday afternoon, after eating her lunch at home, left for school, telling her mother that she would be home late, as she intended to visit a girl friend. The girl is a musician and is said to have been ambitious to become an actress.

STRIKES BAR TO $1,000,000 PLANT

Big Allis-Chalmers Improvement Is Abandoned, and the Labor Unrest Blamed for Change in Plans.

EMPLOYERS MUST UNITE.

Restaurant Owners Unite to Meet Employes' Demands; Metal Trades Reach an Agreement with Workers.

Business interests of the city have become alarmed at the constant strikes and labor controversies that have marked the last three months, and are refusing to enlarge their local plants, as many of them planned to do a year ago.

This new condition was brought prominently before Chicago labor leaders yesterday, when it was informally announced that the Allis-Chalmers company had definitely abandoned its proposed $1,000,000 improvement on the Frazer-Chalmers plant at Twelfth street and Washtenaw avenue. Members of the company acknowledge that they had changed their plans, but would not say positively that labor troubles were the sole cause of their action, fearing that such a statement would injure the city.

They expressed themselves as confident that organized labor would ultimately adjust itself to present economic conditions, and declared the desired change would profitably be brought about by the organization of employers. Other business men took the same view during the day, for over 2,000 restaurant keepers banded themselves into an association to meet the demands of their employés, which are to be presented next week.

One Day's Labor Developments.

The other developments of the industrial world yesterday were as follows:

Beer wagon drivers employed by the Anheuser-Busch Brewing association struck for higher wages, causing dismay in over 100 saloons.

Brass workers, buffers and polishers signed an agreement with the Chicago Metal Trades' association that insures peace in that industry for one year.

Vice President Summis of the Blacksmiths' brotherhood will reach the city today to take up the present controversy in that trade.

Officers of the Pinkerton company succeeded in filling the places of their striking watchmen. Some of the strikers returned.

Laborers employed in the sheep house of Armour & Co. went on a strike, tying up that plant.

Peace negotiations between the laundry owners and proprietors were opened by President Schardt of the Chicago Federation of Labor.

Strikers at Lassig plant of American Bridge company asked that men in other plants of same company be called out.

Gasworkers to try again to have discharged men reinstated; if they fail they say they will strike tonight.

Metropolitan "L" employés granted 10 per cent wage increase.

Allis-Chalmers Plans Changed.

Early in the afternoon a committee from the employés of the Allis-Chalmers company visited Supt. Neidemeyer of the Frazer-Chalmers plant to discuss a settlement of the strike there. Out of this meeting came the news of the abandonment of the proposed improvements. The company informed the men that it was anxious to have all the unions file wage and hour demands at once so that it can be assured of an end of the constant labor troubles that have harassed it for over two years. This met with the approval of the men, and another conference soon will be held.

It developed also that the company had decided to enlarge its local plants at a meeting of the directors eight months ago. The scheme provided for the building of new mills at Twelfth street and Washtenaw avenue that were to cost between $900,000 and $1,000,000. Six weeks ago the directors met again and reluctantly dropped their plans.

Among the reasons advanced was the present turmoil in labor circles. The company has been fought by several of the most powerful unions in the country. It has had its agreements broken, its men called on strike for trivial reasons, and has suffered heavy losses as a result.

Will Not Admit Reason.

When asked whether labor troubles were the sole cause of the change in plans, P. W. Gates of the company refused to commit himself.

"I do not think it best to make such a statement," he said.

"Do you believe this present condition will become permanent?" he was asked.

"No; for the business interests of the city will force a change," came the reply. "It is simply a question of when the citizens become alive to the conditions. Now politicians and citizens are making capital out of labor, but they cannot continue to do so.

"Capital is now unorganized and it will have to band together. It is being aroused to the necessity of such action and I look to see a change. When a fire gets started it takes a good department to put it out, and it will take a good organization of employers to stop the present labor fire, but it will be stopped."

Bridge War to Be Renewed.

The unions are to renew war against the American Bridge company. Its Chicago employés profess to hope that the 30,000 workers in the various shops throughout the country may be induced to strike. Ten days ago the inside bridge and structural iron workers in the Lassig division of the company—Fullerton avenue and the Northwestern tracks—struck because of alleged discrimination, and demanded a nine hour day.

Last night the strikers met and ordered their business agent to call out the union employés at the American division of the company, Fortieth street and Princeton avenue. They also ordered him to ask their international president, Frank Buchanan, to call a strike on all the plants of the company.

At present there are 1,100 men out in the Lassig division, and the business agent will ask the 500 employed at the American division to join them before tonight. The company has large mills in Pittsburg and throughout the east.

Gasworkers Discontented.

The gasworkers employed by the People's Gaslight and Coke company met last night at 171 Calhoun place and decided to make one more attempt to get the company to reinstate the men who were dropped during the recent controversy. This attempt will be made by representatives of the Chicago Federation of Labor. If it fails a strike is the next thing on the program.

A committee of the employés met President G. O. Knapp of the company yesterday afternoon. It requested him to reinstate the men. He replied that if they would come to him individually he would give them po-

aitions as soon as possible. The men wanted all of the employés reinstated at once, and were not satisfied with the company's reply.

Peace on "Polly L."

Employés of the Metropolitan Elevated railway company were granted a 10 per cent wage increase yesterday by an arbitration board consisting of Harry Taylor, arbiter; Wallace Heckman, representing the company; and Thomas I. Kidd, representing the men. The decision in part is as follows:

The company must deal with the union through its officers and must not discriminate against its members. The union promises not to forbid its members from working with nonunion men, but it may try to induce them to join.

All employés are to be paid for no less than ten hours' work, which must be completed within thirteen consecutive hours.

There shall be no strikes, sympathetic strikes, or lockouts, and all disputes shall be settled by arbitration if the union and company cannot agree.

Motormen are to get 25, 27½, and 28½ cents an hour, according to rank.

Acting motormen are to get 25 cents an hour after sixty days of service.

Conductors are to get 21 cents an hour.

Regular guards are to get $1.65 a day for nine hours' work, and 18¼ cents an hour for time over this.

Shopmen who have been with the company since Jan. 1 are to get a 10 per cent increase, if they have not received an increase since Jan. 1, 1902. Those who have received one are to be raised to the 10 per cent standard.

Beer Wagon Drivers Strike.

The beer wagon drivers employed by the Anheuser-Busch Brewing association of St. Louis caused dismay in the beer saloons of the city during the day by refusing to make any deliveries until the company grants them the union scale of wages.

Their action deprived over 500 saloons of either barrel or bottle beer, and nondescript wagons of every class were sent out to get supplies. Some of the saloons ran out of draft beer at noon, others of bottle beer in the evening, and none was able to get its customary orders filled.

The drivers have been restive for two weeks. The Milwaukee and Chicago Brewers' association signed the scale a month ago, but the Anheuser-Busch company is not a member of the organization and would not follow suit. Yesterday morning Business Agent Barney Probst informed Manager F. Sontag that he must give in or have a strike, and when Sontag refused to yield deliveries ceased. The men want $80 a month for peddlers, $70 a month for drivers, and $60 for helpers. They will accept no compromise. They have picketed the two stations of the company at Grand Crossing and Canal and Harrison streets and say they will continue the fight until they win.

Labor Agreement Is Signed.

During the day the brassworkers, buffers, polishers, and platers met with Secretary Paul Blatchford of the Chicago Metal Trades association and signed the following agreement:

A nine hour day, except in June, July, and August, when the proposition of a fifty-four hour week shall depend on its indorsement by the workers in a referendum. It will be granted to those shops demanding it.

Those men working since Jan. 1 and getting 25 cents an hour are to be raised 10 per cent, those getting between 25 and 28 cents are to be raised 5 per cent.

Those men who have been employed since Jan. 1 and not later than April who are getting 25 cents an hour are to be raised 5 per cent, while those getting between 25 and 28 cents are to be raised 2½ per cent.

There is to be no discrimination, and all disputes are to be settled by arbitration.

The agreement includes over forty shops and about 600 men.

Secretary Blatchford received word from President John Slocum of the International Brotherhood of Blacksmiths during the day that Vice President Summis of Cleveland had been ordered to report at Chicago to settle the trouble that is tying up over fifty shops and keeping over 500 men out of employment. He will reach the city today.

Restaurant Keepers Band Together.

The Employers' association succeeded in uniting over 2,000 restaurant keepers into an organization yesterday. Previously each section of the city save that in the loop had an independent organization, but now all have joined the Chicago Restaurant Keepers' association. This is formed primarily to meet the demands of the Cooks and Waiters' union for a 20 per cent wage increase.

The employés will file their demands next week and ask that they be granted before the close of the month.

Pinkertons Going to Work.

The "strike" of the Pinkerton watchmen is fading out. Thirty of the fifty strikers went back to work last night and the rest are hoping they will have a chance to return to the fold tonight. The officials of the company took the strike of their men as a joke. The labor leaders of the city refused to become parties to it and, left alone, the watchers tried to conduct their own campaign, which one of them said was "a dismal failure."

An official of the Pinkerton service said: "We have examined the pay rolls and find the wages of the watchmen averaged between $16 and $21 a week."

Many Street Laborers Strike.

Over 1,000 street laborers struck yesterday afternoon and evening on the various street jobs throughout the city. They want a nine hour day, 25 cents an hour, and time and a half for overtime. They have recently organized a union.

The union barbers employed on the south and west sides will put a new hour schedule into effect today. They will appear for work at 7 a. m. and stop at 8 p. m. On Saturday they will quit at 10 p. m. and on Sundays at noon. The firms not willing to concede these demands will suffer from a strike.

OWNERS WORK IN THE SUDS: SAVE LINEN FROM MILDEW.

Laundry Proprietors Go to Relief of Plant Harassed by the Strikers—Possibility of a Settlement.

Linen to the value of $2,000 was saved yesterday in the Square laundry, 532 Fulton street, when five of the leading laundry owners of the city handled the wash which F. H. Hotchkiss, the proprietor, had in soak and which was about to become mildewed. One of the owners served in the boiler room, two others mixed suds in the tubs, while Hotchkiss and two others handled the mangles.

Outside the door a crowd of pickets gathered waiting for an opportunity to peek through the closed blinds and see their employers at work. So anxious were they to get a view that the policemen on guard found it difficult to keep them back.

Those who aided in the work were Roderick Robertson of the West Lake laundry, 3333 State street; Albert Severinghaus of the G. A. R. laundry, 787 Milwaukee avenue; F. H. Hartless of the Austin steam laundry, Fifty-first avenue and Lake street; and P. J. Wightman of 203 Armitage avenue.

During the afternoon there developed a possibility of settlement, the owners calling on President Schardt of the Chicago Federation of Labor and asking him to take up the dispute and attempt to bring about a settlement. They were willing to arbitrate all questions in dispute, they said. The scheme suggested provides for the employment of only union help after Nov. 1.

Later in the day President Schardt held a conference with Business Agent Wilson of the union and it is probable that the owners, the officers of the union, and the executive board of the Chicago Federation of Labor will hold a joint meeting today and arrange for a series of peace conferences.

The Chinese caught the strike fever yesterday and the thirteen men employed by Will Moy, 896 Fifty-first street, were afflicted. They declared that during the last three weeks they have been working from fourteen to nineteen hours a day and have not received a wage increase. They assert that Moy will not give them more than from $9 to $14 a week, and they want at least 25 per cent more. During the day Moy telephoned the Hip Lung company on South Clark street, and it ordered the strikers to return to work. This they did, but not without grumbling.

BOY WHO UPSETS A "MURDER MYSTERY."

L. C. REICHWALD. WILLIAM HARRISON.

Eighteen months ago, when young Harrison disappeared from his parents' home at Breedsville, Mich., the neighbors almost mobbed his father and mother, believing they had murdered him. Now the youth has returned from foreign lands. Mr. Reichwald is a friend of the family, and caused the accompanying photograph to be taken, the purpose being to send it to Breedsville, where Mr. Reichwald is known, to convince the doubting neighbors that young Harrison really is alive. He will return to Michigan soon.

ENJOINS A GAS STRIKE.

DENVER JUDGE ACTS; MEN SAY NONE WAS PLANNED.

Engineers and Firemen at Plant Insist They Were Not Ordered Out—Many Industries in City Resuming Operations with Nonunion Help—John C. Driscoll of Chicago Team Owners' Association Attempts to Settle Local Troubles.

DENVER.—District court judge issues injunction restraining engineers and firemen from striking at gas plant. Men say they did not propose to go out. John C. Driscoll of Chicago attempts to settle general trouble.

ILLINOIS.—Herman Justi, labor commissioner for Illinois Coal Operators' association, says relations with miners were never better.

Denver, Colo., May 19.—Judge Bailey of the District court of Fremont county has issued an order enjoining the engineers and firemen employed by the Denver Gas and Electric Light company from going out on a sympathetic strike.

The order provides that the company is under the jurisdiction of Judge Bailey's court, being in the hands of a receiver. The men affected by the order say they had no intention of going out, for the general labor committee had exempted them from the strike order.

Late this afternoon Judge P. L. Palmer in the District court granted an injunction to the United States Colortype company against the Denver Pressmen's and the Pressmen's Assistants' unions from violating their contract with the company or passing any resolutions ordering out the employés of the company within fifteen days.

Boycotted houses in various lines are resuming business with nonunion forces as rapidly as possible, but labor leaders assert that there are no fewer than 7,000 members of unions still out.

John C. Driscoll, secretary of the board of arbitration and Associated Teaming Interests of Chicago, is here using his influence for the settlement of the strike. This morning he had a conference with members of the teamsters' union, and this afternoon he addressed a meeting of the Citizens' alliance. He met the members of the general executive committee of organized labor tonight. He expresses strong hope of a speedy adjustment of the troubles.

Miners in Illinois at Peace.

Springfield, Ill., May 19.—[Special.]—Herman Justi of Chicago, representing the Illinois Coal Operators' association, is here in consultation with W. D. Ryan, secretary-treasurer of the United Mineworkers of Illinois, and finally settled several points in the mining agreement formulated at the state convention held here last February. The question of shot fires for the mine at Auburn was not brought up and will be settled by the district joint committee. Mr. Justi said that he was well satisfied with the outlook for the remainder of the year, and that relations of operators and miners in the state were never in greater accord than at present.

Women Hatmakers Out.

Wabash, Ind., May 19.—[Special.]—About 100 girls employed in the hat factory of N. Meyer in this city struck to day for an increase in wages. They asked for a 20 per cent increase, which was denied them. The women are trying to enlist the support of organized labor of the city. There are 200 men still at work.

Strike Notices Are Posted.

Charleston, W. Va., May 19.—Notices have been posted at all the mining operations in the New river and Loop creek field declaring a strike among the miners and calling upon all to cease work until the union demands are agreed to by the operators.

U. P. Strike Reported Settled.

Cheyenne, Wyo., May 19.—It was declared today that the Union Pacific strike had been settled and that the strikers have won every point. The report stated that all nonunion men now in the Union Pacific shops will be turned out. The strikers here have been celebrating their supposed victory. Inquiry of Supt. W. L. Park and Master Mechanic Miland tonight brought out the response that they knew of no settlement.

Yale Strike Breakers Only in Fun.

New Haven, Conn., May 19.—[Special.]—President Hadley of Yale today declared the protest against Yale students figuring as strike breakers in the teamsters' strike exaggerated in importance. "A few students have driven trucks for an hour or two only as a piece of thoughtless fun," he said. "I have indicated that what looks like fun to them may be a serious matter to others, and I do not think they are likely to continue the practice."

SCHOOL CHILDREN MAY STRIKE.

Demand Shorter Hours at New Haven and Their Petition Is Refused by Superintendent.

New Haven, Conn., May 19.—[Special.]—The New Haven Schoolboys' union was formed in this city today, and immediately made a demand on Supt. Beede of the public schools for better hours. Thirty boys from the Webster public school joined the union. In their petition to Supt. Beede the boys stated they wished the hours changed so there will be but one session—from 8 a. m. to 1 p. m.—instead of the present schedule of two sessions—from 9 a. m. to 12 m. and from 2 p. m. to 4 p. m. Supt. Beede refused the demands. A meeting has been called for tomorrow to consider the advisability of a strike.

SEEKS TREASURER AND MONEY.

Drivers' Union Wants Relatives of Treasurer Enjoined from Opening a Safety Deposit Box.

The executive board of the Newspaper Delivery and Mail Drivers' Union No. 5 filed a bill yesterday in the Circuit court asking that the Fidelity Safe Deposit Vault company be restrained from allowing the relatives of David F. Williams, who is alleged to have disappeared with $2,000, from opening Williams' deposit box that was rented from the company. A portion of the missing money and the indemnity bond, the officers of the union declare they believe are hidden in the deposit box.

IOWAN OPPOSES REVISION.

JOHN F. LACEY USES LIFE OF HENRY CLAY TO POINT MORAL.

In Speech at Grant Club Banquet at Des Moines the Congressman Tells of the Original Protectionist—Says Every Attempt to Revise Tariff Has Caused Financial Distress—Thinks That of All Measures the Dingley Bill Is the Best.

Des Moines, Ia., May 19.—[Special.]—At the banquet of the Grant club here tonight Congressman John F. Lacey delivered an address on Henry Clay, in which he characterized Clay as the original protectionist and coupled his name with that of Lincoln, McKinley, and Roosevelt. He used Clay's career to demonstrate the necessity for protective tariff.

Mr. Lacey's address was an extended one, and he reviewed the career of Henry Clay in considerable detail.

"It was during a debate on the proposal to forbid the citation of any English law in an American court," said Mr. Lacey, "that Mr. Clay sounded the keynote of protection, by a resolution that the members of the legislature should wear only American clothing, and he wore with pardonable ostentation garments of purely domestic manufacture. He was proud of his Kentucky jeans. This question led to a personal assault by Humphrey Marshall, and a duel in which they were both wounded.

"And so it happened that Clay shed his first blood for protection, a cause which he always fondly denominated the 'American system.' He regarded a clothing schedule as sufficiently sacred in those days to be willing to die for it."

Early Conditions Repeated.

Continuing, Mr. Lacey said: "The revenue tariff, prior to 1824, was the Wilson law of that day. The tariff of 1824 corresponded to the Dingley act of the present time. Mr. Clay said:

"'If I were to select any term of seven years which exhibited a scene of the most widespread dismay and desolation, it would be exactly that term of seven years immediately preceding the tariff act of 1824.'

"Then he said by contrast: 'If the term of seven years were to be selected of the greatest prosperity which this people have enjoyed since the establishment of their present constitution, it would be exactly that period of seven years which immediately followed the passage of the tariff of 1824."

Revision Always Disturbing.

Coming down to present day tariff issues, Congressman Lacey said:

"In my public life I have seen four revisions, or attempted revisions, of the tariff. The Mills, McKinley, Wilson, and Dingley bills have all in turn occupied the attention of the country, and everybody knows the depression that attends a tariff agitation and general revision.

"In 1896, after having gone through so much tariff agitation, the party at St. Louis demanded the repeal of the Wilson law, and then used this instructive language: 'We are not pledged to any particular schedule. The question of rates is a practical question, to be governed by the conditions of the time and of production; the ruling and uncompromising principle is the protection and development of American labor and industry. The country demands a right settlement and then it wants rest.'

"It has had a settlement and since then has had work for the laborer and rest from tariff agitation.

"There are some who are willing to try the experiment of depriving the country of this rest even at the risk of giving abundant leisure once more to our workingmen.

"The result is the same whether protection is removed by friends or enemies.

"No doubt there are schedules in the Dingley act that are imperfect. So there have been in all tariff laws. So there will be in the next one. In time every tariff must be revised and changed.

Dingley Law Is the Best.

"Measured by this fairest of all tests, the worst tariff act ever placed upon our statute books was the Wilson law, and, judged by the same just standard, no law has ever brought us as good results as the Dingley act.

"Reciprocity has for many years been a cardinal principle of republican faith. I believe republicans universally favor reciprocity, as heretofore announced in our platform, but by this they do not mean giving much for little or something for nothing.

"I believe that no better declaration of our party principles can be drawn than that so clearly stated by President Theodore Roosevelt. What is best for the United States is best for the republican party."

CLEVELAND TRACTION MERGER.

Consolidated Company Will Have Capital of $23,500,000 and Issue Universal Transfers.

Cleveland, O., May 19.—An agreement was reached today at a conference between President M. A. Hanna of the Cleveland City railway company and President Horace Andrews of the Cleveland Electric railway company which will result in the amalgamation of their interests and the placing of every street car line under one management.

While the name of the new company has not been selected, it is understood that it will have a capitalization of not less than $23,500,000. Senator Hanna will, it is said, be the chairman of the board of directors, while Horace E. Andrews will be named as president.

The consolidated company will issue universal transfers, it is said, but there will probably be no reduction in fare, as originally proposed by the promoters of the big deal. The latter desired to sell seven tickets for 25 cents instead of eleven for 50 cents, the present rate, in order to discourage the construction of a system of 3 cent fare lines, which Mayor Johnson is credited with being largely interested in.

Quarrel Over Religious Printing.

J. B. Perry secured an injunction in Judge Tuley's court yesterday restraining Henry L. Lawrence, head of the Christian Zionists' mission, from molesting his printing office at 478 State street. Attorney T. J. Symmes, representing Perry, told the court that Lawrence had threatened to have Perry thrown out of the printing office, where circulars relating to the work of the Christian Zionists' mission are printed.

BOY COMES BACK; CLEARS MYSTERY.

Parents Had Been Suspected of Murdering Young William Harrison.

THREATS FROM A MOB.

While Youth Was Wandering Father and Mother Faced Accusers in Michigan.

The great "murder mystery" of Breedsville, Mich., which has kept the villagers and farmers agog for more than eighteen months, and resulted in the "moral conviction" and practical ostracism of Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Harrison, has been solved.

Within a few days William Harrison, the supposed victim, will return home to confront the accusers and persecutors of his parents. Young Harrison is now in Chicago, and has informed his parents of his whereabouts.

Since his disappearance from home the youth has roved about the earth, seeking adventure, unwitting of the trouble into which his unexplained absence plunged his parents. During that time also the Breedsville farmer knew nothing of the whereabouts of the boy, and could make no satisfactory answer to his neighbors when they demanded an account of his son.

Boy Leaves, Then a Storm.

Young Harrison left home in November, 1901, but it was not until the following May that the excitement over his absence reached its height. The Harrison family had but recently moved to Breedsville from Chicago and Mr. Harrison did not make acquaintances readily among his neighbors. He was an invalid and his reticence and ill nature at times had not inspired confidence in him.

Thus it was that the community was ready to believe all that rumor had to say of the disappearance of the boy, and the wave of popular feeling finally compelled Deputy Sheriff Britton of Van Buren county to visit the farm, armed with a warrant for Harrison's arrest.

The deputy sheriff could not find sufficient evidence to warrant him in serving the warrant and the farmers and villagers arose in protest. Events reached a crisis about the middle of May a year ago, when only the appearance in Breedsville of Edward C. Reichwald, a Chicago commission merchant, saved the Harrisons from mob violence.

When Reichwald, who had known Harrison in Chicago, reached Breedsville, he found the place in a turmoil. On the street the villagers and farmers had gathered in groups, talking of the prolonged and unexplained absence of the boy. Some were provided with spades with which to dig up the ground of the Harrison farm in quest of the body, which, rumor had it, was concealed there.

Story of Strange Cries.

The declaration of a woman that on the night of the boy's disappearance she had heard cries of distress from the Harrison home helped fire the indignation of the people, and a leader only was needed to bring the mob down on the farmer. Reichwald knew many of the more influential men of the village and of the farming district, and informed them that Harrison was to be trusted. All that day and night he went among the farmers and townspeople pleading with them to be just, and so quieted the mob spirit.

Before Reichwald left the place at the end of a week the Harrisons were out of danger of violence, but among the farmers the feeling still remained that there was much to be explained in the absence of the boy.

The neighbors thereafter held aloof from the Harrisons, and the farmer found it impossible to sell his produce in Breedsville, and was compelled to seek a market in Bangor, several miles away, or in South Haven, seven miles distant.

Mother Tells of Woes.

In a letter just received by young Harrison from his mother the story of their trials is told.

"Sheriff Britton came to our home with a warrant in his pocket for your father's arrest," she wrote, "but he could find nothing. After awhile the clamor died down, but everywhere we went we knew that they looked down upon us. When I got your first letter I showed it to some neighbor women, and they all said it was a nice letter. Afterward people claimed that the letter was made up by Mr. Reichwald.

"I will be so happy when you get home, and we can show them all that they were mistaken."

Boy Visits Other Lands.

While his parents were thus struggling against unreasoning prejudice the boy was making his way about the world. After leaving home because of a quarrel with his father he came to Chicago. Remaining here a short time, he stole a ride on a freight train to New Orleans, and then went into Texas.

Returning to New Orleans, he shipped for Cape Town and enlisted in the British army there. Later he returned to New Orleans and reshipped for south Africa.

On this voyage out he broke his ankle, and remained on the ship without the attendance of a surgeon until the vessel, after touching at the Cape, went north along the west shore to the Cape Verde islands and thence to Quebec.

In Quebec he remained in a hospital for several months, and finally made his way back to Chicago last October. He found employment with the Chicago Typesetting company, and it was not until a month ago that he wrote home, and then the authenticity of his letter was doubted.

Pictures Taken as Proof.

Other letters followed between the boy and his mother, and Mr. Reichwald also wrote a number of letters to friends in Breedsville assuring them of the genuineness of the boy's letters. Later he had a photograph taken of himself and the boy, and copies of the photographs have been sent to Breedsville.

"It's awful to think of the trouble my parents have been through," said young Harrison yesterday. "Suppose I had been killed while away. They could never have proved that the suspicions against my parents were false."

Young Harrison is now 18 years old and has no taste for life on a fruit farm. "Father was sick and of course cranky at times, and I was hotheaded and we quarreled," he said.

Before removing to the Michigan farm the Harrisons lived at Madison and Robey streets, where Harrison had a tailor shop. There they knew Reichwald, whose friendship stood them in such good stead.

PRIMARY LAW UP TO PEOPLE.

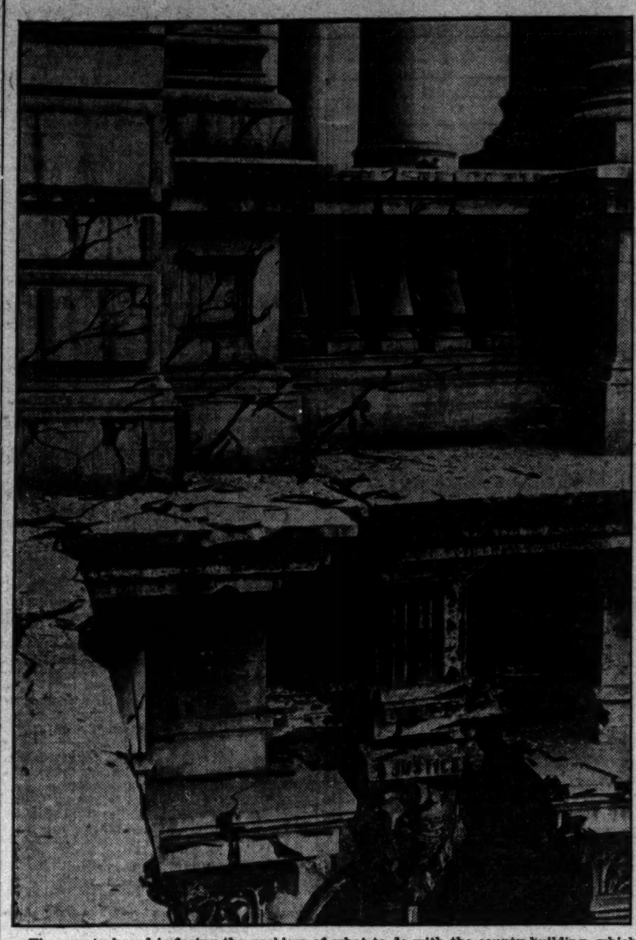
Wisconsin Senate Approves Measure and the Voters Will Have Chance to Adopt It.

Madison, Wis., May 19.—The senate this evening concurred in the primary election measure as passed by the assembly, referring the whole matter to a vote of the people, who will decide as to the merits of the bill at general election next year. The new law applies to city and county officers and to eight state officers, including governor and the members of both houses of the legislature. Congressmen are to be nominated by the old method, and a convention will be held for the framing of the state platform. The referendum plan applies to all except county and city offices.

Girl Blows Out Gas and Dies.

In America only a short time, and in Chicago one day, Sarah Hanson retired to her room at 231 West Huron street Monday night and blew out the gas. Yesterday the young woman was found unconscious. Doctors were summoned, but before they arrived the young woman died. Miss Hanson, who was 21 years old, arrived in Chicago with her brother on Monday and went to live with friends in West Huron street.

CRUMBLING COUNTY BUILDING A DANGER.



The county board is facing the problem of what to do with the county building, which is disintegrating, to the danger of pedestrians using the sidewalks which flank the structure. As already detailed in THE TRIBUNE, examination by an expert has shown that there are fifteen serious danger points about the building where masses of granite are likely to detach themselves at any moment and drop to the sidewalks.

Only a few days ago Public Service Superintendent McLaren detected a block of stone weighing 300 pounds about to fall from a point just above the Washington street entrance. Masons were called and the granite chunk removed. Examination has shown that the cornice about the second story is all in bad condition and that portions are likely to fall at any moment.

The Randolph street corner was patched two years ago after a chunk of stone weighing 500 pounds fell into the street. It is figured that the patching now required will cost $1,500.

CHARGE FIRES TO PLOT.

BLAZES AT BATTLE CREEK, MICH., LAID TO INCENDIARY.

Many Large Buildings Owned by Seventh Day Adventists Are Burned in a Short Time—Two Persons Killed—Members of Sect See Omen and Plan to Go — Coroner's Jury Begins Inquiry—If Owners Do Not Move, Authorities Will.

	Loss.
Milwaukee	$125,000
Glenshaw, Pa.	100,000
St. Johns, N. F.	50,000
Bay City, Mich.	100,000
Kenton, O.	100,000
Pittsburg	100,000

Battle Creek, Mich., May 19.—[Special.]—It is believed that the scourge of fire that has been destroying one big building after another owned by the local Seventh Day Adventists, representing over $1,000,000 worth of damage, has been the work of incendiaries, and possibly religious fanatics.

Within a short time fire has destroyed the following Adventist institutions in Battle Creek: A large sanitarium, the largest printing house in Michigan, a six story brick hospital, two health food factories, one large laundry, the original sanitarium cottages, the power plant for the orphans' home, and the barns of the sanitarium. Two lives have been lost.

It has been known that the health food factory was set on fire and officials say they know who fired the Review and Herald printing plant. There is not the shadow of a doubt that the destruction of the sanitarium barns yesterday was planned. This morning firemen found the remains of J. B. Paul of Hume, Kas., in the ruins. Paul was a patient, but had gone to spend the night with the caretaker. He was 66 years of age and well to do.

A coroner's jury was chosen, and it is thought they will recommend a warrant for manslaughter.

Officials, who think they know who started the fire, claim he is not identical with the Review and Herald firebug, who is not in the city now, and outsiders believe the effort to destroy Adventist property is an organized one. If the Adventists will not push an investigation on the ground that the fires are the will of God, the civil authorities will undoubtedly do so.

Prophetess White declares these fires are a sign that the Adventists shall leave Battle Creek, the city in which she founded the sect. The Adventist college and printing business have already been removed.

Big Blaze in Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 19.—Fire today destroyed Jacobs' cooper shop, the plants of the Milwaukee Commutator company, the Milwaukee automobile works, and the Milwaukee Brass company. The Marine hotel was badly scorched. The plants were located near Nineteenth and Canal streets. Fifteen families were compelled to desert their homes on account of the intense heat of the flames. The total loss is estimated at about $125,000.

Loss of $100,000 Sustained.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 19.—Fire today at Glenshaw destroyed the Glenshaw glass plant, the plant of the Wittmer Brick company, the Jackson and Murray hotels, and the residence of John H. Meyers. The loss is estimated at $100,000.

Mining Town Devastated.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., May 19.—Fire has devastated the mining town of Little Bay, where a large copper mine is being worked. Three churches, the mining company's stores, the government buildings, and forty dwellings were destroyed. The total loss is estimated at $50,000. Two hundred and fifty persons are homeless.

Toy Plant Is Destroyed.

Kenton, O., May 19.—The plant of the Kenton Toy Manufacturing company was burned today. The loss is $100,000. Incendiarism is suspected.

Masonic Temple Burns.

Bay City, Mich., May 19.—[Special.]—The Masonic temple burned tonight. Loss, $100,000; insurance, $40,000.

CLEW IN THE DYNAMITE PLOT.

New York and Washington Police Silent on Discovery Regarding Infernal Machine Case.

New York, May 19.—[Special.]—There was a development of importance as a result of the recent investigation by New York detectives in Washington on that end of the Cunard pier dynamite case. The Washington police absolutely refuse to talk about it, while admitting there is "a big thing under cover." Inspector McClusky said tonight that there was not going to be any more police talking about the case; there had been too much already.

GERMS ON DOGS AND CATS

SCHOOL AUTHORITIES WARN CHILDREN AGAINST THEM.

Notices Posted Today Will Call Attention to the Increase of Hydrophobia and the Danger of Diphtheria or Scarlet Fever Contagion—Miss Anna H. Schneider, Who Preferred Seven Charges Against Miss Blanks, Herself to Be Tried.

Small boys must "let sleeping dogs lie"; they mustn't even be friendly with wide awake and shy looking canines. Little girls must curb their sympathies and not fondle stray cats. These instructions were sent out from the board of education rooms yesterday when Superintendent of Compulsory Education Lester W. Bodine ordered "warnings" against the danger posted in all the schools.

The order of Supt. Bodine against the dogs was the result of resolutions drawn up by Trustee Wladyslaw A. Kuflewski and passed by the school board calling the attention of parents to the prevalence of hydrophobia, and ordering that all children be warned against petting stray dogs. Supt. Bodine and Commissioner of Health Reynolds decided that the canines should not be discriminated against in favor of felines, and as a result the cats are mentioned.

Following Lake Forest Example.

Supt. Bodine is following the example of the Lake Forest health department in including cats in the order. Following is the notice that will be posted in all schools today:

WARNING TO CHILDREN.

There Is Danger in Petting Stray Dogs.

Hydrophobia is increasing throughout the city and many of the dogs running at large are affected with it. Dogs and cats frequently come from rooms where scarlet fever, diphtheria, and other contagious diseases exist, and can transmit germs to children who fondle them.

Accusing Teacher to Be Tried.

Miss Anna H. Schneider, the teacher who preferred seven charges against Miss Ellen K. Blanks, head assistant at the Holden school, will herself be tried by the school management committee. This announcement was made at the board rooms. It was declared that Miss Blanks was ready to prefer counter charges. Among these will be the charge that Miss Schneider neglects her work to write voluminous letters to the officials complaining that she is being persecuted by those above her.

LAWYER ATTACKED: SHOOTS 2.

When Set Upon in His Office by Divorcee's Husband and Friend He Kills One and Wounds Other.

Sonora, Cal., May 19.—As the result of an attack made on J. G. Webster, an attorney, Frank Price is dead, with a bullet wound through his heart, and J. M. Watkins, a saloonkeeper, has a serious bullet wound in his head. The fight took place in the attorney's office tonight and grew out of the fact that Webster recently secured a divorce for Watkins' wife. Watkins found the attorney alone in his office. A moment later Price, a friend of Watkins, also entered and closed the door behind him. A struggle ensued and several shots were fired. The attorney emerged from the building with a battered and swollen head and a smoking pistol in his hand. He surrendered to the sheriff. Both he and Watkins will recover.

TWO HURT IN AUTO ACCIDENT.

Boston City Department Horse Is Frightened by Rapidly Moving Machine and Runs Away.

Boston, Mass., May 19.—[Special.]—An automobile dashing along Columbus avenue today was the cause of a serious accident, and as a result Daniel Crowley, aged 38, and Michael Feeley, aged 60, are at the City hospital dangerously injured. Crowley and Feeley were riding in a city department wagon, when the automobile swept past. It frightened the horse and before the driver could gain control the animal was running away. The occupants of the automobile are not known, but the police are trying to find them.

Deficit for This Trolley Line.

A deficit in the operation account of the Chicago Electric Traction company is shown in a report of the business for the quarter ended on March 31, filed in the federal court yesterday by Receiver Charles Henrotin. It is said that a deficit was to have been expected for these three months, as the road does a profitable business only in warm weather.

PLEAD FOR NEW SCHOOL HOUSES.

Seven Large Delegations Call on Sites Committee of the Board.

MAKE MANY COMPLAINTS.

Declare Present Quarters Out of Date, Insanitary, and Dangerous.

Aldermen and other officials headed seven large delegations of citizens last evening in a call on the sites committee of the board of education for new schoolhouses.

They complained that the schools to which they are now compelled to send their children are overcrowded, the buildings antiquated and poorly ventilated, and in some cases insanitary and a long distance from the center of population.

The committee listened to the complaints for two hours before it was able to transact any other business. Residents who desire new schools must wait upon this committee within the next few days if they hope to have new buildings within the next year.

All the available seats in the large committee room were filled and many persons were compelled to stand.

Cragin People Win Their Point.

"If we can't carry good news back to the women in Cragin it won't be safe for us to go home," was the plea that won a school for Cragin.

It was made by Charles McFarland, a citizen with a wife and children, who headed the delegation that came from Cragin to ask the board to give the town a school.

The only schools accessible to the children of Cragin are the Hanson Park and the Armitage avenue branches of the William Penn Nixon school. These schools were described variously by the members of the delegation as "fire traps" and "disease breeders."

"The school at Hanson Park," declared Mr. McFarland, "is a fire trap, a cheaply constructed frame building which would burn like tinder. The children of Cragin have to walk a mile and a half to reach the building. The Armitage avenue branch of the Nixon school is as bad. In winter the children have to wear hip boots to get to this school, in the spring boats are needed."

Adolph Gerstenberg, another member of the committee of twenty from Cragin, declared that the epidemic of diphtheria that swept over the town last winter was due to the insanitary condition of the Hanson Park school.

Other Delegations Heard.

The Andersonville school at East Foster avenue and North Clark street also came in for condemnation when Ald. Blake said: "That school is nothing but a box made of brick. There is no pretense of ventilation. The conditions at the school are insanitary, horrible."

Judge Charles S. Cutting headed a delegation from Austin to ask for a new school to displace the present Ohio Street school. He described the present frame school building as a contemporary of the Chicago fire.

City Attorney Smulski and others asked that a new school be erected on the site of the Washington school, Morgan and Erie streets.

Ald. Beale of the Thirty-third ward was the spokesman of a number of residents, who urged a twelve room addition to the George W. Curtis school, One Hundred and Fourteenth place and State street.

Ald. Ruxton and Woodard of the Thirty-fourth ward were accompanied by thirty residents of Avers avenue, who desired that the new school which the board intends to erect in Eighteenth street be moved to Ridgeway avenue and Eighteenth street.

GAVEL RULER A TYRANT AND BUTCHER, SAYS SHERMAN.

Member of Legislature Talks to St. Peter's Men's Club and Scores Speaker's Course at Recent Session.

"When a man uses the gavel to oppose the will of the majority and to obstruct needful legislation, he is a tyrant and a butcher," said Lawrence Y. Sherman last night, at the third annual dinner of the Men's club of St. Peter's church at Belmont and Evanston avenues.

"Gavel rule in its most obnoxious sense met with some opposition at the legislative session that has just closed at Springfield," continued the speaker.

"There are two kinds of gavel rule—a use and an abuse of the emblem of power. Whenever it is used to prevent the needless waste of time, to prevent the obstruction of needful legislation upon which the majority of a deliberative body has spoken again and again, its legitimacy cannot be questioned. When it is used in an assembly of 153 men to suppress the will of the majority and to bolster up minority rule in the interest of party organization the man who so uses it is a tyrant and a butcher."

Mr. Sherman indorsed the Legislative Voters' league and said that the civil service bill introduced during the recent session was the only one worthy of the name that had ever come up in the state.

Other speakers were the Rev. Thomas E. Green of Cedar Rapids, Ia., and Bishop John Haven White of Indiana.

Election Contest in Evanston.

A recount of the ballots in the Second ward of Evanston was ordered by the city council last night, on the petition of C. N. Howe, who was defeated for alderman on the face of the returns by N. P. Williams. The latter's name appeared on the ballot under the republican caption, although Williams, like all the other aldermanic candidates, was nominated by petition. Mr. Howe contends that all the votes counted for Mr. Williams as a republican nominee should be thrown out.

For Debilitated Men, Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

It ranks among the best of nerve tonics for debilitated men and women. Renews the vitality.

EARS LIKE THESE MADE PERFECT.

Large, outstanding or lopped ears give to the whole countenance a wild, uncultured appearance and destroy whatever attraction one might otherwise possess. With my scientific painless operations I remodel, set gracefully to the head and make them harmonize with the other features.

My experience of thirty years is of great value to you, and I will be very glad to give you any information you desire. Hours, 9 to 6. Call or write personally to

JOHN H. WOODBURY D. L.
163 STATE STREET, CHICAGO.

SHOOTING RINGS KNELL OF LEVEE.

Police Aroused by the Wounding of Sergt. Miller and Other Crimes.

SALOONS MUST OBEY LAW.

Inspector Lavin Issues Edict, but First Night's Results Are Not Evident.

The shooting of Police Sergeant Phil Miller and the holdup of Ald. Peter A. Wendling of the Twenty-ninth ward, at 3 o'clock yesterday morning, gave a blow to the extension of the levee on Wabash avenue. Action, resulting from the double crime, was taken last night by Police Inspector Lavin and Capt. P. D. O'Brien of the Twenty-second street station. Hereafter no saloons will be allowed to keep open after midnight, and the district which has been notorious will assume a cleaner aspect.

"The disreputable characters have got to go," was Inspector Lavin's edict.

The talk of the police was strenuous, but results are yet awaited. At 1 o'clock this morning women were drinking in Wing's, Canan's, Smith's Utopia, Dineen's, Jacob Adler's, and other resorts of that character. Music was discontinued at midnight.

To Close Canan's Place."

Capt. O'Brien began his crusade against the district by recommending the revocation of the saloon license of Joseph Canan, 2128 State street. Stephen Kelleher, who has been partly identified by Sergt. Miller as one of his assailants, was arrested yesterday at 5:30 in the morning in Canan's "place." Two other arrests followed during the day.

When Canan was taken to the station Capt. O'Brien said:

"Canan, I understand that your saloon has long been a resort of thieves, desperadoes, and bad women. Is that a fact?"

"If my place is a resort for thieves and thugs, as you say," replied Canan, evasively, "I think you should be pleased to feel that you always have a place where you can round them up. If you tell the truth, you can always get the men you are looking for in my house."

It was then Capt. O'Brien said he would recommend that the license be revoked. Canan only laughed.

Capt. O'Brien later advised Chief O'Neill of the state of affairs, and today, it is expected, there will be official action taken by Mayor Harrison.

Protest to Mayor Harrison.

Earlier in the day, before Inspector Lavin began his warfare against the levee, Mayor Harrison received a committee which called to file another protest against conditions in the south side district. The members of this committee—L. J. Behan, Dr. H. L. Merriman, the Rev. Johnston Myers, and L. P. Torbett—have been carrying on a crusade for some time.

The mayor expressed surprise when informed that the saloons did not close at midnight. Said he:

"The police were instructed ten days ago to strictly enforce that ordinance. I am informed that the saloons are closed at 12 o'clock. I'd like Chief O'Neill to hear your complaints."

"We intend to see Chief O'Neill," said Mr. Behan, "but wish you to revoke the licenses of *all* saloons that evade the law."

"If I revoked the license of every saloon that didn't close promptly at midnight I would be kept pretty busy," returned the mayor.

"But we want the disreputable characters cleaned from the street," continued the spokesman of the committee.

"It's a hard thing to suppress them. If they are not there, they will be somewhere else," was Mr. Harrison's answer.

"We intend to collect evidence against the keepers of the all night saloons," said Mr. Behan, at the close of the interview, "and present it to the police. If we can secure conviction of the saloonkeepers we can compel the revocation of their licenses by mandamus proceedings."

Suspects Under Arrest.

Resulting from the "drag net," which was thrown about the levee district after the shooting of Sergeant Miller, the police succeeded in rounding up the three prisoners. Kelleher, who has a desperate police record, was first to be arrested.

The men who robbed Ald. Wendling and later shot Sergeant Miller are believed also to have held up Michael Larner in his saloon at 443 Root street, and a short time later to have mortally wounded Patrick Barrett, another saloonkeeper, at 4216 Wallace street. Barrett, who was shot while defending his money, died early yesterday morning.

At the Desplaines street station there is a man locked up with whom Lieut. Cronin was closeted for several hours last night. He gave his name as Pat Collins and answers in every detail the description of a man who is wanted for the shooting of Sergeant Miller. He has long been known as a "pal" of Kelleher's.

Saloonkeeper Gives Testimony.

There also was arrested another man who is known to the police to have been associated with Kelleher on the night of the shooting and robbery. The police refuse to divulge his name, although they state that Saloonkeeper Bruder of Bennett & Bruder, 2020 Dearborn street, recognized his photograph as one of the trio.

Bruder refused to talk until the police showed him a request to Chief O'Neill that his saloon license be revoked, and then he consented to tell all he knew. The suspects now under arrest had visited his resort earlier in the night, he said, and he was convinced that they were bent on robbery.

All Known as "Bad" Men.

Kelleher is wanted for breaking his parole at the Pontiac reformatory, to which place he was sentenced some time ago on a charge of robbery. The other men are also ex-convicts and are said to be three of the most desperate offenders with whom the police have dealt in the last few years.

Last night Paul Rust, employed as a waiter at Smith's Utopia, 2116 State street, called at the police station and told Capt. O'Brien the following story:

"Shortly after the shooting of Miller a man entered our restaurant. His hands were bleeding and so was his face. He appeared as though he had been badly shot. He asked me if 'Steve' Kelleher had been in and I said no. In a few minutes Kelleher entered by the rear door and the two stood in the hallway with drawn guns in their hands, watching to see if any policemen were in sight. Seeing none, they ran from the restaurant."

Rust was taken to the cell in which Kelleher was locked up and identified him.

Story of the Shooting.

Ald. Wendling was standing at State and Twenty-first street when the robbers approached him. Asking for a match, one of the men stepped forward and, before the alderman suspected his intentions, he had been struck with a "billy," the blow felling him. Searching his pockets, the robbers then deprived him of $50 in cash and jewelry valued at $450.

When Ald. Wendling recovered sufficiently to be able to pick himself up he telephoned to the police, and Sergeant Miller and Detectives Coughlin and Swiegert responded. In front of Bruder's saloon were three young men, who were pointed out by Wendling as his assailants.

Miller stepped forward to arrest them and the shooting began. The two detectives, it is said, took refuge in an alley, while Miller began to fight it out alone.

This he did, and bravely, till a bullet from one of the robbers' revolvers struck him in the chest, when the robbers fled. Some reports are that there were five of the robbers, but up to a late hour the police had been able to account for only three. Other suspicious characters will be arrested, however.

Sergeant Miller is at Mercy hospital, where it is said that his condition is not serious.

DRUGGED; $1,165 TAKEN.

GEORGE SMITH REPORTS LOSS TO LAKE STREET POLICE.

Madison Buffet Raided as a Result and Seven Persons Arrested, All of Whom Deny Guilt—Saloon Guarded and Safe Will Be Opened Today with Dynamite if Necessary in Effort to Find Missing Money and Jewelry—Girl's Purse Snatched.

Drugged and robbed of $1,165, a watch, and a diamond pin was the complaint made to the police last night by George C. Smith, 141 Warren avenue, recently of Greensboro, N. C.

Smith was found lying in a stupor on the steps of the Second Baptist church by Policeman McCarthy, who aroused the man with some difficulty. Smith was then taken to his room and a physician summoned. Later he fully recovered and went to the Lake street police station and reported the robbery.

He said he went to the Madison Buffet, 524 West Madison street, kept by John Dammers, late Monday night. After taking a few drinks with three women he became drowsy, but has a dim recollection of his pockets being searched. He then lost consciousness and did not regain it till Policeman McCarthy awakened him at 3 o'clock in the morning.

Police Raid the Saloon.

Following Smith's complaint, a raid was made on the resort. One man, John Meade, attempted to escape by jumping from a second story window in the rear. He was arrested later, however.

Others arrested were: Dammers and his wife, May Brown, May Thornton, John Teele, James Courtney, Frank Bowan, and Harry Evans. All deny connection with the robbery.

The police say that in searching Dammers they found two gold coins which Smith identified as pocket pieces. The remainder of Smith's valuables were not found. The police demanded that Dammers open the safe in his saloon, but he said he could not open it. An expert safe opener was then employed, but he was unable to find the combination. The saloon was closed and is guarded. The safe will be opened today by dynamite, if necessary.

Purse Seized and Recovered.

A crowd of excited citizens pursued a young man who it is alleged seized the pocketbook of Miss Susie Garrett, a stenographer in the Ashland block, last evening. He was captured after a short chase and given into the custody of a policeman. At the East Chicago avenue police station he gave the name of Marcus Evans, admitted taking the purse, and gave it to the police. Miss Garrett was returning home and was at Oak and State streets when the purse, containing $38, was seized.

IDENTIFIED BY TATTOO MARK.

Victim of Plymouth Place Murder Said to Be Joseph Selma of Waukegan.

A heart, pierced with three arrows, tattoed on his hand, last evening served to identify the victim of the murder Monday night in the rear of Vitto Leglis' saloon, 208 Plymouth place. The dead man was Joseph Selma, a sailor of Waukegan, according to Charles Johnson, 20 East Van Buren street. No trace of the murderer has been found, but the police are looking for Harry Mason; a frequenter of State street saloons.

At Fifteenth and State streets yesterday afternoon one of a group of five men drew a revolver and began firing at Paul Schiller, 2630 Throop street, who was standing alone a few feet away. The fifth shot fired struck Schiller behind the left ear, inflicting a slight wound. Then all the men fled. Schiller says he does not know why he was attacked.

Stanley Wesley, alleged murderer of Catherine Perry, refused to testify at the coroner's inquest yesterday afternoon and the jury held him to the Criminal court without bail.

BOY WOULD PREFER DEATH TO LIFE AT PONTIAC.

William Collins Writes Note Complaining of Evil Associates There and Tries to Commit Suicide.

After writing a note saying "there are nothing but thieves at Pontiac and I would only be made worse to go there," William Collins tried to commit suicide in his cell in the South Chicago police station.

The note was delivered to the desk sergeant instead of the boy's mother, and an antidote was administered, which counteracted any effects of some match heads he had swallowed.

Collins, who is 17 years old and lives at 341 Ninety-eighth street, is said to have broken open the safe in John Peterson's store, Ninety-eighth street and Commercial avenue, a week ago. Three years ago, on a charge of theft, he was sent to Pontiac, where he remained for more than a year, and he did not want to go back there.

After writing the note to his mother saying he would rather die than go back, he gave it to a tramp cellmate, who was to be released. The tramp handed it to the desk sergeant.

MEET TO ELECT NEW BISHOP.

Representatives of Thirty-five Parishes in Quincy Episcopal Diocese Are in Session at Galesburg.

Galesburg, Ill., May 19.—[Special.]—The annual convention of the Episcopal diocese of Quincy opened today with a large representation from the thirty-five parishes. In the convention sermon the Rev. F. S. Penfold of Quincy advocated strongly that the convention vote to change the name from the Protestant Episcopal to the American Catholic church.

The memorial sermon on the late Bishop Taylor was preached by the Rev. W. H. Moore of Quincy. In the business session the Rev. C. W. Leffingwell of Knoxville was elected president of the convention.

A warm discussion, in which some personalities were used, arose over a motion to allow the Rev. Sidney Jefforde of Peoria the full privileges of the diocese. The president thought the matter should be referred to the committee on privileges, and thither it went after a heated discussion. The bishop will be elected tomorrow morning, and the sentiment indicates the election of Dr. Fawcett of Englewood.

MINISTERS TO GIVE CONCERTS.

Kenosha Pastors Plan War on Sunday Saloons and Baseball with Free Music as Attracton.

Kenosha, Wis., May 19.—[Special.]—The ministers of Kenosha, through the medium of the Ministerial association, may enter into competition with the Sunday saloon and baseball game in the fight for the attendance of the amusement loving people Sunday afternoons. After appealing to the officials in vain it is now proposed to have a free band concert every Sunday afternoon under the auspices of the association. It is hoped in a short time the baseball park and Sunday saloon will be deserted.

Graduate from Seminary Tonight.

The commencement exercises of the Western Theological seminary will be held this evening at the Cathedral of SS. Peter and Paul, Peoria and Washington streets, at 8 o'clock. Bishop Anderson will confer the diplomas on those who have completed the full term of the college course and will give a brief address. The graduates are Bernard M. Atcheson, Granville S. Sherwood, James Madison Johnson, and Francis W. Wheeler.

Traction Line Shows a Deficit.

A deficit in the operation account of the Chicago Electric Traction company is shown in a report of the business for the quarter ended March 31, filed in the federal court yesterday by Receiver Charles Hamrotin. It is said that a deficit was expected, as the road does a profitable business only in warm weather. Receipts for the three months were $22,500, and deficit $2,284.

ALD. KENNA'S NEW SALOON IS LARGEST IN THE WORLD; SO ARE HIS BEERS, ONE OF WHICH IS HERE REPRODUCED.

[From a photograph taken for THE TRIBUNE.]

HOME OF THE "BIG BEER."

KENNA NOW RUNNING WORLD'S GREATEST "BARREL HOUSE."

Alderman from the First Ward Opens New Resort and the "Bums" Are Joyous in Their Wealth of Hops and Lunch—Profits from the Sales Are Estimated at $100,000 a Year—Lodging House Is Run in Connection—"Mornin's Mornin'" Free.

Resplendent with electric lights and polished mirrors the new "barrel house" owned and conducted by "Hinky Dink," otherwise Ald. Michael Kenna, has been thrown open to the public. The resort is the pride of the "tired and weary," and over what is said to be the longest bar in the world thousands of "tubs" are passing daily.

When the "Workingmen's Exchange," the alderman's other house, on the opposite side of the street, was closed to make way for a new building, there was sadness and dismay.

"Woe is us," was the cry. "What is left for us in 'Chi.'?"

But the answer came back full of hope and faith.

"'Hink' will never desert us. We have trusted him and he has never failed us."

This faith was not misplaced. The alderman secured a long termed lease on the building on the opposite side of Clark street, a few doors south of Van Buren street, and a hundred carpenters and other mechanics were put to work. The result was known when the doors were opened Saturday evening.

World's Biggest "Barrel House."

The room, 100 feet long by 50 feet wide, is said to be the largest "barrel house" in the world. The bar, curving slightly to the middle of the room, is eighty-four feet long. A small office is at one end of the bar, and a bread box that is big enough for a refrigerator is at the other.

On the opposite side of the room is a lunch counter, where bowls of soup, prepared in the kitchen below, with unlimited quantities of bread, are always ready for the hungry.

There are no larger receptacles made for beer than the glasses that are handed across the bar. The bowl seems as large as an ordinary hat. The price is 5 cents.

In front of the long bar is a trench, through which water is occasionally forced to carry away the beer foam. An electric pump forces the beer from twelve barrels at a time from the ice box below.

Three bartenders are kept at work, and the sales are recorded on cash registers. Twice or three times a day the alderman comes in from his other saloon, at Clark and Van Buren streets, and empties the contents of the money drawers into a large sack, which he stows away in the safe.

Early in the morning an agent from the brewery comes and counts the dimes and nickels, as there is little other money that reaches the registers. The alderman knows from the indicator how much money there should be, and he has no time to count it himself. The agent gives him or his secretary a receipt, and every month a check is sent for the amount that remains after the price of the beer has been deducted.

Food, Drink, Even Beds.

Above the "barrel house" a lodging house is being made ready. There will be rooms for 250 men—all guaranteed to be filled at registration time. Private lockers, shower baths, iron bedsteads, are some of the conveniences. It is not for the one night lodger, as the rooms are to be rented by the week. The rate will be $1 each.

"I am going to give these poor 'hobos' the best home they ever had in their lives," said Ald. Kenna yesterday.

Between 7 o'clock Saturday evening and the same time on Sunday forty-eight barrels of beer had been sold. The supply ran out, and the bartenders were idle for several hours. There are about ten 'tubs' of beer in a gallon, and in a barrel there are thirty-two gallons. Forty-eight barrels means that 15,360 glasses of beer were sold in less than twenty-four hours in the new home of the "bum."

"I expect to average thirty barrels of beer a day in this place," Ald. Kenna explained. "Across the street I have sold on an average of seventeen barrels a day for the last five years, and here I shall have room for all my customers."

And There's a Fortune in It.

Is Ald. Kenna making money? Well, here is what one of his friends said last evening:

"'Hink' making money? Well, I guess. If I had his place and the trade I'd retire in a year. Just figure it up. With his rebates and his dividends from the stock he holds in the brewery his beer will not cost him more than $3.50 a barrel—and that's putting it high. He will average 320 glasses from each barrel, so that thirty barrels a day will mean an income of $480. The beer will cost $105. His help, lunch, and other expenses will be about a hundred more.

"Is he making money? He will make $100,000 a year out of this place alone—twice the salary of the president of the United States, and out of a South Clark street 'barrel house.' He will get a thousand dollars a month from the lodging house, too."

First Drink Is Free

The beer trade is about the only trade of the house, practically the only whisky served being the "mornin's mornin'," which is given free to each of the lodgers before breakfast.

This drink is known among the lodgers as the "corpse reviver." It is served in tall, imposing looking glasses that are deceptive as to the amount they hold. A drink from the "ice man's" bottle in an ordinary saloon is like soothing sirup by comparison, as it is said along Clark street that a teaspoonful of "corpse reviver" would make a Chinaman whip Jeffries. After one free injection of the reviver the lodger, braced for a strenuous day, goes forth to work on his own peculiar vineyard.

CHARGES SCIENCE HEALER WITH BREAKING UP HOME.

Mrs. Cornelia Wardell Testifies in Her Suit for Divorce from Charles E. Wardell.

Mrs. Cornelia Wardell, who is suing Charles E. Wardell for separate maintenance, told her story in Judge Smith's court yesterday. She blamed Mrs. Fannie S. Rollins, a Christian Science healer, with breaking up her home. "Mrs. Rollins told me," Mrs. Wardell testified, "that she could separate couples or bring them together. She wanted me to promise that if my husband started to turn against me that I would not run after him. I would not make such a promise."

Wardell, his wife said, first went to the healer to be cured of the cigaret habit. When her husband went out at night, she declared, "he would shake his fist in my face and say he hoped I would be dead when he returned."

Mrs. Wardell then described a call at Mrs. Rollins' in search of her husband. She said: "I heard my husband shout: 'Put her out; put her out.' I told Mrs. Rollins she was old enough to be my grandmother and that she was not doing right to take my husband away. I said her son ought to look after her. She replied: 'My son is my only protection.' Then I said: 'He ought to throw my husband downstairs.'"

The case will be taken up again at 10 o'clock this morning.

Decree for Mrs. Vaughan.—The final chapter in the married life of Mrs. Carrie E. Vaughan and her husband, Arthur J. Vaughan, was written yesterday afternoon when Judge Bishop signed a decree granting Mrs. Vaughan a divorce. The evidence in the case was heard some time ago. Mrs. Vaughan is awarded a considerable amount of the household property, including furniture, books, vases, and dishes. Vaughan is directed to pay his wife $265, due for alimony and solicitor's fees, and $250 besides. Vaughan is given the custody of their child, Marie Vaughan. He is also awarded a silk shawl and nineteen souvenir spoons.

Theater Musician Sued.—Fred L. Yahnke, a musician at the Dearborn theater, is defendant in a divorce suit filed by Mrs. Louise Yahnke. On one occasion she declares her husband threw a dish of hash in her face.

Says His Wife Is Lost.—George H. Moore wants to be freed from his wife, Lena Moore. He charges desertion. In June, 1899, it is alleged, she left her home and went to live at 4901 State street. Since then Moore declares he has lost trace of her.

Deserted Ten Years Ago.—Lena S. Crofts has filed a suit for divorce from Charles Crofts, whom she charges with desertion. She asserts that her husband willfully deserted her in May, 1893.

SAYS CHICAGO SHOULD LEAD CHURCH OF THE INTERIOR.

Willard Scott Thinks This City and Boston Should Be Congregational Capitals—Football a Means of Grace.

"Chicago should dominate the Congregationalist constituency of the interior. It should be one of the two capitals of Congregationalism in this country, Boston being the other."

This statement was made by the Rev. Willard Scott, formerly pastor of the South Park Congregational church of Chicago, now of Worcester, Mass., in an address before the Illinois Congregational convention at Evanston yesterday.

"You should have your offices all in one building," he continued. "You cannot make people believe you are the center of the church by putting a picture of the Boston Congregational building on your letterheads."

A layman was elected moderator of the association in the morning in the person of Maj. E. D. Redington of the First Congregational church of Evanston. J. E. Keene of Peoria was chosen assistant moderator. On taking the gavel Maj. Redington made the remark: "This body will not be ruled by the gavel."

Figures showing the condition of the church in Illinois were given by the Rev. W. Knightson Bloom of Sandoval. The church membership in the state is over 50,000, the number of Christian Endeavorers is over 12,000, and there are 440 ministers. The home expenses last year amounted to nearly $700,000 and $150,000 was raised for missions and benevolence.

That football is not altogther bad was asserted by Dr. James L. Barton, secretary of the American foreign mission board. He said:

"I know of one church in which football was a means of grace. Boys were attracted to the church by the organization of a football team among the Sunday school students."

Catarrh of nose or throat immediately relieved and ultimately cured by use of "Boro-Formalin" (Elmer & Amend).

SLOT MACHINES ABLAZE.

1,300 GAMBLING DEVICES BURNED IN PUBLIC AT PHILADELPHIA.

Huge Pile Made of All Captured in Various Raids and Structure Soaked in Oil Before Light Is Applied—Five Thousand Persons Assemble to See the Sight—Affair Conducted by City and Law and Order Officials—$3,000 Added to City's Funds.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 19.—[Special.]—Fully 5,000 men, women, and children watched 1,300 slot machines go up in smoke today.

The gambling devices, valued at $25,000, were piled in a heap, saturated with oil, and then touched off.

Secretary Gibboney of the Law and Order league and Magistrate Eisenbowen conducted the ceremonies on a vacant lot at Thirty-second street and Lancaster avenue.

In addition to the public officials and the police there was quite a company of distinguished clergymen interested in the city's war against gambling and gambling devices. It was an hour after the program time before the fire was begun, and even then there were several cartloads of machines that had not been taken from the police headquarters in the city hall.

Great Pile Is Set on Fire.

When the kerosene had been soused liberally over the great tangled mass of wood, glass, and machinery, and the match applied, the effect was highly spectacular. The flames darted here and there in the small mountain of machines, and mounted still higher and higher until it was one terrific bonfire, the heat from which drove all the spectators further and further away. So fierce was the blaze that when wagons appeared from the city hall with more of the condemned devices, the drivers did not dare approach the hill of fire.

Ropes had been stretched about the inclosure, and every one was forced to take refuge outside the lot.

Two companies of the city fire department were on hand, ready to go into action instantly in case the flames threatened to spread, or the crowd became unruly.

The teamsters were allowed to wait until the flames had subsided before they threw on the last of the machines. These, too, caught and blazed merrily. In a short time all that was left of the handsome devices was a tangled, blackened mass of wreckage.

Enlivening Incidents Many.

In the work of handling the machines the teamsters found coins now and then which had been tangled up with the complex machinery.

The gem machine of the lot was set apart until after the blaze grew high. It was a double machine, and a work of art, for taking quarters, and is said to have cost $600, which was captured at Third and Walnut streets on Jan. 2, 1903, and was found to contain about $60. It blazed beautifully. An explosion in the burning pile now and then was said to be due to the air tight cylinders of the pneumatic devices in the gambling machines.

Of the 1,300 machines the Law and Order society claimed credit for 700, and the rest were seized in Director Smith's raid. Secretary Gibboney of the society said that for every machine captured more than five were hidden or carted away from the city. The highest number of machines in operation in the city at one time, he believed, was about 10,000.

Raids Netted Over $3,000.

There was $1,500 turned over to the district attorney from the 700 machines he confiscated, and about as much more from the other machines. From this was to be deducted the expenses of Contractor Burk for hauling, and two barrels of coal oil and two bags of shavings, before the net income of the city from this source could be figured out. It goes into the city treasury.

The forty-five indictments against as many persons bound over by Magistrate Eisenbrown were all quashed some time ago. The feeling was that the people who lost the money they invested in the machines were punished enough.

THEATER MANAGER WINS POINT.

Will J. Davis Triumphs Over A. Toxon Worm of the "Chinese Honeymoon" Company.

Manager Will J. Davis of the Illinois theater has won the point at issue in the altercation which brought him to blows Saturday night with A. Toxon Worm, manager of the "Chinese Honeymoon" company. Mr. Davis declared yesterday morning that the theater would be closed unless the owners of the production should immediately agree to withdraw the objectionable advertising put out by Mr. Worm, and late in the afternoon the owners of the play announced that Mr. Davis' wishes would be observed. Mr. Davis has caused Mr. Worm's name to be stricken from the programs as manager of the company and has ordered that he be forbidden entrance to the playhouse.

SEEKS CAUSE OF AUNT'S DEATH.

Mrs. E. R. Moffat Demands an Inquest Over the Body of Mrs. Frederick Rennie.

An inquest will be held today over the body of Mrs. Frederick Rennie, 126 De Kalb street, who died Monday night at 255 Oakwood boulevard. The inquest is to be held at the request of Mrs. E. R. Moffat of 37 Surrey court, a niece of Mrs. Rennie, who wishes to learn what happened in the hours preceding her aunt's death. Mrs. Moffat says she has reason to think that her aunt transferred some property shortly before her death. Apparently Mrs. Rennie died from natural causes.

TALK, SHAKE HANDS, EXIT

REPUBLICAN JUDICIAL CANDIDATES VISIT FOUR WARDS.

Each Utters a Few Glittering Generalities About the Ticket and Several Words for Himself and Greets His Nearest Auditors—Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Eighteenth, and Nineteenth Are Visited—Democrats Warn Voters Against Alleged Trick.

What has been termed the "yours truly" campaign of the republican judicial nominees was carried into the Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Eighteenth, and Nineteenth wards last evening. The voters were given a chance to see what manner of men they were asked to vote for and the candidates followed their usual custom of giving their audience a chance to hear them talk as well.

While "boosts" for themselves in particular and the rest of the ticket in general marked several of the "talks," there was considerable unanimity of opinion on the importance to their campaign in having the ward organizations get the voters out. Occasionally the chairman of the meeting promised the candidates the support of the ward organization.

"Here we are. Look at us. If you think we look all right, vote for us," was the epitome of many of the "talks." The candidates, having gone through this formula more or less amplified, shook hands with a few of those in the front seats and then departed for another meeting, where the performance was repeated.

W. S. Elliott, H. O. Sprogle, A. M. Pence, and A. J. Hirschl made the rounds of the wards together, each speaking in turn. Judge Haney, accompanied by a few friends but no other candidate, made the rounds of the meetings later and repeated his explanation of how the republican judicial ticket was the product of the greatest primary vote ever polled and not of a machine.

Democrats Meet Rival Attractions.

Two big fires a mile away interfered with the attendance of a democratic meeting in the Tenth congressional district at Social Turner hall, Belmont avenue and Paulina street, in the evening. Another disappointment was the failure of several of the candidates to appear. E. D. Brown, Lockwood Honoré, Julian Mack, William P. Black, George Mills Rogers, Joseph A. O'Donnell, and S. S. Parks were present.

Mayor Harrison, Samuel Alschuler, and W. S. Forrest were the speakers. Mr. Harrison replied to the charges that the democratic ticket was machine made. "Under our system of conducting conventions," he said, "you know that it is always necessary to have a preliminary conference of party leaders to select the best men. I deny that this is a machine made ticket."

Warned Against Republican Trick.

Reports to the effect that democrats are being asked to vote for certain nominees on the republican ticket were acted on yesterday by the democratic executive committee and candidates. It was decided to send out an address exposing the alleged scheme of the republican organization hustlers to save Judge Haney and Judge Gibbons. According to the committee these republican workers, in every ward, are making agreements with democrats to trade votes in such a way as to get all the democratic votes they can for the two republican candidates.

Republican Ticket Is Indorsed.

The German-American republican club yesterday adopted resolutions indorsing the republican ticket.

WANT TO VOTE ON PARK BONDS.

Lake View Citizens Petition, Under New Law, to Have Question on Ballots.

One hundred citizens and taxpayers of Lake View have filed a petition in the County court through Attorney Frank Hamlin to have the question of a $1,000,000 bond issue for the improvement and extension of Lincoln park placed on the ballot at the coming election. The petition is filed under the referendum act passed on May 7 by the legislature for the improvement and extension of parks, and is the first to be filed under the act. The matter will be presented to Judge Carter, and on his order the question will be placed on the ballots.

CLAIMANT TO FORTUNE IN JAIL.

Carl J. Carrolson, Who Says He Is Heir of Millionaire Rice, Accused by Wife at Muncie, Ind.

Muncie, Ind., May 19.—[Special.]—Charged with the attempted murder of his whole family, Carl J. Carrolson, a business man of this city and claimant to the vast estates of Millionaire Rice, who was murdered in New York, is a prisoner in the Muncie jail.

Mrs. Carrolson, who is exceptionally attractive, claims she was awakened this morning to find her husband cutting off her hair. He had placed a handkerchief saturated with chloroform, she claims, over her face, and her sudden awakening saved her life.

She claims her husband spread the poisonous fumes throughout the house and that their four little children had narrow escapes. Carrolson claims to be a direct heir to the millions of Rice, and for the last year he has been vigorously pushing his claims to the estate.

SUES JUDGE HANEY FOR $242.

Victor C. Gardner Brings Action—Defendant Says Claim Is a Bill Long Ago Paid.

Suit was filed yesterday afternoon in the Superior court in the name of Victor C. Gardner for the recovery of $242, alleged to be due from Elbridge Haney, judge of the Circuit court. The action is assumpsit. Judge Haney said last evening:

"Five years ago I had dealings with Gardner, who kept a feed store at Thirty-ninth street and Prairie avenue. He charged me for more feed than he delivered, but I paid his bill and took a receipt. Two years later he presented another claim. I showed my receipt, and he said his bookkeeper must have made a mistake. Now this claim comes up. It is simply an attempt to extort money from me."

Richard H. Peterson, 1244 Jackson boulevard, is attorney for the plaintiff.

RECEIVERSHIP IS TO STAND.

Merchants' Building Improvement Company Loses Its Case in Appellate Court.

The Appellate court yesterday affirmed the order of the Circuit court appointing a receiver for the property of the Merchants' Building Improvement company, an action which was taken on behalf of the Chicago Exchange Building company, a creditor. The Merchants' Building Improvement company contended that it had a complete defense and that a receiver should not have been appointed until a hearing had been had upon such defense. The reviewing court holds that such a defense was not made clear.

COBB SHOWS NEW BUILDING.

Takes Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Through Incompleted Federal Structure.

Robert B. Armstrong, first assistant secretary of the treasury, arrived in Chicago yesterday morning and spent part of the day examining the new federal building in company with Architect Henry Ives Cobb. While Mr. Armstrong declared that he came to Chicago on private business, he had a long conference with Architect F. T. Fitzpatrick, and left for New York late in the day.

Girl Bitten by a Dog.

Mabel Hall, 11 years old, 114 North Lincoln street, was crossing the street to join some playmates yesterday when a dog knocked her down and fastened its teeth in her leg. Bystanders drove the dog away and called the police. The dog is said to be owned by Martin Callahan, 129 Canal street.

TRACTION GRANT WANTED AT ONCE

Chicago City Company Will Ask Renewals When Committee Meets Tomorrow.

MAYOR TAKES NEW VIEW.

Will Not Insist on Referendum if Companies Consent to a Fair Ordinance.

The Chicago City railway will move for renewals of its expiring franchises at once. When the council committee on local transportation meets at 2 p. m. tomorrow it will have before it a letter from the company requesting that action be taken without delay.

This will be entirely separate from the matters of the Union Traction company, which will be delayed at least until the receivers can consult with Judge Grosscup as to what they are to do, particularly as to what disposition shall be made of the ninety-nine year claims. This consultation is expected when Mr. Govin returns from New York next week.

Mayor Modifies His Position.

Mayor Harrison yesterday modified his position as to the necessity of a referendum on franchise extension ordinances to the extent of saying that if the ordinances as agreed on were fair to the city a referendum might be dispensed with. He insisted, however, that the ordinances when drawn must be published for a sufficient time before being voted on to enable the people to study them, and any interested parties to get up a referendum petition if desired. Who was to be the judge as to the fairness of the ordinances was not indicated.

The mayor and members of the local transportation committee united in saying there was no objection to taking up the ordinances of the Chicago city railway separately. The communication the Chicago City company will send to the committee will set forth the fact that certain of its franchises are about to expire; that action looking toward their renewal has been delayed on account of the expressed wish of the city to have a municipal ownership enabling act passed, and that now the Mueller bill is a law the company is anxious to go on with the work.

Proposition of the Company.

Whether the communication will set forth what the company is willing to offer in return for the franchises asked for has not yet been determined. It is generally understood, however, that it is willing, among other things, to consent to a waiver of its rights under the ninety-nine year act, providing the city in return will acknowledge that something of value is being waived and make concessions in return on its side.

The company is also willing to agree to have all its franchises terminate at the same time, twenty years from the passing of the ones now asked for, so that if at that time the city wishes to purchase the property and operate it itself it can acquire the entire system.

As far as the improvements to be made are concerned, the company is willing to abide by the recommendation in the Arnold report; that is, an underground trolley north of Twelfth street and the overhead to the south, with a rearrangement of the downtown terminals so that a loop can be provided for the cars running in Clark street.

As to the question of compensation, the terms offered probably will be 7 per cent of the gross receipts, which, under certain conditions, might be increased to 10. The matter of transfers from and to the Union Traction company lines is a thing for arrangement between the two companies.

It is likely the communication will suggest that as much as the matters in dispute were pretty clearly defined at the conferences held last February, it might save time to have the city's lawyers draft an ordinance which would form the subject of debate.

"Our position is simply this," said Col. E. R. Bliss, general counsel for the company, "if we are to improve our service, as the people demand, this franchise question must be first settled, and the sooner it is settled the quicker we can get to work."

Statement by the Mayor.

In explaining his position toward franchise legislation now the Mueller bill is a law the mayor yesterday said:

"Now we have enabling legislation. The one stumbling block in the way of a settlement of the traction question has been removed and from now on it is clear sailing if the traction companies wish to secure an extension of the franchises on terms fair to the citizens.

"I stand by the referendum. I stood by it two months ago and it would not be right to go before the people with that principle and now to forget it.

"The necessity of the referendum can be avoided by the traction companies dealing fairly with the city and the council dealing fairly with the people.

"As things are the ordinance can be framed and published and the council can wait long enough for 25 per cent of the voters to petition for a referendum on it if they object to the ordinance.

"If the ordinance is drawn up so as to be fair to the city and meet the approval of the people 25 per cent will not petition for a referendum. Let the extension ordinances be drawn up so fairly and justly to the people as to secure what the people want and there will be no need for a referendum.

"If they try to forget the just demands of the people and give to the traction companies what they are not entitled to a referendum will be necessary. If the ordinance is not fair I'll get out and hustle for a petition for a referendum myself.

"If the Union Traction company is not willing to come in for an extension ordinance I believe in treating with the Chicago City railway company."

Sherman on Governor's Message.

Speaking of the governor's message accompanying his approval of the Mueller bill, Lawrence Y. Sherman said:

"When Gov. Yates signed the Mueller bill I think he did right. The passage of the bill by the general assembly and its approval by the governor will strengthen the republican party. I do not share in his fears that there are hidden dangers in the bill. Neither do I think the senate passed the bill by default and the house by riot. I am willing that the people of this state shall say whether we in the house were legislating by riot or whether the minority, by unlawful and revolutionary uses of the party 'organization,' was attempting to suppress legislation, and we intervened and restored the constitutional rights of a majority."

CHARLES T. YERKES SUED BY NAUGLE, HOLCOMB & CO.

Original Contractors for Building of Suburban Road Claim $200,000—Action Against Them for $70,000.

Charles T. Yerkes was yesterday sued for $200,000 by the old firm of Naugle, Holcomb & Co. for the use of the American Surety company of New York. Mr. Yerkes himself has had for some time pending a suit for $70,000 against the same firm.

The nominal plaintiffs were the original contractors in the building of the Suburban Railway company and their money disputes grew out of this.

"When Mr. Yerkes bought the Suburban road," said Clarence A. Knight, "he advanced the contractors $70,000 under their agreement to turn over to him $1,250,000 of bonds of that company. They went out of business after failing to turn over $35,000 of these bonds, and Mr. Yerkes sued for them and the $70,000. He does not owe them a cent.

"The presence of the American Surety company in the case is due to the fact Naugle, Holcomb & Co. owes it, and it is trying to recover in this way."

WM. ROCKEFELLER IN RING OF FIRE.

Camp on Big Adirondack Preserves Is Threatened by Blazing Forests.

LONG FIGHT WITH FLAMES

Cotton Dealers Seek to Break Speculation by Calling for Big Original Margins.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE. New York, May 19.

Rockefeller Camp Threatened by Forest Fires.

Mr. and Mrs. William Rockefeller of this city have been staying for the last few weeks at Bay Pond, in the Adirondacks, where the principal building of the Rockefeller preserve is located. All around them, from a distance of two miles to twenty from the main camp, the forest fires have been raging for twenty-two days. At first the flames were driven to the northwest from Bay Pond in the Rockefeller park, but the breezes shifted and sent sparks from the burning trees again towards the southeast. Then the fires leaped across the railway tracks about two miles above the Rockefeller ramp and burned through the forest on the south of the camp.

Mr. Rockefeller, when he saw the fires leap through the tops of the trees so dangerously near his camp thought for a time it would have to go. The burning brands were hurled within a short distance of the main buildings and for several hours gangs of men struggled to prevent the destruction of the private railway station. Three gangs, numbering in each instance forty and upwards, have been and still are fighting the fires about the Rockefellers' camp.

Mr. Rockefeller also worked to prevent the spread of the fires, traveling with his men along the railway tracks on a hand car and extinguished the fires wherever he could. The danger surrounding the Rockefeller camp was emphasized today, when sparks from a passing train set fire to the grass a hundred feet from the main building.

Mr. and Mrs. Rockefeller started to return here last night, but a wreck on the railroad prevented.

Cotton Dealers Seek to Break Speculation.

Wall street was startled today when McFadden & Co., the largest and financially the most important firm of cotton merchants in the world, headed a movement of local operators to break the sensational speculation in the cotton market. Associated with them is Daniel J. Sully, the former leader of the bull movement. The first gun was an attack on the forces of W. P. Brown, the New Orleans leader. There was a general calling for "original margins" by the local houses on brokers who have acted for Brown interests.

In plain language, this means the cash will have to be put up on every contract now outstanding and to be made hereafter. The calling of "original margins" is a comparative novelty in the cotton trade, except in times of panic or on occasions when the parties to contracts believe there will be a collapse in prices.

In the present campaign undertaken by W. P. Brown of New Orleans prices are nearly 3 cents a pound higher than they were during the cotton coup. Notices sent out today called for original margins, not of $1 a bale, as is usually the case, but of $3 and $5 a bale, according to the size of the contract. This call involves millions of dollars, and is regarded by many authorities as a plan to measure the financial resources of the new party in control of the market.

Incidentally the calling of original margins will affect the money market. It was generally reported that one of the first calls was made by S. M. Weld & Co. on Atwood, Violet & Co. The latter firm is generally regarded as having close connections as brokers with the New Orleans party, while Weld & Co. came to the front in the public eye as having "cleared" for D. J. Sully in his great cotton movement which is now terminating.

It is believed that the latter firm is acting for McFadden & Co.

The working of the scheme for calling original margins involves the placing of a sum of money, equal to that called, in the hands of trust officers. For example, Mr. Sully may have sold 5,000 bales of July cotton to the Brown party. Weld & Co., his brokers, thereupon issue to the Brown brokers a call for an original margin of $3 a bale. Both parties will have to put up $25,000 with the trust company until the cotton has been delivered and the transaction closed. The working of the plan calls for a great amount of cash, and it is said that by this means an effort will be made to strike a blow at the resources of the Brown party. Notwithstanding the notices sent out, prices established on the cotton exchange smashed all records today.

Trust Companies After Bank Business.

The lines in the fight for business between the local banks and the trust companies appear to be drawing even tighter since the trust companies with clearing house connections began to sever them. The clearing house banks lately have been receiving from out of town correspondents, mostly banks, letters referring to circulars which these correspondents say came to them from trust companies in this city. The following is a sample letter:

"The —— Trust company of ——, your city, has offered to collect our United States items outside of New York City and New England at par, crediting our account on the day of receipt. This service has heretofore been rendered to us by the —— national bank of Philadelphia. We would prefer to have our funds in New York, other things being equal."

In some banking quarters the circulars are construed as representing something like an effort at retaliation by the trust companies because of the action of the clearing house in adopting a rule requiring the trust companies that clear to keep a cash reserve against their deposits. This bidding on the part of trust companies for business, it was said, will mean a reopening of the question of charging a commission for the collection of out of town checks and may possible precipitate a war for business.

Park Elephant Does a Few Stunts.

Three Italians were arraigned before United States Commissioner Shields today, who the secret service agents say are the leaders of a plot to forge thousands of naturalization papers. The prisoners are Roberto Bunaro, a foreman of laborers; Rocco Figulio, a printer; and Giuseppe Caparolli, a foreman in the department of sewers.

A small elephant standing on its head on a truck going uptown was a spectacle that filled many young souls with delight this afternoon. Director Smith of the Central park menagerie had sent Billy Snyder, the elephant man, and Harry Tyson in a two horse truck to Hoboken to get the trick baby elephant, which arrived on the steamship Arcadia on Saturday. It is a female, 4 years old, and weighs about 1,200 pounds. It is six feet high and was in good humor.

Made Member of the Pope's Household.

The dignity of domestic prelate to Pope Leo XIII. was formally conferred upon Bishop McDonnell of Brooklyn today upon the occasion of the celebration of the twenty - fifth anniversary of his ordination to the priesthood. A number of prelates and prominent clergymen from all parts of the country were in attendance, among them being Archbishops Quigley of Chicago, Ryan of Philadelphia, and Elder of Cincinnati; Bishops McQuaid of Rochester Chatard of Indianapolis, Ludden of Syracuse, O'Connor of Newark, McFaul of Trenton, and Mgr. Marchetti, representing the papal delegate, Falconio. The new honor to Bishop McDonnell makes him an assistant at the pontifical throne, and therefore an immediate member of the pope's household. The bishop wore his new robes of silk, sent from Rome for the occasion. He is the only bishop in the United States at present who is an assistant at the papal throne. The honor was conferred because of the progress of the diocese under his administration and because of his well known devotion to the holy see as shown by the pilgrimages of the last few years.

Police Raid New Policy Game; Play Lists of Stocks.

Since the departure of "Al" Adams, "the policy king," for Sing Sing, the police have been looking for his successor in what is known as the "new game." Capt. William H. Hodgins claims he has captured this "banker" in the person of Herman Fringer, alias "Daniel Sweeney," and his "runner," Joseph McDonald, at their headquarters at 21 Hamilton street late this afternoon.

Capt. Hodgins, who weighs more than 250 pounds, got caught in a small window while getting into the place. His men rescued him. The captain found a piece of paper, which contained a lot of drawing slips, and documents of the International Stock company's dealings with customers. The new game of policy, according to Capt. Hodgins, is just a little different from the old game. The players of the old game picked "gigs," "saddles," and other combinations from numbers running from 1 to 78. In the new game there are no "gigs" or "saddles"; instead there are the names of stocks listed on the exchange. Any three of these stocks, with the accompanying stocks, can be chosen by a player who has a good dream book. According to the winning slip, 48, 54, and 74, representing the American Steel, American Leather, and American Rubber stocks, were the first three on the list.

Estate of Rich Man Sued for Alleged Son.

An extraordinary suit against the estate of Charles Broadway Rouss, the blind merchant who died on March 3, 1902, was on trial today in the Supreme court before Justice Blanchard and a jury. It was brought by J. Arthur Fischer as guardian of an 11 year old boy, Charles Broadway Rosseau, whose mother, Eva S. Figgett Rosseau, says is the son of Rouss and that Rouss promised to settle $100,000 on him when he reached the age of 10. Rouss died a few months before that time.

Mrs. Rosseau is a well educated Virginian, and on the witness stand told her story in a quiet, convincing manner. Mrs. Rosseau testified that Rouss set up a home for her at 42 East Tenth street, where, on June 5, 1892, the boy was born, she having assumed the name of Rosseau a few months before. Dr. W. Travis Gibb attended the mother. Rouss was at that time 56 years old, and when he saw the baby he expressed his delight at being the father of the boy, saying he felt like a spring lamb over it, and he called him "his little prince." Dr. Gibb also said Mr. Rouss showed extraordinary affection for the boy, being particularly delighted when told of the strong resemblance between them.

Police and Subway Strikers in Many Fights.

Clashes between police and striking Italians took place at several points along the line of the subway today. The regulars at the trench and the reserves at the station houses were called upon to suppress a dozen fights caused by the attempts of the striking excavators to intimidate their countrymen who tried to return to work.

At Seventy-second street and Columbus avenue a young Italian was set upon by ten strikers. Merchants, messenger boys, and laborers passing at the time went to the lad's assistance. The police made three prisoners. About 2,000 men, or 50 per cent of the required number, are now at work on the subway.

A gang of striking Italians tried to induce men at work on a church at West Hoboken to quit. A squad of police attempted to disperse the strikers, and in the fight which followed the officers were roughly handled.

Constitution Meets Accident; May Not Race.

The ill luck which has followed the yacht Constitution ever since its launching two years ago is still active, for an accident today when it was being hauled out at City Island will keep it out of the first two or three of the Glen Cove races, if not the whole series. During the process of hauling out the cradle props gave way. The yacht heeled over with such force that some of the bilge blocks went almost through the thin bronze plating. The keel sank in the mud and it was all the tender could do to release it. Constitution will be dry docked at once.

Reliance went out for a spin at New Rochelle today. In a light wind it stood across the sound to Glen Cove, and after jogging about the cove for awhile it recrossed the sound in a light air and tied up at its moorings.

Harriman Will Be Operated On This Morning.

It was decided after a consultation of physicians and surgeons tonight to operate on E. H. Harriman tomorrow morning. This decision, however, is contingent on the advice of Dr. E. L. Trudeau, who, last summer, attended Mr. Harriman at Paul Smith's in the Adirondacks, when he had his first attack of appendicitis. Dr. Trudeau left Saranac lake tonight and will reach New York early in the morning. Mr. Harriman is almost well from his second attack, and is in good condition for the operation. He was informed of this last evening by the physicians who held the consultation.

Financiers Sail for Europe.

H. H. Hanna of Indianapolis, Charles T. Conant, treasurer of the Morton Trust company, and Prof. Jeremiah W. Jenks of Cornell university, the members of the United States commission on international exchange, sailed for Europe today on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse. Enrique C. Creel, the chairman of the Mexican commission, sailed on the same vessel. The party probably will remain abroad for three or four months, visiting London, Paris, The Hague, Berlin, and St. Petersburg, and perhaps one or two other European capitals.

WESTERN UNION MUST MOVE, SAYS COURT OF APPEALS.

Legal Fight with Pennsylvania Railroad Decided in Favor of the Latter—New Jersey Injunction Dissolved.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 19.—The United States Court of Appeals today held that the Pennsylvania railroad had a legal right to remove the poles and wires of the Western Union Telegraph company from the railroad's right of way. The decision today affirms a judgment of the West Pennsylvania United States court and reverses a judgment of the New Jersey United States Circuit court.

The Pennsylvania court refused to grant the petition for an injunction sought by the Western Union Telegraph company against the Pennsylvania railroad, and the New Jersey court granted it.

The opinion is written by Judge Dallas, who says the decree of the New Jersey court was not made on the merits of the case but upon the ground that it would result in irreparable injury to no one and might soon be reviewed upon appeal, whereas an order refusing the injunction might have entailed much loss to the telegraph company.

The opinion quotes the contract of the Western Union company with the Pennsylvania railroad, dated Sept. 20, 1881, which contained a provision that after a period of twenty years, upon written notice given by the railroad company, the telegraph company would be bound to remove its lines whenever requested. After quoting numerous authorities, the opinion says:

"As it was not asserted that the telegraph company had the right independently of contract to maintain its lines upon the railroad and in view of the settled construction of the law, we cannot permit such a contention to be recognized as the basis of jurisdiction."

The opinion concludes as follows: "Having reached the conclusion that the fundamental position of the telegraph company in each of these cases is untenable, the Circuit court of western Pennsylvania is affirmed and the decree of the New Jersey court is reversed." In each case costs are imposed.

ARRESTED DURING ROOSEVELT VISIT.

Man Heard Making Mysterious Threat Taken Into Custody at Sacramento.

CARRIES BIG REVOLVER.

President Travels in Two States and Is Joined by Secretary of the Navy Moody.

Sacramento, Cal., May 19.—During President Roosevelt's visit here this evening a man was arrested by Citizen F. M. Woodson. Woodson heard him say: "One has died, and another might just as well."

When arrested and taken to the jail the man gave his name as Randleman. He had a big sixshooter inside his vest and two extra cartridges in his pocket. He offered no explanation. He has a ticket from Sacramento to the Selby Smelting works. He had $27 in his pocket.

Guest of Sacramento.

Sacramento gave President Roosevelt an enthusiastic welcome when he arrived at 6:45 o'clock this evening. The whole city was decorated in honor of the nation's chief executive, and the station was surrounded by a great throng of cheering people.

The president was met at the station by Gov. Pardee and Mayor Clark and the citizens' committee. Followed by several carriages filled with citizens and preceded by a coach filled with musicians, the president drove from the depot to the grandstand, which was crowded with school children, who presented a pretty appearance, each one of the several thousand little ones waving an American flag.

After the review of the school children President Roosevelt drove to the Sutter club, where he dined. After dinner he drove to the state capitol building, where he had a brief informal talk with Gov. Pardee and other citizens.

Now on Way to Portland.

The governor's reception over, President Roosevelt stepped out upon the rostrum erected on the east front of the capitol building and delivered an address to the assembled citizens. Thousands were present. At the conclusion of his remarks the president drove to his train at the depot, and later started on his journey toward Portland. Several stops will be made in California before the Oregon line is reached.

Secretary of the Navy Moody, who joined the president at Riverside, Cal., and who was to have started for Washington today, has accepted the president's invitation to go through to Cheyenne with him. Cheyenne will be reached on May 30.

While the president's train stopped at Reno this morning he went out on the back platform of his car and greeted the immense throng that had assembled to give him a true Nevada welcome. He did not attempt to make a speech, but talked first to one, then to another. When his train started he kept waving his hand and saying, "Goodby! goodby!"

Visits Nevada's Capital.

President Roosevelt reached Carson at 9 o'clock this morning. The city was in gala attire and members of the presidential party stated that the capital of Nevada was the most handsomely decorated city of its size that had been visited. The weather was fine.

Gov. Sparks and Mayor Mackey of Carson met the president at the state line and accompanied the party to their city. The entire party was driven to the state capitol building, where a platform had been erected. The portico of the capitol was circled with rifles, forming an arch over the desk from which the president spoke. Over this was stretched a banner with the words: "Nevada honors the hero of San Juan." Among the decorations were two mounted specimens of Buffalo heads, raised on the farm of Gov. Sparks.

It is estimated that fully 15,000 persons gave the president welcome as he drove down the street leading to the Capitol park. The grounds were crowded. The president made a twenty minutes' talk. He dwelt on the possibilities of irrigation and forestry and congratulated Nevada on her state law regarding irrigation.

Brief Address at Reno.

After the visit to Carson the president's train returned to Reno, and the party was taken in carriages to the courthouse, where the president made an address.

After a drive about Reno the president spent ten minutes in the chamber of commerce, and was then driven to the state university, where he spoke to 400 students.

Among the pleasant incidents of the president's visit to Reno was when H. J. Barto of Battle Mountain, one of the Roosevelt Rough Riders, who smelt smoke with the president in his famous charge up San Juan hill, sent his card in to the president.

"Show him in," was the president's command. On Barto's appearance the president greeted him cordially and asked him several questions.

The president was presented with a string of Truckee river trout, fresh from their mountain home, and a case of Nevada honey, when his train passed through on its way to Carson.

B. F. JONES PASSES AWAY.

Head of Big Steel Corporation and Well Known Politician Dies in Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 19.—Benjamin F. Jones Sr., member of the advisory board of Jones & Laughlins Steel company, Ltd., and for many years head of their manufacturing interests, died at his residence in Allegheny at 2:25 this morning. The end came unexpectedly. Mr. Jones had been ill for the last week or ten days from nervousness, but no serious results were apprehended.

On April 29 he was seized with an attack of indigestion. Later neuralgia set in on the right side of the stomach, and the acute pain caused considerable suffering at times. The pain and worry attendant on his illness caused Mr. Jones so much nervousness that his constitution was undermined, and when the fatal attack made itself felt his vitality was unable to withstand the shock.

Mr. Jones was 79 years old. He had been one of the foremost contributors to the wonderful industrial development of Pittsburg, and for years had exerted great influence on the public affairs of Pennsylvania. His life had always been filled with responsibilities. He was chairman of the republican national committee during the Blaine campaign in 1884, and was known throughout the country.

While making no pretense as a writer or public speaker, Mr. Jones wrote an article on protection in the North American Review which has become a classic, and his speech in calling to order the republican national convention of 1888 evidenced his ability as an orator.

OBITUARY.

MRS. GEORGE W. KENDRICK JR., one of the best known educators in the United States, died last evening at her home, 3507 Baring street, Philadelphia. Few women of the last century did more for the intellectual and moral uplifting of their sex than Mrs. Kendrick. She was also prominent in most of the patriotic movements of the last decade.

Denies Charge of Wife Murder.

Greencastle, Ind., May 19.—Henry Seward, upon whom suspicion rests for the murder of his wife, was before the coroner and prosecuting attorney today. Seward says that since their marriage he and his wife had never had a cross word and there never had been any jealousy. Seward said he would immediately sell his property and turn the money over to the officers to use in carrying on the search for the murderer. He said his wife's wedding ring and his razors were stolen by the murderer.

Weak eyes cured by Murine Eye Remedies. Cures pink eye. Druggists and opticians.

GREED DEFEATED SUBSIDY

CONGRESSMAN MINER LAYS THE BLAME ON SHIP COMBINE.

Declares That When Small Owners Were Included in Benefits Trust Withdrew Support—Has Plan for a Measure Which Will Encourage Exports to New Markets—Hopes to Americanize Crews of Fleets So That Navy May Secure Men.

(Continued from first page.)

the militia, when questioned today regarding the alleged scandal in connection with furnishing supplies to the militia, said:

"There can be no scandal in the furnishing of supplies, for the good reason that no supplies have been turned over to the state troops, and not one dollar of the appropriation has been expended. There may be 'graft' as alleged, but I cannot understand how it is brought about.

"Arms, ammunition, uniforms, tents, and other supplies are furnished the state troops, but none of the money ever passes into the hands of the states. The proportion of the appropriation due each state is assigned to them and the proper officer, upon requisition, is furnished with supplies. These funds have not been apportioned among the states and will not be until Secretary Root receives the report of the inspectors, who are now engaged in the work of ascertaining how many state troops are enrolled, as allotments are based on the number of men actually in service."

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Reid, Murdoch & Co. of Chicago, importers of currants, object to paying 2 cents a pound on "dirt" or impurities, which are packed with the fruit, and have asked the Supreme court to review the decision of the board of general appraisers, the District Federal court, and the Circuit Court of Appeals against the importers. The testimony showed that as high as 26 per cent of impurities were sometimes contained in the shipments of uncleaned currants, and as cleaned currants pay the same rate of duty, the importers claim the effect of the ruling is to subject the same class of merchandise to two different duties.

The government holds that impurities are inherent in merchandise; that the currants of commerce are uncleaned, and that previous decisions on other articles and the difficulty of ascertaining the amount of impurities preclude the allowance of rebates.

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By denying the application of the Anglo-American Provision company of Chicago for a review of the judgment of the Circuit Court of Appeals, the Supreme court has, in effect, affirmed the ruling of the treasury department that no allowance can be made for rebate duty on the imported borax used in preserving hams and other hog products which are exported.

The company claimed it was forced to use imported borax because of the high price fixed by the borax trust on the domestic product, and that it was entitled to a reimbursement under the rebate law for duty paid on imported material which enters into the manufacture of an exported article. The government maintained that hams, sides, etc., were not manufactured articles within the meaning of the law, and that the quantity of borax used was not, as the law provides, easy of ascertainment.

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Chief Clerk Walter Clark of the North Carolina Supreme court is the choice of William J. Bryan for the democratic presidential nomination. While last in Washington Bryan experienced a desire to discuss politics and arranged an interview with Joe Blackburn. Mr. Bryan sounded Blackburn as to his choice for presidential nominee.

The Kentuckian ventured to say he had given the subject little thought, but proceeded to enumerate the various democrats who had been discussed in connection with the nomination. Judge Parker first came in his mind, but the mention of his name did not arouse enthusiasm in the colonel, who finally made a flat declaration that he was not the man. Senator Gorman was objected to with equal positiveness by the Nebraskan. Olney likewise was eliminated. Hill was passed up in an abrupt way, and after exhausting the list of probabilities Senator Blackburn mentioned the name of Grover Cleveland. This threw the colonel into a half hour argument which was denunciatory to the only living ex-president.

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Senator Blackburn remarked: "I have exhausted the list and none fill the bill, so I would like to have your views."

Then it was that Mr. Bryan said he had in mind "a man who filled every requirement for the party leadership in the next great presidential contest." With much eagerness Senator Blackburn asked for the name of the man.

"Judge Walter Clark," was the reply.

"And who is he?" asked the Kentuckian.

"He is the chief justice of the North Carolina Supreme court," Mr. Bryan said, "and an honest, courageous man, standing squarely on the party platform."

Some months ago Judge Clark was a guest of Mr. Bryan at his home in Lincoln, where he spent several days. It is said of Judge Clark that he is more populistic than Mr. Bryan. In 1896 he went to Mexico to study the free silver question. That same year he accepted the populistic nomination for chief justice after having been named by the democrats.

BAPTISTS SCORE REED SMOOT.

Woman's Home Missions Society Will Ask Senate to Exclude the Mormon from Membership.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 19.—At the second day's session of the Women's Baptist Home Missions a society resolutions were adopted placing the society on record as opposed to the seating of Reed Smoot in the United States senate and petitioning the senate to exclude Smoot from its councils and to take such initiative as may be necessary to secure for the people of the United States an amendment to the constitution making polygamy a crime against the organic law.

A resolution declaring that the feeling against negroes manifested by many white people and the idea that negroes were not capable of developing a study of moral character was unchristianlike and not justified by the findings of missionaries working among the negroes was adopted.

The directors' report relating to the consolidation of the various Baptist organizations was referred to by the committee on resolutions as follows:

"Your committee is of the opinion that the board of directors acted wisely in unanimously rejecting any plan for consolidation that fails adequately to recognize and provide for the work of our society. In this connection also special attention is called to a conference recently held by certain leading pastors in Chicago, at the invitation of your board, in which it was affirmed with practical unanimity that no plan of merging could be favored that would "sacrifice efficiency in carrying forward the specific work for which the women's societies were called into being."

CALLS ALL POLITICS CORRUPT.

Bishop McVickar Gives Scathing Denouncement of Present System in Address to Churchmen.

Providence, R. I., May 19.—[Special.]—The address of the Rt. Rev. Bishop W. N. McVickar was the principal feature of this morning's proceedings at the 113th annual convention of the Rhode Island Episcopalians. He said:

"I speak of the call and duties of Christian citizenship in the day of darkness and gloom for the state and the nation, as well as when the very foundations of our god given heritage are at stake. That political machinery by which we are governed is corrupt to rottenness is not too much to say; indeed, it needs not the saying, it is flagrant and defiant and its effects on the community are everywhere known and felt.

"It is bad enough to be badly governed, but it is worse to know that the laws which are to be made and the offices for their administration are spoils and loot to be acquired at a price in the interest of any party or any scheme."

TULLOCH INSISTS PAYNE IS WRONG.

Former Cashier Tells How He Handled All Porto Rican Postal Accounts.

REPEATS HIS CHARGES.

Disallowed Bills Often Repaid as Salary to Men Who Actually Performed No Service.

Washington, D. C., May 19.—Ex-Cashier S. W. Tulloch was in Washington today, and in an interview said:

"I notice Mr. Payne observes that I could know nothing more about the postal service in Porto Rico than about the postal service in Chicago. Perhaps Mr. Payne isn't aware that as cashier of the Washington city postoffice no postmaster there could even secure a box of matches that I didn't pay for. Money for the salaries of the postmasters, clerks, carriers, route men, and other employés for every postoffice in the island passed through my hands, and the postmaster of Washington city was responsible on his bond for the proper disbursement of it.

"Not only was I the cashier for every postoffice in Porto Rico, but I was also auditor of the accounts, which I had to watch carefully lest some employés might double up on me. I was required to look out there were no double payments either for services or materials, that not more than one building in any town or city was rented for a postoffice, and scores of other things. Often these vouchers were not in satisfactory shape, and had to be returned, not once, but twice or thrice, and corrected.

Kept Accounts for Porto Rico.

"I acted likewise in a third capacity in keeping accounts for the supplies sent to every office in Porto Rico. A postmaster, for instance, whose bond was $2,500 might be furnished $2,500 worth of stamps and other postal materials on going to the island.

"This sum of money was turned over and over again. He would send me cash, which he had realized on these materials or vouchers for expenditures, as the case might be, and I had to send him still further supplies, always watching out that the amount intrusted to his care did not exceed the amount of his bond.

"If I did not know more about Porto Rican postal affairs than about postal affairs in Chicago," declared Mr. Tulloch, "I wasn't fit to be cashier. That's all there is to it."

How Accounts Were Repaid.

Touching the question of expenses for individuals which auditing officers refused to pass, Mr. Tulloch said:

"I know that in some cases where these men came in with expenses which the accounting officers of the treasury would not pass, an ingenious scheme was devised to help them out. By direction of First Assistant Heath the names of these employés would be ordered kept on the pay rolls for a time, long enough to make sufficient money in salary to equal the tabooed accounts.

"I know in one case a favorite had come back to Washington, and his name had been dropped from the rolls. He had been drawing pay at the rate of $1,200 a year, but it was found that some of his expenses would not pass the auditing offices. Forthwith an order came to me to put him on the rolls at $1,400. He performed no additional work, but was paid a salary till the deficiency was made up. In other words, the government was made to pay itself."

Capt. Henry A. Castle, auditor for the postoffice department, today gave out a statement in reply to charges made against his office by ex-Cashier S. W. Tulloch of the Washington city postoffice. Capt. Castle says:

"I have not yet received the postmaster general's letter transmitting abstracts of Mr. Tulloch's complaints referring to this office, but my reply will be brief, prompt, and, I think, conclusive. I shall welcome the opportunity, for I have had special satisfaction in the record of this bureau in settling the accounts of the Spanish war period.

"Some of Mr. Tulloch's statements are reckless and others absurdly false. The controller never disallowed $40,000 that had been approved by this office. My recollection now is that less than $1,000 finally was disapproved, and that of that amount a considerable portion was simply charged under another head."

Postmaster General Payne today said that he had not communicated with Former First Assistant Postmaster General Heath, but that he thought he would do so later on.

Milwaukee Office All Right.

Mr. Payne said today that the investigation at some of the postoffices had been completed, instancing Milwaukee, where, he said, the accounts had been found correct. He said Controller Tracewell had personally investigated the accounts of the New York postoffice, and the postmaster general added that he understands the accounts were found to be straight and in proper shape.

GUILTY ON FOURTEEN COUNTS.

Prominent St. Louis Man Convicted of Naturalization Frauds—Forty-seven Similar Cases to Be Tried.

St. Louis, Mo., May 19.—Nathan Levin, a saloonkeeper and president of the Jewish branch of the Jefferson club, was found guilty today on fourteen out of sixteen indictments of naturalization frauds by a jury in the United States District court, and sentenced to five years in the Missouri penitentiary. There are forty-seven similar cases still to be tried.

NEWS OF THE THEATERS.

Faust by Pupils.

Pupils of the Chicago Musical college, assisted by some professional instrumentalists, gave Gounod's "Faust" last evening at the Auditorium before an audience that filled the vast house to its last seat. The performance was one entirely creditable, the fact being considered that the talent engaged was almost exclusively amateur. The orchestra, under Theodore Spiering's leadership, furnished an accompaniment surprisingly smooth and embued with a spirit and intelligence and characterized by an attention to shading and expression that made it thoroughly acceptable, and served furthermore to demonstrate again Mr. Spiering's pronounced talent as a leader of opera. The chorus, which was made up entirely of pupils, was also worthy of hearty commendation. The voices were all young and fresh, the faces and figures likewise, and the Gounod music was sung with admirable precision in attack, good body of tone, and considerable appreciation of both its dramatic significance and its musical beauty.

The principals had of course to stand involuntary comparison with the many famed professionals who have been heard here time and time again in the same rôles, and the comparison was no slight one. But all the work showed earnest endeavor, and in certain instances praise may with justice be bestowed. Henry A. Mix sang Faust in reasonably satisfactory manner, proving himself the possessor of a tenor voice of agreeable quality fairly well schooled, and which when matured should enable him to take a place of more or less prominence on the professional stage. Carl Cochem displayed a ponderous bass as Mephisto, his most satisfactory achievement being the singing of the Serenade; Francis Lieb sang the music of Valentine with an unlooked for degree of effectiveness; Miss Katherine Gemmill as Marguerite was less efficient, her voice being so schooled that it is pinched and hard and produced with effort; Miss Myrtle Wilkins was acceptable as Siebel, and Miss Ellyn Swanson as Martha and Kenneth P. Boulton as Wagner completed the cast.

W. L. HUBBARD.

At the Theaters.

The headliner this week at the Chicago opera house is Robert Hilliard, who, with his company, is presenting the dramatization of Richard Harding Davis' "The Littlest Girl," in which he has been seen here before, and which is this week again proving its popularity. Others on the bill are the Glinsarettes, a troupe of European acrobats, who are more than commonly skillful; Musical Dale, who supplies a pleasing musical act; Foy and Clark, who have a merry skit called "The Spring of Youth"; and Howard and Bland.

At the Olympic Emmett Corrigan and his company are appearing in a comedy entitled "The Man with the Green Eyes"; Nichols sisters are offering a coon act; Charles Harris, "the lamp inspector," has an amusing number; and Inez McCusker is heard in musical selections; and at the Haymarket the headliners are the Eretto family of jumpers, Elizabeth Murray, Wilfred Clarke and company in "A Mock Tragedy," and Mr. and Mrs. Waterous in musical specialties.

At the Masonic Temple theater this week the star of particular brightness is Camille D'Arville. The popular light opera singer is slighter in figure than when last seen here, but her good looks have suffered none in consequence of the change, and her voice is still among the best sopranos of its class. She sings in the same hearty, good natured fashion that has ever distinguished her, wandering occasionally from true pitch, just as she long has done, but on the whole pleasing her hearers beyond the average. She gave yesterday a sentimental love song, "For You," and encore "My Honeysuckle Girl," which now figures conspicuously among the successes of "When Johnny Comes Marching Home."

Other attractive features of the bill are Scott brothers, who do some remarkably neat acrobatic work; Alice Raymond, who plays the cornet, French horn, and trumpets in skillful fashion; Morris Cronin, who does some clever juggling; Hayes and Healy, the "ringmaster and the circus rider," who have an amusing comedy acrobatic act; and the Empire City quartet, which offers an acceptable musical number.

Miss Marlowe is now in the last week of her engagement at Powers' and the last week but one of her present season. Next Monday she will take "The Cavalier" to Milwaukee, and after seven performances there will leave for New York and sail immediately for her summer outing in Germany. In September she begins rehearsals of her new play, "Fools of Fortune," which H. V. Esmond has written for her.

"When Johnny Comes Marching Home" is in its second week at McVicker's, and is prospering as pronouncedly as it did during the first seven days of its stay, which means that crowded houses greet it at every performance. "The Tenderfoot" is moving along happily at the Dearborn, "King Dodo" finds its quota of admirers at the Studebaker, "York State Folks" is in its last week at the Great Northern and is doing large business, as it has ever since it arrived, and "The Voyagers" is journeying smoothly along at the La Salle.

At the outlying theaters the bills consist of "Mistress Nell Gwynn" at the Bush temple, "La Mascotte" at the Garrick, "Lynwood" at the New American, "Reaping the Harvest" at the Academy, "Ten Ton Door" at the Bijou, "At Piney Ridge" at the Columbus, "Sandy Bottom" at the Alhambra, "The Clemenceau Case" at the Thirty-first Street theater, and "Master and Man" at the People's.

CELEBRATE A GOLDEN WEDDING.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Kendrick of Riverside Observe Fiftieth Anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Kendrick celebrated their fiftieth wedding anniversary yesterday at the home of their son-in-law and youngest daughter, Dr. and Mrs. Frank H. Zinn, Pine avenue, Riverside, where they have made their home since 1895. Thirty-five guests were at luncheon.

MEN OF THE GRAY IN BIG REUNION.

Confederate Veterans Assemble in New Orleans and Cheer Their Favorites.

TRIBUTE TO GEN. GORDON.

Great Outburst of Enthusiasm Greets Widow of Stonewall Jackson When She Appears.

New Orleans, La., May 19.—The thirteenth annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans was opened in the great auditorium at the fair grounds to day.

There were thousands of veteran soldiers, hundreds of beautiful women, and above and around on every hand a profusion of fluttering flags and waving streamers. There was martial music without limit and enthusiasm unbounded. Over the beauty and success of the day there was only a single shadow, and that promises to disappear before the morning. This was the illness of Gen. Gordon, the commander in chief of the organization. He was not well when he left his hotel for the auditorium and had not been in his usual health for several days. Nothing but his grim fighting spirit carried him through the day without something akin to a collapse.

The general was not able to attend the afternoon session at the auditorium and remained quietly in his room at the hotel, receiving no visitors. His condition is in no manner serious, but it is possible he may not be able to preside at all the sessions between now and Friday noon. He expects, however, to be present tomorrow.

Great Demonstration at Opening.

When the hour for opening arrived the platform was crowded with women and men whose names are household words throughout the south. When Gen. Gordon entered the hall cheer after cheer rang through the building. He was surrounded by a group of friends as he reached the rostrum and for a time was unable to reach his chair. No sooner was he seated than a young woman—Miss Tarleton of Waco, Tex.—approached, and, bending down, kissed the general. He sprang quickly to his feet to acknowledge the honor with repeated bows.

Gen. J. B. Levert, commander of the Louisiana division of the confederate veterans, called the assembly to order and introduced the chaplain, Gen. the Rev. J. W. Willian Jones, who delivered an eloquent invocation. Then in succession came speeches of welcome to the veterans from Paul Capdevielle, mayor of New Orleans; Loys Chalbounet, who spoke for the local organization of the Sons of Veterans; Mrs. William J. Behan, representing the Confederate Southern Memorial association; and Gov. W. W. Heard, who spoke for the people of the state of Louisiana.

Address by Governor Heard.

After a few opening words of welcome the governor said: "Veterans, the outcome of the struggle that you carried on for four long years against the most powerful forces and armaments that the world has yet seen, in no manner or sense can obscure the glory and fame that you won for Dixie's land. It is not extravagant to say that the 600,000 confederates confronted a coalition of America, Europe, and Africa."

The governor concluded his address by repeating the welcome of the people of Louisiana.

E. B. Krutschnitt of New Orleans, chairman of the local executive committee in charge of all the arrangements for the reunion, presented to Gen. Gordon as commander in chief of the auditorium, which had been constructed for the convention's use. As Gen. Gordon rose to reply he was enthusiastically cheered.

Mrs Stonewall Jackson Presented.

Gen. Gordon made a short speech of acceptance and at its conclusion he led to the front of the platform Mrs. Stonewall Jackson and said: "It was my fortune, and I will never cease to thank God that it was my fortune to follow, to know well, and to love Stonewall Jackson. He is not here, but the best half of him is here in the person of his wife. Comrades, I present to you Mrs. Stonewall Jackson."

In the wild cheers that swept the hall the fair, faced woman from Virginia was made to know once more how the southerner remembers.

"And here's a young Jackson," called out the general, leading forward a pretty girl, Miss Julia Jackson Christian, the granddaughter of the famous soldier. As he spoke he kissed her, and the cheers were redoubled for the general and the girl.

Judge John H. Reagan, the then surviving member of the Davis cabinet, then spoke from one portion of the rostrum, and an adjournment was taken until the afternoon.

After the speech the mobbing of Gen. Gordon was resumed with redoubled energy. One old soldier intoxicated by his enthusiasm and a few incidentals, sank on his knees before the general, and would have hugged him had not the bystanders interfered.

The oration of Judge Rodgers consumed the entire afternoon session.

The convention will meet at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. The Sons of Veterans met at noon in the Crescent theater, but transacted no business beyond listening to a number of welcoming addresses and appointing various committees.

The feature of the evening was the ball given by the Washington artillery at their armory.

Struck Thrice by Trains; Dead.

Kewanee, Ill., May 19.—[Special.]—Mead Scherry was killed by a train tonight. This was the third time he had been struck within two years.

PALESTINE HOME FOR ORPHAN JEWS

International Fund May Grow Out of the Recent Race Riots in Bessarabia.

LOCAL RELIEF PLANS.

Contributions Pour In for the Sufferers and Many Benefits Are Planned.

Out of the movement to relieve the sufferers in Kishineff may develop an enterprise for an orphan home in Palestine for children of the victims of the mob.

A letter was received yesterday by Leon Zolotkoff, grand master of the western department of the American Federation of Zionists, and Bernard Horwich, chairman of the relief committee organized in the Ghetto, urging the founding of such an institution in Palestine. The letter was written by M. Ustakind of Ekatrinaslow, Bessarabia, who is the head of the Zion movement in his part of Russia.

Suggests Home for Orphans.

It is as follows:

Ekatrinaslow, May 8, 1903.—Messrs. Zolotkoff and B. Horwich, members of the international Zion executive committee, Chicago—Dear Sirs and Brethren: I have just returned from Kishineff, where I have witnessed the misfortune of our brethren. Only a Jeremiah could picture the horrors that I have seen. Every Jewish house with few exceptions is ruined. Hardly a person of Jewish blood can be found in that city who did not suffer bodily injury. I have been in the cemetery and gazed at scores of newly made graves. I have seen the terribly injured people in the hospitals, groaning and wishing to die. I think it would have been better for a good many had they been killed outright, as they will remain cripples, suffering for life. The disaster is beyond description.

However, we Zionists must not lose our heads, but continue on our way to Zion, where we will perhaps be able to live in peace. I would propose that a fund be created for the purpose of establishing in Palestine an orphan home for the children of those who have been murdered in Kishineff and that our dear Dr. Kohan Bernstein be the one to whom contributions be forwarded. The orphans should be brought over to the holy land, where they may grow up on the soil of Palestine, live in peace, and forget the terrible experience of exile. I have sent my contribution to Dr. Kohan Bernstein and hope that every other good Zionist will do likewise. M. USSISKIND.

Some Local Relief Plans.

"I think the suggestion is excellent," said Mr. Zolotkoff. "Money could not be devoted to a more worthy enterprise. What is to become of these children unless they are provided with some refuge, and where could a better place be found than in the land of their forefathers, where they will be allowed to live without persecution?"

At a meeting of the Ghetto Kishineff relief committee this afternoon, the advisability of applying whatever money is raised in future to the orphan home will be discussed. The committee already has sent to Kishineff $2,750. In addition to this sum a committee of nine collectors has raised $2,175 in the last four days and $1,458 has been raised at massmeetings, a total of $3,633, which is being held to await the decision of the committee.

Charles F. Gunther, president of the Coliseum association, has offered the building to the relief association for a benefit performance some night next week. Charles Elliott, manager of the Thirty-first Street theater, will devote the receipts of Thursday night's performance to the sufferers.

Another benefit performance, in which stars from all theatrical companies playing in Chicago will participate, is being planned for May 28. Manager Litt of McVicker's has offered the use of the theater.

President William R. Harper and the professors of the Chicago university have been asked to cooperate with other schools and colleges of the city in urging justice, fair play, and protection for the Jews in Russia.

Contributors to Kishineff Fund.

The following contributions have been received by Samuel J. Kline, treasurer of the Kishineff relief fund:

Numa Lachman	$ 10.00	S. G. Harris	10.00
Nathan Becker	5.00	Joseph B. David	10.00
H. H. Eckels	25.00	Julius Reach	5.00
I. Phillipson	10.00	Mrs. B. Steele	5.00
M. N. Wien	5.00	Louis Connant	5.00
John & Co.	5.00	J. Rosenbaum Grain company	15.00
S. Koppenheimer & Co.	35.00	Charles Yondorf	25.00
Ernest Jacobi	5.00	Mrs. Augusta Moses	10.00
Mme. Celine	10.00	Wm. Friedman	10.00
Sam Schutz	25.00	H. Grossman	100.00
J. Bobby & Co.	5.00	Employés Herman Grossman & Co.	43.50
Harry C. Levinson	5.00	Spitz & Schoenber Bros.	50.00
C. S. Rosenberg	5.00	L. E. Lebolt	5.00
Morris Haber	5.00	George W. Lebolt	5.00
Joseph Sachter	10.00	Dr. George Morgenthau	25.00
Frank's ticket office	15.00	Jacob Neuman Jr.	10.00
A. J. Geiss	5.00	Morris Einstein	10.00
Wasserman & Co.	5.00	Frank Strauss	10.00
Edward List	5.00	O. G. Foreman	100.00
S. Block	5.00	Leopold Mayer	50.00
Osterman Bros.	5.00	Employés Belfield, Hirsch & Kline	30.25
Edward Goodman	5.00	Champaign (Ill.) Sabbath school	15.00
Bill Nye Ticket company	5.00	Isaiah Temple Sabbath school	25.00
E. J. Valdar	5.00	Mrs. Jennie Lowenstein	10.00
George Bay Jr.	5.00	E. Kindler	5.00
Peter Kooi	5.00	M. M. Hirsch	25.00
S. S. Mulhall	10.00	Winter-Belfus Co.	100.00
J. B. Wells	25.00	Maurice Taussig	10.00
Traveling man	2.00	Garson Meyers	10.00
George Hirsch	25.00	Mrs. B. Stein	5.00
M. S. Sickels	10.00	Cash to Dr. Stolz	11.25
Kennedy Furniture company	25.00	Charles Stein	1.50
Emil G. Hirsch	25.00	R. H. Chalmers	100.00
Unknown	100.00	Turned over by mayor	749.75
Sidney Mandl	10.00		
Louis Levinson	10.00		
W. A. Kirchberger Jr.	5.00		
C. Samuels	25.00		
Max L. Wolff	25.00		
Stein Bros. & Co.	25.00		
R. & Kirschberger	5.00		
		Total receipts	$2,000.25

Contributors to Mayor's Fund.

Yesterday's contributions to Mayor Harrison's relief fund are as follows:

Crossfield-Roe company	$25.00
Employés Crossfield-Roe company	10.00
Congregation Chave Zedek	10.00
Weil Bros.	25.00
Sam Baer	10.00
M. T. Soloman	5.00

DERVISHES SUFFER HEAVY LOSS

In Fight at Burrilli 300 of Mad Mullah's Followers Are Killed, Only Two Wounded Found.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, May 19.—An official war office dispatch from Aden, Arabia, under today's date, gives details of the desperate encounter which took place at Burrilli, Somaliland, May 4, between an Abyssinian force operating in conjunction with the British against the mad muliah and a large force of the latter's dervishes. After a hand to hand fight lasting forty-five minutes the dervishes were driven off with the loss of 300 killed and 2 wounded. The Abyssinians had 21 men killed and 10 wounded. Subsequently the Abyssinians raided the wells northwest of Burrilli and captured several prisoners. The latter said the mullah was at Ubertake.

The defeat of the Mad Mullah's dervishes is the first blow struck by the Abyssinian contingent which is cooperating with Brig. Gen. Manning's advance. The Abyssinians number 10,000, are mostly armed with modern weapons, and are accompanied by some British officers.

The scene of the Burrilli fight is 120 miles southwest of the scene of the disaster to the British force under Col. Plunkett on April 17, when the colonel, all of the British officers, and practically his entire force of 170 men were annihilated by the dervishes, and is 200 miles from Gen. Manning's present quarters at Bobotie.

COMBES TO ANSWER QUESTIONS

Premier at Opening of French Chamber Says He Is Prepared to Discuss Situation.

PARIS, May 19.—The chambers reassembled today after the Easter holidays. Great interest centered in the chamber of deputies owing to notice having been given of a number of interpellations on various phases of the religious controversy. Premier Combes announced that it was his purpose to immediately discuss and dispose of all interpellations involving the religious policy of the government.

ASKS PROOF BY CASSINI.

LONDON JEWISH PAPER SAYS HIS STORY IS UNTRUE.

Offers to Give $250 to Charity If Russian Ambassador Can Convince Three Americans That Massacres Are Due to Hatred for Money Lenders—Announcement in House of Commons Places Number of Victims at Double That in Report.

LONDON, May 19.—The Jews of London are indignant at the assertion of Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador at Washington, that the troubles at Kishineff were the outcome of the usury of the money lenders. The editor of the Jewish World offers to give $250 to any American charitable institution named by Count Cassini if the latter can substantiate his assertion to the satisfaction of three Americans of standing in the United States.

Cranborne Tells of Massacre.

The underforeign secretary, Lord Cranborne, was asked in the house of commons today for information on the massacre of Jews at Kishineff, Bessarabia, a month ago. The secretary, in reply, placed the total number of killed at about double the number given in the official Russian report. Otherwise the facts did not differ from those already published. Lord Cranborne added:

"According to the government's information the disturbances arose from the murder of a Christian lad, which was wrongly attributed to the Jews. The latter retaliated on their assailants, and the result was an attack on the Jews by a mob on Easter Sunday and Easter Monday, in which, it is believed about 100 Jews lost their lives and many more were injured."

Governor's Dismissal Confirmed.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 19.—The report that Lieut. Gen. Raaben, governor of Kishineff, Bessarabia, where the massacre of Jews took place a month ago, had been dismissed by the czar, is confirmed. The imperial ukase dismissing the general is dated May 17.

The authorities here have suppressed the Volny and have prohibited street sales of the Novosti, in both cases for contravention of the press regulations.

Says No Help Is Needed.

The Russian government has received no representations from the government of the United States in regard to the Kishineff massacres beyond an inquiry, through Ambassador McCormick, several days ago, whether the money and supplies which were being offered from all parts of America for the sufferers would be acceptable to the Russian government. The foreign office replied that, while it greatly appreciated the American generosity, there was no need for relief, as the wants of the inhabitants of Kishineff were looked after.

There is no doubt that while Russian officials much regret the Kishineff massacres, they equally resent what they call the "anti-Russian agitation in America," which they claim "is fomented by the influential English press."

German Funds Distributed

BERLIN, May 19.—The Russian government's reply to Ambassador McCormick regarding the latter's inquiry about the acceptability of American relief for the suffering Jews at Kishineff was read by the Jewish committees here with interest as being the only official utterance yet made on the question of foreign contributions.

The German foreign office has not acted in the matter nor has the Russian administration raised any obstacle to the transmission of funds collected in Germany.

The Commercial Disconto bank, one of the forwarding agencies, has been informed that its collections are now being distributed at Kishineff, through a business firm there, without hindrance. In all $50,000 has been raised in Germany for the Kishineff relief work.

RUSSIAN GOVERNOR IS SLAIN.

Assassinated by Two Men in the Town Park at Ufa, Capital of Province.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

UFA, European Russia, May 19.—Gov. Bogdanovitch was instantly killed today by two men in the town park.

Bogdanovitch was governor of the province of Ufa, in eastern Russia, and some 1,500 miles from Bessarabia, the scene of the Jewish massacres. The province is bounded on the east by the Ural mountains. It has 47,031 square miles of territory and a population of 1,500,000. Ufa, the capital, is a walled town of 40,000 inhabitants.

LONDON CLUBS LIMIT BRIDGE.

Fix Total at Lower Sum than Players Have Been in the Habit of Staking on Game.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, May 19.—Several west end clubs have found it necessary to limit bridge gambling by restrictions similar to those cabled as having been adopted in the houses of society leaders. The newly formed Atlantic club has decided that not more than $2,500 a week is to be booked to a single member, points to be limited to 50 cents each, with a maximum of $50 on a game. These sums considerably exceed those allowed by the other clubs, but the Atlantic is the name of "the millionaires' club." This explains why high play is allowed there.

The weekly limit at the St. James club has been fixed at $1,500 and at the Bachelors' club at $1,000, while the points of the game are limited to 25 cents at each club.

No money changes hands during the games at these clubs. Each place employs a card room cashier to keep the accounts. If the loser does not pay his account by an appointed date he ceases to be a member.

One of the developments of the game is that interested persons will sit behind a known skillful player and back his skill. The secretary of one of the clubs says that when a member is known to be an exceptionally good player, but not rich or not rash enough to play for heavy points other members will carry him, that is pay his points and draw a percentage of his winnings. Many a clever man is making $5,000 a year in this manner without running any risk.

SAYS BEDFORD BABY IS GENUINE

A. Thomas, Who Declares He Was Appointed Sponsor by the Father, Vouches for Infant's Identity.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

[Copyright: 1903: By the New York Herald.]

PARIS, May 19.—A. Thomas, a commission agent at 34 Rue Monthabor, Paris, who says he was the godfather appointed by the late G. S. Bedford for the child now said to be an adopted one, said today:

"I can formally declare that the child was in his Paris apartment six weeks before his death. I personally saw the baby lying on several occasions when I called on business. Mrs. Bedford was present at every one of these interviews, and on one occasion especially I remember Bedford asking if I had not the opinion that the child resembled him, a fact I could not deny.

"Should any doubt exist in the mind of anybody it would be easy to compare a photograph of the deceased with the child, and at once the most biased person would declare the likeness most striking.

"My opinion has been confirmed by several friends in Paris of Mr. Bedford who knew him well, and have seen the child since it came to Paris in January and were struck with the resemblance."

AMERICAN SEAMEN IN BOAT RACE

Whale Boat Crew of Cruiser Chicago Defeats Three Others in Contest at Nice.

NICE, France, May 19.—A race took place this morning in the roadstead between the whale boats of the United States war vessels Chicago, Albany, Cincinnati, and Machias and was won by the crew from the Chicago. The Cincinnati was second, Machias third, and Albany fourth. A baseball game will be played tomorrow on the Place d'Armes between teams from the Albany and Chicago.

BOY JAIL PRISONERS DRILLING IN THEIR NEW SEGREGATED SCHOOL.

JUNIOR CLASS IN CALISTHENICS.

BOY PRISONERS MARCHING.

FREE TRADE NOT SACRED.

LORD ROSEBERY DESERTS TIME HONORED BRITISH IDEAL.

In Speech at Burnley He Gives Qualified Support to Secretary Chamberlain's Policy of Fostering Colonial Commerce — Suggests Liberal and Free Discussion of Entire Subject—Student of Social Economy Says Changes Are Sure to Come.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, May 19.—In an address delivered before the Burnley chamber of commerce today ex-Prime Minister Lord Rosebery spoke approvingly of Colonial Secretary Chamberlain's tariff proposals, and, although he did not commit himself fully to their support, he said he did not regard free trade as a part of the sermon on the mount. He did not believe that it should be received rigidly as a divinely appointed dispensation, while as a convinced imperialist he said he would condemn no scheme for the unity of the empire without full examination and consideration.

Admits Need for Change.

He pointed out many difficulties in the way of accepting Mr. Chamberlain's proposals and he believed it necessary in the event of the adoption of the scheme to have some form of direct representation for the colonies in Great Britain. In any case, it was certain a real change in the existing fiscal system must be preceded by a business conference between the best financial experts in Great Britain and the colonies to decide whether the scheme was practicable or advisable.

Declares Change Sure to Come.

Benjamin Kidd, the sociologist, author of "Social Evolution," in indorsing Mr. Chamberlain's proposal for a preferential tariff between England and her colonies, says he sees the phases of Mr. Chamberlain's work, begun in the Birmingham municipality, expressing themselves on the larger and higher stage of colonial politics. He adds:

"The basis upon which our old free trade policy rested is past, or is being rapidly cut away. Free trade rested on free competition. The tendency of all our financial undertakings is now towards monopoly.

"There certainly will be in the near future but one overshadowing issue in politics in this country, as there is already only one in the United States. It will be that of the consumer on one hand and labor on the other, leagued against monopoly in production.

"The fight of the consumer will be to preserve the principle of free competition, the fight of the worker to preserve the standard of living and wages. They will both have to organize themselves through the state. The empire is the only possible economic basis of this new policy."

Colonies Displaying Interest.

Mr. Chamberlain's tariff proposals as set forth in his Birmingham speech are being received with sympathetic interest by public men and the press in the British colonies, but there is little apparent prospect of this sympathy taking practical form. With the exception of Prime Minister Barton, the whole federal cabinet of Australia is not disposed to alter the existing tariff regulations while the cabinets of the individual colonies have not a voice in tariff matters.

Some newspapers point out that it would be just as disastrous to have Australian markets swamped with British as with foreign goods. The farthest that the protection section is prepared to go is to increase the duties on foreign goods while maintaining duties on British goods as they are at present.

Is Liked in South Africa.

The reception of the proposals in south Africa has been more formal than in Australia, especially by the interests centering at Johannesburg, although the German section there does not favor them. A considerable indorsement of the scheme has been received from Cape Colony, particularly from the progressives, but the government does not commit itself to any view. The prime minister of Natal fears that the scheme is impracticable under existing conditions.

REDMOND BLAMES DISTURBERS.

Says Trouble Started by Mrs. McBride in Dublin Was Due to Irresponsible Malcontents.

LONDON, May 19.—John Redmond, M. P., concerning the disorderly proceedings at the meeting of citizens held in the Dublin rotunda last night in support of the Irish parliamentary fund, says:

"The disturbance would have been easily nipped at the outset; but the people naturally shrank from using force to remove Mrs. McBride and other women who led the disorder. After awhile these women left, and the other disturbers were speedily removed. They consisted of thirty or forty young men who acted in concert. They were roughly and violently treated, which I regretted, but it was impossible to restrain the people.

"The disturbance was quickly over, and for two hours after unanimity and enthusiasm prevailed. Long speeches were delivered, resolutions in conformity with the object of the meeting were unanimously adopted, and large sums were subscribed to the Irish parliamentary fund. On emerging into the street Lord Mayor Harrington received an enthusiastic reception.

"The disturbance was planned by an irresponsible junta in Dublin, who are exasperated at the peaceful prospects for Ireland."

SIFTON REPLIES TO CARNEGIE.

Canadian Minister Is Satirical in Treating of Prophecy Regarding Future of His Country.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, May 19.—The Hon. Clifford Sifton, Canadian minister of the interior, speaking at a banquet here tonight referred to Andrew Carnegie's recent statement that there is no future for Canada except as part of the United States. Minister Sifton said they had been told that a great many times and doubtless it was distressing, but there was one consolation, all were going to destruction together. Canada had been fighting against geography for years, pretty successfully, but it was true that the progress was not phenomenal. A few hundred thousand people going into the woods would not accomplish wonders in a short time.

CHINA BOWS TO RUSSIA.

ONE BY ONE SHE AGREES TO ALL DEMANDS FIRST REJECTED.

Promises Everything Asked Regarding Manchuria and Exclusive Mining Rights in the Mukden Province Are Believed Granted the St. Petersburg Government — Great Britain Decides to Accept Same Terms as United States in Settling Indemnity.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, May 20, 3 a. m.—According to a Pekin dispatch to the Times dated May 19, China is agreeing one by one to all the demands presented by M. Planchon, the Russian chargé d'affaires, which she pretended to reject en bloc. She already has undertaken not to alienate any portion of Manchuria to any other power, not to alter the present administration in Mongolia, not to open any new treaty ports in Manchuria, and has given an assurance not to employ foreigners in the administration of Manchuria, and whether China gives her consent or not Russia retains the telegraph line between Port Arthur and Mukden.

China also has agreed that Russia shall have full control of the customs at New Chwang, and there is little doubt that an agreement exists giving Russia exclusive mining rights in the Mukden province.

Follows America's Example.

Washington, D. C., May 19.—Great Britain has decided to accord China the same terms in the settlement of the Boxer indemnity as those accepted by the United States. The state department has been informed that the English chargé at Pekin has signified the willingness of his government to accept payment on a silver basis for a term of years, reserving under bond the right to receive payment of any deficiency that might exist should it hereafter be decided that the payments should have been made on a gold basis. This much strengthens the attitude of the United States.

Regardless of the outcome of the present negotiations respecting the political domination of Manchuria, it can be stated that this government is prepared to insist to the end upon commercial privileges for United States merchants in Manchuria equal to those enjoyed by the merchants of other nations, Russia included.

Dowager Receives Viceroy.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PEKIN, May 19.—Chang Chih Tung, viceroy of Wuchang, received his long expected audience with the empress dowager at the summer palace here. Her majesty conferred on him the right to ride horseback in the Forbidden city. His arrival in Pekin has aroused the jealous opposition of both the Chinese and Manchu high officials, who fear the dowager empress will appoint him a member of the grand council, which, it is reported, Prince Ching, president of the grand council, recommends, as he needs an able assistant.

IS SHY OF YERKES' MERGERS.

London County Council Committee Says Public Is Not Sufficiently Guarded in Underground Scheme.

LONDON, May 19.—The London county council today considered the report of the parliamentary committee dealing with the proposed amalgamation of underground railways in London. The report says:

"The proposed company consists of a group of financiers headed by Mr. Yerkes. Under the agreement provision is made for large payments to the Yerkes and Speyer groups for its services in the formation and promotion of the company. The committee is of opinion that the scheme needs the fullest consideration by the public, whose interests are insufficiently guarded by the terms of the amalgamation."

The county council took no action on the report today.

Costly Dinner to Ethel Barrymore.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, May 19.—A costly dinner was given at the Carlton hotel this evening by Clarence Jones of New York in honor of Ethel Barrymore. There were ten guests exclusive of Miss Barrymore. Mr. Jones presented the men with gold chains and the women with costly hand painted fans.

BOYS SEGREGATED IN JAIL

JAILER WHITMAN TRIES A NEW PLAN WITH SUCCESS.

Prisoners Under 20 Are Kept from the Older Criminals and Result Is Declared Excellent—Have a Separate Tier of Cells and Classroom, for Which the Lake View Woman's Club Has Given a Library—Enjoy Calisthenic Drill.

The evil of compelling young offenders to associate with older criminals, which has been the basis of much criticism of jail systems, is being minimized in the Cook County jail by segregation methods. The term "juvenile prisoner," which, before the establishment of the juvenile court, meant prisoners under 16 years of age, has been expanded by Jailer John L. Whitman to mean prisoners under 20 years of age. Accordingly, the "juvenile department" of the jail now includes prisoners between 16 and 20 years old.

The arrangement by which the juveniles have been segregated has been in effect but a short time, but the results have justified the experiment. Under the segregation arrangements the younger prisoners are housed by themselves on the seventh tier, and instead of meeting the older criminals in the general exercising corridors during the day, they spend their time in the schoolroom under the general direction of their teacher, Mrs. Mary Cliff.

In explaining his latest move to benefit his charges Jailor Whitman said yesterday:

"Many of the older boys wanted the schooling, and they needed it. There is a wide difference between the average prisoner under 20 and the average over that age, and it is better for the younger prisoners to be by themselves. They have shown that they appreciate the privileges extended to them by their conduct since being segregated."

Boys Are Given a Library.

In addition to their separate housing and separate exercise grounds, the juveniles have been given a separate library by the Lake View Woman's club. Yesterday sixty-four volumes were placed on the shelves in the school room, and the number will be increased to 100 in a few days. As soon as the books are worn out, the club will replace them. In addition to these books, the boys have access to the books of the general library. The volumes selected by the club are sufficiently simple to be read and understood and are of a character to take the boys' tastes away from the "dime novel" style of literature, to which many of them owe their delinquencies.

One of the recent movements of the younger prisoners is the organization of an association, which is an adjunct of the Moral Improvement association of the jail. The members meet every Monday evening and are entertained with songs, readings, and lectures. One object of the association is to regulate the personal habits of the members, and there is a committee which looks after the condition in which the members keep their cells.

First Schooling for Many.

During the morning intermission from their cells the juveniles attend classes. Mrs. Cliff is teaching them the elementary branches, and not a few of them are receiving practically their first schooling. The first half hour of the afternoon session is given over to reading, and the last hour to calesthenics. A piano in the school room affords the music to which the boys go through their exercises, under the direction of a leader chosen from their number.

Drill hour is to the boys a welcome relaxation from the inactivity of jail life, and their young leader spares no trouble to keep them moving. In a short time plans for regularly directed calesthenics for the adult prisoners will also be in operation.

New Office for Earl of Onslow.

LONDON, May 19.—The earl of Onslow, the colonial under secretary, has been appointed president of the board of agriculture, in succession to the late Mr. Hanbury.

New Train Service to French Lick and West Baden Springs.

A parlor and dining car now leaves Chicago at 12 o'clock noon, arrives at the Springs at 8:45 p. m. Leaves Springs 9 a. m., arrives Chicago 5:55 p. m. Reservations at Monon Route city office, 232 Clark street. Tel. Har. 1265.

DEATH FATE OF MISSING OFFICER

Five Members of Constabulary Fall in Fight Where They Slay 35 Natives.

CONDITION IN CEBU BAD.

Many Insurgents in the Field, and Strong Measures to Repress Them Are Promised.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

MANILA, May 19.—Lieut. Walker of the constabulary, who yesterday was reported missing after the recent fighting in the island of Cebu, was killed by a superior force of fanatical Pulajanes, which surrounded the lieutenant's party. Two privates of the constabulary also were killed and three were captured. Two of these prisoners were murdered. One escaped. Thirty-five of the fanatics were killed.

The situation in some of the districts of Cebu is regarded as serious. It is reported that the total of the bands of insurgents in the field exceeds 1,500. Col. Taylor of the constabulary reports that the enemy's forces are dispersing. He says the constabulary is capable of suppressing the disorders and predicts an improvement in the situation. It is believed here that the adoption of energetic measures will be necessary to suppress the disturbances.

Brave Cavalryman Known.

William Balion formerly a private in the Fifteenth cavalry, is the cavalryman who alone checked the rush of the insurgents at Suciatan, island of Mindanao, on May 15, and defended the American dead and wounded until relieved.

It was at Suciatan that Capt. Clough Overton and Private Harry Noyes were killed and Private Harlow was wounded by fifty insurgent prisoners whom they were guarding. The fourth member of the party was Ballon, who was not wounded.

Cardinals to Pick Archbishop.

ROME, May 19.—The commission of five cardinals appointed at the time Gov. Taft was in Rome to deal with Philippine affairs is now busy with the nominations of bishops for the archipelago. The commission is composed of Cardinals Rampolla, Serafino Vannutelli, Steinhuber, Vives y Tuto, and Satolli, the last replacing Cardinal Gotti when Gotti was made prefect of the propaganda.

At its next meeting the commission will appoint an archbishop of Manila, but the date of the meeting has not been fixed, as the commission is waiting for information from Spain about two Philippine priests that Archbishop Guidi proposed for bishops of Cebu and Vigan, or the Camarines. Information has been especially asked for regarding Mgr. Nozaleda, the former archbishop of Manila.

The commission will also decide ecclesiastical questions referring to Cuba, especially the appointments of bishops of Pinar del Rio and Cienfuegos.

PEASANTS RISE IN SARATOFF.

Reports in St. Petersburg That They Are Burning Houses of Landowners and Doing Other Violence.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, May 19.—A dispatch to the Lokal Anzeiger from St. Petersburg says that the peasants of the Saratoff district are burning the residences of landowners and committing other excesses.

Unraveling Salonica Plots.

SALONICA, May 19.—Important disclosures have been made and a quantity of explosives has been found as a result of the arrest of Stojan, the proprietor of the shop from which a tunnel was dug to the Ottoman bank and used in the destruction of the bank by dynamite April 20. It is also learned that Boris Sarafoff, the leading Macedonian agitator, was here recently and visited the prominent Bulgarian residents.

NEW SAILORS' PALACE OPENED.

Prince and Princess of Wales Attend Ceremony, During Which American Women Add to Funds.

LONDON, May 19.—The prince and princess of Wales today opened the new sailors' palace erected in the Limehouse district of this city at a cost of $180,000 by the British and Foreign Sailors' society. A large number of American women were present and handed purses to the princess for the fitting up of the "American room." Ambassador Choate, in seconding a vote of thanks to the prince of Wales at the opening of the institution, emphasized the interest which Americans took in this sailors' society. The American women of London, he said, never lost an opportunity of showing public spirit in all such causes.

AMERICANS IN AUTO CONTEST.

W. K. Vanderbilt Jr. Tells Judges That Automobiling in America Is Killed by Adverse Laws.

PARIS, May 19.—C. Gray Dinsmore, W. K. Vanderbilt Jr., and "Tod" Sloan, were among the Americans who qualified today for the section of the Paris-Madrid automobile race which starts from Versailles at 3 o'clock next Sunday morning. Replying to a question by one of the judges, Mr. Vanderbilt said that automobiling in America was practically killed, owing to adverse legislation, speed limits, and poor roads. Foxhall Keene and W. T. Dannat are among the Americans who have qualified for tomorrow's section of the race. There are 314 entries in all.

PALMA MAY VETO LOTTERY BILL

Havana Newspaper Says President Is Opposed to Mode of Raising Money Approved by Senate.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

HAVANA, May 19.—According to the Discusion President Palma will veto the lottery bill if congress passes it. The senate has already approved the lottery plan. It is also said that Palma has decided not to interfere in the pending appointment of three bishops to the newly established dioceses of Cuba. President Palma has received from the Sons of the American Revolution a picture commemorating the first anniversary of the establishment of the Cuban republic. Preparations are being made for the celebration tomorrow of Independence day.

New Post for Earl of Onslow.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, May 19.—The earl of Onslow, under secretary of state for the colonies since 1900, has been appointed minister president of the board of agriculture vice the Rt. Hon. Robert William Hanbury, deceased.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

MR. AND MRS. L. NATHAN OF 200 BLUE Island avenue announce their twenty-fifth wedding anniversary, Sunday, May 24. Reception afternoon and evening. No cards.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

STENOGRAPHER AND OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young lady; state age and salary wanted. Address W B 362, Tribune.

McVICKER'S JAMES LITT, Lessee and Mgr. The Safest Theater in the World—30 Exits. POPULAR MAT. TODAY. WHEN JOHNNY COMES MARCHING HOME "CRINOLINES ALL COLORS AND SHADES HERE ARE WORN BY THE PRETTIEST MAIDS."

WORTH JOCKEY CLUB. 21—DAYS' RACING—21 Commencing Wednesday, April 29. Ending Friday, May 22. SIX OR MORE RACES EACH DAY, COMMENCING AT 2:30 P. M. MUSIC BY BANKS CREGIER'S ORCHESTRA. Special trains on Wabash R. R. Dearborn station (Polk street), direct to grand stand as follows: 7:15 a. m., 9:15 a. m., 12:30 p. m., 12:40 p. m., 12:50 p. m., 1:05 p. m., 1:20 p. m., 1:35 p. m., 2:06 p. m. All trains stop at 22d-st., 51st-st. and 63d-st. All trains daily except Sundays. Returning, one special train will leave Worth Racetrack each day after the fifth race; all other trains immediately after close of last race. Also regular suburban trains to Chicago Ridge at 8:05 and 8:50 a. m., except Sunday, and 9:35 a. m. Sunday only. Fare on all special trains, 25c round trip. ADMISSION - - - $1.00

POWERS' LAST WEEK. Evenings at 8:15. Last Mat. Saturday. JULIA MARLOWE In George W. Cable's Southern Romance, THE CAVALIER. May 25th—Seat Sale Tomorrow at 9 a. m. Mail Orders Now Being Filled. THE LITTLE PRINCESS PRICES—Orchestra - - $1.00 and $1.50; Dress Circle - - - $1.00; Balcony - - - 50c and 75c; Boxes - - - $6.00 and $13.00

ILLINOIS Every Night, Including Sundays. Regular Mats. FIRST MATINEE TODAY AT 2. Sam S. Schubert and Nixon and Zimmerman's Musical Comedy Success OF THE Century. A Chinese Honeymoon. Popular Prices—50c, 75c, $1, and $1.50. Mail Orders Must Include Remittance.

THE TENDERFOOT. An Operatic Comedy AT THE DEARBORN with BEST OF ALL.

OLYMPIC CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE. Emmet Corrigan & Co. Nichols Sisters. Fredericks Bros. & Burns. Charles Harris. Inez McCauley. Mr. & Mrs. Swickard. Winona & Banks Winter. Sankey Brothers. Green & Warner. Kilroy & Britton. Carolyn Young. The Acme Trio. Scully & Phelps. The 5 Geyers. The Kinodrome. Annie Moore. PRICES—10, 20, AND 30 CENTS.

HAYMARKET CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE. 5—Eretto Family—5. Elizabeth Murray. Billy Van. Wilfred Clark & Co. Bruno & Russell. Avaron & Aragon. Mr. & Mrs. Waterous. Louis Fialkowski. Ramsey Sisters. Tossing Austins. Josephine Coles. The Reuters. Hunter Brothers. Paddy Murphy. The Kinodrome. Clark Sisters. PRICES—5, 10, 20 AND 25 CENTS.

CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE. Robert Hilliard & Co. Gilbesarette Troupe. Musical Dale. Foy & Clark. Howard & Bland. Weston & Allen. John T. Tierney. Bingman & Adonis. George H. Adams Four. Ramza & Arno. Reiff Brothers. Lizzie McKeever. Mr. & Mrs. Mathieu. Marsh & Sartella. The Kinodrome. George Godfrey. PRICES—10, 20, AND 30 CENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE EVERY EVENING, INCLUDING SUNDAY, AT 7:45 O'CLOCK MATINEE TODAY AT 2 P. M. WEBER & FIELDS' All-Star Stock Co. PRESENTING TWIRLY-WHIRLY and THE STICKINESS of RELATIVE HOPKINS Matinee Every Day. Tel., 643 Harrison. THE UTOPIAN BURLESQUERS and THIRTY-FIVE LOVELY GIRLS.

MASONIC TEMPLE CAMILLE D'ARVILLE Hayes & Healey. Empire Comedy Four. Scott Bros. Alice Raymond. Hanlon & Stager. Wylie's Trained Dogs. Morris Cronin Trio. Next Week—CHAS. ROSS & MABEL FENTON

GREAT NORTHERN POSITIVELY THE LAST WEEK. GET SEATS NOW. YORK STATE FOLKS Don't overlook the 25c Mat. Today.

LA SALLE THEATER Madison-st., bet. Clark and La Salle. Tel. Main. 1779. THE VOYAGERS Headed by DAVE LEWIS & MAYME GEHRUE Mats. Tues., Thurs., Sat., Sun.

SAM T. JACK'S Madison-st., nr. State. Tel. Cent. 2193. 2 Big Shows Every Day at 2 and 8. SAM T. JACK'S CASINO DE PARIS FOLIES CO PRICES—10, 20, 30, 50.

TROCADERO. State & Van Buren-sts. Tel. 2097. Mat. Daily, 10, 20, 30, 50c. Smoke if you like. Sea-Side Belle Burlesquers. RUTH EVERETT—The Original Mechanical Doll. MLLE. RETTA—The Oriental Mystery.

SOUTH SIDE BALL PARK. BASE BALL TODAY. NEW YORK vs. CHICAGO. GAME CALLED AT 3:30 P. M.

Nasturtiums Vaughan's Special Mixture Includes the wonderful Chameleons, with different flowers on a single plant; from a single seed; and the new ruffled varieties in every color. Each seed. Price, oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c. Good mixture, ¼ lb., 20c. VAUGHAN'S CHICAGO PARKS LAWN GRASS The best permanent mixture. Makes close velvety turf. No foul seeds, no weeds. New seeds sure to grow. Write or call. Per lb., 30c; 5 lbs., $1.00; 10 lbs., $1.75. Vaughan's Seed Store 84 and 86 Randolph Catalogue free. St.

GREGOR K. MAKES WORTH RECORD.

Lowers Time for Mile and a Sixteenth to 1:46 in the Feature Event.

LINGUIST'S GOOD RACE.

Trainer Phillips Sends Horse to Post with a Patent Bit and He Wins.

The performances of Gregor K. and Linguist, a pair of promising Derby candidates, were features at Worth yesterday. They won their respective races so impressively and in such marvelously good time, considering the strong wind which blew up the stretch, that they were tabbed as factors in the blue ribbon event to be contested at Washington park next month.

Their races yesterday compare favorably with the best shown here by Au Revoir, thought by some to be the best 3 year old which has performed at the local track this season. The Bennett Derby aspirant was given a setback by Linguist early in the meeting, when, however, he was not at his best, and it must be said in favor of Cook's colt that his last defeat was caused by a troublesome sore mouth and a tendency to run out at every turn.

Linguist Wins All the Way.

Yesterday Trainer Phillips sent him to the post well hooded and with a patent bit, which made him run as straight as a string, with the result he won from barrier rise to finish, and, with the exception of a slight hustle at the sixteenth pole to stall off Soothsayer's rush through the stretch, won handily. Dan McKenna, J. C. Milam's Derby possibility, was third. The time for the distance—one mile and seventy yards—1:44 3-5, was only three-fifths of a second slower than the track record hung up by Alfred C. on Monday.

Linguist's race, good as it was, hardly came up to that of Gregor K. at one and one-sixteenth miles in the feature event of the day. W. M. Hedges' gelding gave away lumps of weight to Bondage, Thane, and Rolling Boer, the other starters, and ran the distance in 1:46 flat, a cut of two-fifths of a second off the track record, which was held jointly by Nitrate and Denman Thompson.

Local turf followers would now like to see Gregor K., Linguist, and Au Revoir hook up at any distance between a mile and mile and a sixteenth at equal weights, as they are undoubtedly the best Derby aspirants uncovered here this season.

Gregor K. an Outsider.

In the handicap Gregor K. was the extreme outsider in the betting. His opening price was 4, which drifted to 5, at which figure his admirers went to him, forcing his odds down to 3, and at post time there was plenty of 4 to 1 in sight. Rolling Boer, on the strength of his victory last Thursday at 1¼ miles, with 114 pounds up, was the selection, with Thane the second choice.

To a good start P. Phillip took the Hedges gelding to the front, and at the end of the first quarter had gained a lead of two lengths. This was cut to a length by Bondage in the race down the backstretch, but rounding the far turn Gregor again moved away and hit the straight with a margin of a length and a half in his favor over Arthur's trick. Thane, which had been chasing Bondage, began to lag, and soon gave way to the Boer horse. With the wire in sight the boys set down to ride in earnest, but they maintained their respective positions throughout the stretch, the first three—Gregor K., Bondage, and Rolling Boer—finishing lengths apart as named.

Interest in the first race was centered in Lucien Appleby, his first start of the season. The event, a five furlong dash, was conceded to Tom Carey's filly, Nellie Waddell, and she won it, but if Appleby had a race or two under his belt the result might have been different. As it was Lucien made a bold bid and finished a good second. He was back heavily to run in the money.

Compass came to life suddenly, and, backed down from 9 to 7 to 1, won the mile and a quarter race in which Gin Spray was the top heavy favorite.

Worth Summaries May 19.

Weather clear, track fast.

First race, 5½ furlongs, purse $400:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
1-2	Nel. Waddell, 105 [Otis]	3½	2½	2½	1½	1½	1-2
12-1	Appleby, 110 [Henry]	1½	3½	3½	2½	2½	2-1
20-1	M. Johnson, 107 [P. Phillips]	4½	4½	4½	3½	3½	3-1

Time, 1:07 2-5. Never Fret, 110 pounds [C. Gray]; Haviland, 110 [Dominick]; Fade Away, 105 [W. Knapp]; Gold Runner, 110 [A. Bell]; Clifton Boy, 107 [Robbins]; Tross, 110 [Shilling]; Lee Stinson, 110 [Venters]; Sol, 107 [C. Harris]; finished as named. Winner, b. c., by Julius—May Wagner. Start fair. Won easily. Mayor Johnson showed sudden improvement.

Second race, ¾ mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
12-1	Pirate, 103 [A. Hall]	4½	2½	2½	2½	1½	1-2
15-1	Moran, 98 [Treanor]	5½	1½	1½	1½	2½	2-1
3-1	Fog, 89 [H. Phillips]	3½	3½	3½	4½	3½	3-1

Time, 1:29 1-5. Lucy Locket, 96 pounds [J. Booker]; Olivilo, 91 [W. Knapp]; Dr. Worth II., 91 [Hinkle]; Courage, 93 [Shilling]; Sir Claus, 105 [P. Phillips], finished as named. Winner, b. g., by Pirate of Penzance—Gallon. Start good. Won easily. Nimble Nag finished going fast.

Third race, 1 mile and 70 yards, purse $500, 3 year olds:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
4-1	Isolator, 108 [Dominick]	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1-2
6-1	Soothsayer, 105 [A. Hall]	3½	4½	4½	3½	2½	2-1
10-1	D. McKenna, 108 [C. Gray]	5	5	5	5	3½	3-1

1:44 3-5. Sarah Maxim, 99 pounds [Robbins]; Prodigal Son, 100 [W. Knapp], finished as named. Winner, ch. c., by Linden—Ella H. Good start. Won in a canter; Linguist displayed fine speed throughout and the result was never in doubt.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles, purse $700, handicap:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
4-1	Gregor K., 102 [P. Phillips]	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1-2
3-1	Bondage, 99 [Robbins]	3½	2½	2½	2½	2½	2-1
3-1	Rolling Boer, 107 [Henry]	2½	3½	3½	3½	3½	3-1

Time, 1:46. Thane, 108 pounds [Dominick], also ran. Winner, b. g., by Phoenix—Kola. Good start. Won easily. Gregor K. set a hot pace throughout.

Fifth race, 1 miles, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
3-1	Compass, 102 [J. Booker]	2½	4½	4½	2½	1½	1-2
4-1	Chin, 111 [C. Bell]	5½	2½	2½	1½	2½	2-1
11-10	Gin Spray, 104 [Robbins]	7	5½	5½	3½	3½	3-1

Time, 2:08 2-5. Prince Webb, 104 pounds [J. Wilson]; My Joe, 104 [Webb]; False Lead, 106 [C. Gray]; Dutch Carter, 104 [H. Phillips], finished as named. Winner, b. m., by Badge—Actress. Start good. Won easily.

Sixth race, ½ mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
7-5	Thin, 107 [C. Bell]	2½	1½	1½	1½	1-2
3-1	Aleo, 108 [Dominick]	3½	2½	2½	2½	2-1
20-1	Golinda, 104 [Treanor]	1½	3½	3½	3½	3-1

Time, 1:27. I. Samelson, 106 pounds [R. Estell]; Hickory Corners, 88 [J. Booker]; Henry of Trastamare, 105 [Shilling]; Canyon, 102 [Henry]; Fullback, 99 [Robbins], finished as named. Winner, ch. m., by St. Leonards—Harpsichord. Start good. Won easily.

Worth Entries.

First race, ¾ mile. 3 year olds:

Merrydight	110 Filly Deck 105
Tom Murphy	110 Nautrage 105
Rishi	110 Jet 105
Floral Wreath	105 Annola 105

Second race, 4½ furlongs, 2 year olds:

Wm. Wright	112 Gilsten 109
Manshak	112 Toni Reed 109
Katie Powers	109 Peter Paul 109
St. Paula	109 Riceful 97

Third race, ¾ mile, 3 year olds and upward, selling:

Zibia	100 Oscar 90
Henry of Trastamare	106 The Caxton 90
Cavo	104 Anne 90
Sister Kate II	104 The Cedars 93
Aboun	102 Lola L. 95
Rainow	102 Merciful 93
Safeguard	101 Crucero 90

Fourth race, 1 mile, 3 year olds and upward, owners' handicap:

Golden Rule	100 Rankin 82
Bear Ormonde	88 Flying Torpedo 81
Hussah	88

Fifth race, 1¼ miles, 4 year olds and upward, selling:

Bonnie Lizzak	105 El Ghor 100
Moor	103 Dutch Carter 98
Prince of Africa	102 John A. Clarke 98
Mary Moore	101

Sixth race, 1 mile, 4 year olds and upward, selling:

James J. Corbett	116 Leo Newell 108
Zone	113 Anchor 108
Cyzone	113 King Bermuda 108
Limelight	113 Artesio 107
Essence	112 Tibs 107
Morcot	111 Gracious 106
Omdurman	111 Ermack 102
Ida V.	111

Notes of the Worth Track.

Gin Spray ran away below the notch expected.

Canyon was heavily backed to run third in the last race.

Jockey Otis earned his first local bracket on Nellie Waddell.

Rankin, Moor, and Flying Torpedo were scratched out of the handicap.

Annie Thompson, which won the last race, was played in every poolroom in the country.

H. T. Marshall has written from Louisville for stable room for his five steeplechasers.

Golden Rule, which it was announced would not be permitted to start during the remainder of the Worth meeting, is entered in the Owners' handicap to be run today.

"Brown Dick" telegraphed for seventeen stalls for the detachment of Fred Cook's horses he is training.

Charley Ellison's horses, thirteen in number, including Skillful, Harry New, Capt. Arnold, Bard of Avon, Esherson, Lyman Hay, and J. P. Mayberry, arrived from Louisville yesterday.

HORSE BREAKS DOWN, BUT WINS

Luke Ward First in Great Finish at Morris Park—Baychester Stake to Brigand.

New York, May 19.—[Special.]—So keenly fought was the six furlong handicap at Morris park today, with the result in doubt to the last stride, with six horses spread across the track so close together a blanket would have covered all, that the great crowd present went wild with excitement. To cap the climax, the winner, Luke Ward, went so lame that his jockey, Bullman, dismounted after the finish, and it is said he really broke down a half a furlong from the finish.

This was the race of the day beyond question. Musketeer, whose owner feared he would not come down the incline well, was beaten about ten inches, with St. Daniel, closing like a lion, and Intunta, Homestead, and Knight Harlem right on the heels of the first two. Luke Ward's gameness in winning after breaking down elicited much favorable comment.

James Galway's colors were first past the post in the Baychester stakes, worth $1,910 to the winner. Brigand was last off, but the other horses left so big a gap next the rail that Fuller shoved his mount along, and by the time three furlongs were covered was in front. It was not until they were well down the hill that Reliance, a 4 to 5 favorite, began to close on Brigand, and at the finish he seemed to be going stronger than Galway's colt, which was then beginning to feel the effects of the early pacemaking.

The sale of Maj. Daingerfield was reported at the track today. He was sold for $25,000 to W. B. Leeds. J. E. Madden sold the two fillies, Marmee and Marriage Bells, to Thomas L. Watt for $9,000. Summaries:

First race, 18-16 mile, selling—The Carmelite, 102 pounds [O'Neill], 4 to 1, won; St. Sever, 109 [Fuller], 3 to 1, second; Rene, 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:52. Petit Bleu, Blue and Orange, Royal Pirate, Saddancee, Hist, and True Blue also ran.

Second race, 9-16 mile—Inflexible, 108 pounds [Burns], 4 to 1, won; Collector Jessup, 113 [Jenkins], 8 to 2, second; Masedo, 7 to 2, third. Time, :52. Tim Sullivan, Jim Kelly, Jocund, Strephen, Rockaway, Mohican, Bass, and Gunwad also ran.

Third race, Bay Chester, 1 mile—Brigand, 103 pounds [Fuller], 8 to 1, won; Reliable, 110 [Burns], 4 to 5, second; Sungold, 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:39¾. Red Knight, Duke of Kendal, Rigoden, Flying Jib, and Stamping Ground also ran.

Fourth race, ¾ mile—Stolen Moments, 99 pounds [Gannon], even, won; Mesmer, 104 [Cochran], 5 to 2, second; Wyndell, 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:26¾. Ink, Sentinel, Nic Longworth, Tristesse, Sun Shower, Northern Light, Caterpillar, Twin Rose, and Mollie Monopole also ran.

Fifth race, 1 mile, selling—Torchlight, 105 pounds [Burns], 2 to 1, won; Past, 92 [Desouza], 2 to 1, second; Bar le Duc, 16 to 1, third. Time, 1:41¾. Lord Advocate, Glennevis, and Drummond also ran.

Sixth race, ¾ mile—Luke Ward, 125 pounds [Bullman], 6 to 1, won; The Musketeer, 128 [Fuller], 11 to 5, second; St. Daniel, 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:15. Knight of Harlem, Futurita, Homestead, Tim D. Jr., Orloff, Semper Vivum, and Contend also ran.

ENTRIES.

First race, handicap, Eclipse course—Remorse, 110 pounds; Invincible, 106; Illyria, 98; General Pris, 97; Pipe, 89; Ondurdis, 85.

Second race, 9-16 mile, 2 year olds, selling—Sailor Knot, 104 pounds; Miss Nancy, 102; The Brown Monarch, 101; Gold Ribbon, 98; Bluish, 97; St. Roche, 94; All Colors, 88; O'er the Rhine, Mimon, Any Day, 86.

Third race, ¾ mile, 2 year olds, selling—Montpelier, Lord Haven, 107 pounds; Matinée Girl, 104; Gold Ribbon, 99; Bally Castle, Circulator, Sails, Fortune Hunter, 97; Red Light, Sir Walt, 94; Alpino, Grande Vitesse, 89.

Fourth race, Meadowbrook steeplechase, about 2¼ miles—Zenus, Glenvarlock, 166 pounds; Kate Shorenwood, 161; Polonius, 153; The Virginian, 149; Tchula, 140; May Harrison, 137; Osprey, 132.

Fifth race, Withers mile, selling—Knight of the Garter, Justice, Oak, 109 pounds; Dr. Rubin, 107; Scoffer, 105; Ella Snyder, Cincinnatus, Showman, 100; Pittacus, 97; Pastoral, 96.

Sixth race, Highweight handicap, 15-16 mile—Grand Opera, 135 pounds; Oom Paul, 132; Young Henry, 130; Saccharometer, 125; Lord Badge, 116; Flying Buttress, Fred Ackerman, 115; Colonel Ed, Sevor, St. Denis, Bey, 107; Sparkle Eaher, 105; Blue Victor, 104; First Chord, 100.

LEMCO WINS KENTUCKY OAKS.

Feature Race of Louisville's Closing Day Is Landed by Corrigan—Favorite Outside the Money.

Louisville, Ky., May 19.—This was get away day at Churchill Downs. The track was fast and the fields well balanced. The feature of the card was the Kentucky Oaks, at one and one-sixteenth miles, for 3 year old fillies, with a value of $3,000. It was won by Ed Corrigan's Lemco, with the longest odds on the board, 30 to 1, against her. Esherin, the hotly backed favorite, finished outside the money. The favorites won three of the six events, although the entry in the second were at prohibitive odds. Summaries:

First race, ¾ mile, selling—Jigger, 105 pounds [Castro], 3 to 2, won; Class Leader, 93 [Helgesen], 4 to 1, second; Miss Chapman, 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:16¾. S. A. B., Heroine, Staloyius, Wadding March, Guardian, and Feronia also ran. S. A. B. was left.

Second race, ¾ mile—Toah, 114 pounds [Winkfield], 1 to 10, coupled, won; Golden Glitter, 107 [Beauchamp], 25 to 1, second; Hernando, 1 to 10, coupled, third. Time, 1:18¾. Ann Rose, Daisy Hawthorne, and Gleam Light also ran. Our Jessie and Emily Belle were left.

Third race, ¾ mile, selling—Plents, 95 pounds [Helgesen], 4 to 1, won; Grand Mary, 97 [Romanelli], 3 to 1, second; Tom Kingsley, 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:15. Jake Greenberg, Insolence, The Bronze Demon, Little Corker, Ed Lee, and Anglesea also ran.

Fourth race, Kentucky Oaks, 1 1-16 miles, $3,000 value—Lemco, 112 pounds [J. Reiff], 30 to 1, won; Mary Lavina, 112 [Helgesen], 5 to 1, second; The Crisis, 112 [H. Booker], 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:49¾. Two Lick, Esherin, Ilmarinen, Flora Willoughby, and Arvolod also ran.

Fifth race, steeplechase, short course—Lord Radnor, 150 pounds [Helder], 3 to 1, won; Helen Paxton, 137 [Hayes], 5 to 1, second; Handvice, 2¾ to 1, third. Time, 2:51¾. Pat My Boy, Tow Boyd, Ada S. G., Dagmar, and Tatar also ran.

Sixth race, ¾ mile, selling—Quisseful, 94 pounds [Helgesen], 2 to 1, won; Blindfold, 110 [Beauchamp], 5 to 1, second; Prism, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:42. Chickadee, King Tatius, Arachua, Little Duchess II., and Buckley also ran.

Race Results at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., May 19.—The card, barring the fourth race, was ordinary at the fair grounds today. Elastic got off first in the feature event, but was overtaken by Santa Ventura and Nickey D. and at one time he was nine lengths in the rear. This distance was overcome in the stretch and he won by a length and a half galloping. Summaries:

First race, 9-16 mile—Billy Jackson, 104 pounds [Battiste], 10 to 1, won; Allen's St. Luke, 105 [J. Evans], 7 to 1, second; Mengis, 7 to 1, third. Time, :57¾. Bonnie Bob, Buck Wynne, Red Monarch, Colin George, and Chevy also ran.

Second race, 1 mile and 70 yards—Charles Ramsey, 108 pounds [Munro], 7 to 2, won; Blue Sea, 104 [Sheehan], 10 to 1, second; Dr. Faust, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:48. Tuckapaw, Rochester, Miss Chanley, Chopin, Pamplona, Basileus, Chorus Boy, Ecome, Sapollo, and Cast Iron also ran.

Third race, ¾ mile—Imboden, 107 pounds [Battiste], 2 to 1, won; Malafala, 105 [D. Austin], 4 to 5, second; Lonians, 40 to 1, third. Time, 1:02¾. Bird Pond and Wigwam also ran.

Fourth race, ¾ mile—Elastic, 114 pounds [C. Bonner], 13 to 5, won; Santa Ventura, 99 [Walsh-wright], 30 to 1, second; Nickey D., 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:14. Jack Young, Father Wentker, Buccleuth, Louis Wagner, and Lady Strathmore also ran. Kindred was left.

Fifth race, ¾ mile—Howling Dervish, 106 pounds [C. Bonner], 3 to 2, won; Ben Lear, 101 [L. Wilson], 3 to 1, second; Dear Hunter, 100 to 1, third. Time, 1:15¾. Sardian, Gov. Tanner, Jim Crow, St. Vitus, Budweiser, Welcome Light, Stub, Bear Creek, and Custus also ran.

Sixth race, 1 mile and 70 yards—Kisme, 101 pounds [L. Wilson], 7 to 5, won; Kingstelle, 104 [A. Austin], 9 to 5, second; Kitty Clyde, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:46. Our Lady, King's Pet, Dominis, The Messenger, and Dawson also ran.

ENTRIES.

First race, ¾ mile—Milky Wave, Geortuga, Edith Mack, 100 pounds; Jean Gravie, Araxes, Scepter, 107; Ansieger, 97; Lucius M., 110; Salinas, Kim, 102; Duke Shumaway, Vineland, Signora Pierson, Maud Durbin, 106.

Second race, ¾ mile—Gus Heidorn, Old Stone, 111 pounds; Major Pelham, Burrows, Brilliants, 106; Sartor Resartus, Ora McKinney, W. F. Palmer, 103.

Third race, 11-16 mile—Martin Brady, 97 pounds; Bonnie Esther, Marshal Key, 106; Dr. Rutledge, 106; Japan, 106; Barancas, 113; Rainland, 113.

Fifth race, 4½ furlongs—Tammany Queen, 110 pounds; Odeon, 110; Jennie Moore, 110; My Jane, 110; May Combs, 110; Phendre, 110; Geranium, 110; Sue W., 110; Cassie Schuler, 107.

Sixth race, selling, 7 furlongs—Watch Girl, 100 pounds; John Drake, 102; Phosphorus, 102; Tufts, 105; Nellie Brown, 100; Sortie, 99; Invictus, 104; Col. Anderson, 102; C. W. W., 105; Frank Mc, 99; St. Bluff, 102; Balloon, 97.

YARDARM FOR THE BROOKLYN.

Thomas May Start His Derby Candidate in Big Handicap—Hermis Will Not Go to Post.

[BY T. J. GALLAGHER.]

New York, May 19.—[Special.]—There is reliable information that the American Derby candidate, Yardarm, will carry the colors of E. R. Thomas in the Brooklyn handicap on Thursday of next week. He is weighted at 96 pounds, and the manner in which he carried 95 yesterday at Morris Park encourages the belief that he will be a contender in the big field of high class performers that will probably start.

Mr. Thomas authorized the statement that Hermis would not be a starter in the Brooklyn, but would probably be reserved for the Suburban, or until ready for a hard race in the judgment of his trainer, Jimmy McCormick. Asked about the possibility of a match between Hermis and McChesney, Mr. Thomas declared he would not make a match of any kind.

There is ground for the belief that Irish Lad will be sent to the post in the Brooklyn handicap, and then sent to Chicago to get acclimated for the rich event at Washington park. The colt is understood to be the property of Herman B. Duryea, but is trained by J. W. Rogers, who also has charge of William C. Whitney's string, which includes the Brooklyn and Suburban candidates, Gunfire, Goldsmith, and Leonora Loring.

Whitney Horse Wins Craven Plate.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, May 19.—The Craven plate of 150 sovereigns at the opening of the York spring meeting today was won by William C. Whitney's Pan Michael, ridden by Martin. John Osborne's Rooster Crag was second, and H. Sandford's Craigmount third. Four other horses ran. The betting was 4 to 7 on the winner.

EASY MARK FOR THE CHAMPION.

"Young Corbett" Knocks Out Jack Keefe of East St. Louis in the Third Round.

St. Louis, Mo., May 19.—[Special.]—Jack Keefe of East St. Louis was knocked out by "Young Corbett" in the third round tonight at the West End club.

Keefe has a good record among local men and is heavier and taller than the champion. He did the sprint act in the opening round, but was knocked down clean near its close. The second was a rattling round. They mixed it and Keefe landed several jolts to no avail on the champion, who lifted Keefe with upper cuts and sent him back with short arm jabs.

They went to a clinch shortly after the opening of the third. After the break Corbett put a left to the body and a vicious right swing to the jaw. As Keefe sunk to the floor Corbett nodded to the crowd as if to say: "That will be about all tonight."

IOWA TO PLAY IN CHICAGO.

Hawkeye State University Team Will Meet Northwestern at Football on Nov. 14.

Iowa City, Ia., May 19.—[Special.]—The Iowa athletic board of control today scheduled a football game with Northwestern university, to be played in Chicago on Nov. 14. The Chicago university team will be out of town on that date. The Iowa-Northwestern game is highly favored by Iowa students and alumni, who desire a Chicago game annually. Iowa had played regularly in Chicago since 1898 until last fall. Iowa expects to have a strong team next year, and the game with McCornack's eleven is expected to be well contested.

Purdue's 1903 Football Dates.

Lafayette, Ind., May 19.—Manager Leslie has arranged Purdue's football schedule for the coming season, as follows: Sept. 20, Culver at Lafayette; Oct. 3, Franklin at Lafayette; Oct. 10, Chicago at Chicago; Oct. 17, Illinois at Lafayette; Oct. 24, Oberlin at Lafayette; Nov. 7, Northwestern at Lafayette; Nov. 14, Kentucky university at Lexington; Nov. 21, Depauw at Lafayette; Nov. 28, Notre Dame at Lafayette. Efforts are being made to fill the open date, Oct. 31, with Michigan.

Preparing for School Track Meet.

Seventy teams and 400 athletes, representing at least ten states, are expected to take part in the second annual interscholastic meet to be held on Marshall field June 6. Director Stagg is making elaborate plans for the annual athletic frolic for the promising high school and academy track athletes. Engraved loving cups will be given to winners of first, second, and third places in all the events and banners will be given to the winners of the relay races. A big "welcome" will be given by the students June 5. One and one-third rates have been secured on the various railroads for the visiting athletes.

Notes of the Midway Athletes.

Chicago will meet Wisconsin this afternoon on Marshall field in baseball. Maxwell or Howe will pitch for Chicago.

The university coeds will begin a series of baseball games this afternoon for the coed championship of the university. The juniors and seniors will play.

The second annual golf tournament will be held on Friday and Saturday. The present members of the team are Capt. Sloan, Ashley Dixon, Fred Pettit, and Boaf Pettit.

W. Rooney was elected captain and W. L. Gregory manager of the newly organized sophomore baseball team at the University of Chicago. The sophomores will challenge the freshmen.

Phi Delta Theta defeated Sigma Chi in the semi-finals of the interfraternity league yesterday by the score of 27 to 7. Delta Tau Delta will play the winner of the Phi Delta Theta-Alpha Delta Phi match for the fraternity championship.

Morin Defeats Harris.

Morin defeated Harris in an exciting finish in the thirty-seventh game of Mussey's three cushion tourney last night. Runs of four and six at the end gave Morin the victory by a score of 50 to 42 in seventy-nine innings.

LATONIA DERBY ON TODAY

RACE WILL FEATURE OPENING DAY AT CINCINNATI TRACK.

Prospect Excellent for a Good Day and a Fast Course—Bad News Is Favored for the Classic by the Talent, Judge Himes and Tancred Being Next in Choice — Horses Carded to Start Work Well and Are in Fine Condition.

Cincinnati, O., May 19.—[Special.]—The Latonia Jockey club opens its twenty-first spring meeting tomorrow with the seventeenth running of the Derby as its feature. The prospects for a successful meeting are splendid. The races are of a character to insure good fields. Over 1,000 horses are on the ground, many of them 2 year olds of class. The older horses are of inferior quality.

Nine 3 year olds are carded for the Derby, and if they all start the field will be the largest in the history of the race, eight having been the largest number in any previous Derby here. The race is at a mile and a half and will be worth more than $7,000. The entries:

Owner, horse, jockey.	Wt.
E. Corrigan's Maxey Blumenthal [J. Reiff]	110
Will H. Sayres' Tom Hall [E. Ellis]	114
P. Dunne's Rampoosa [J. Winkfield]	110
Stevens & Rutledge's Sailor's Dream [C. Kelly]	111
C. R. Ellison's Judge Himes [H. Booker]	127
John F. Schorr's Bell the Williams	114
S. S. Brown's Tancred [Helgerson]	114
T. C. McDowell's Woodlake (Crowhurst)	114
Woodford & Buckner's Bad News [B. Davis]	111

There is no class to the field. While Judge Himes won the Kentucky Derby; and on past performance is probably the best, the consensus of opinion is he cannot carry 127 pounds over a mile and a half and win.

The choice will be either Tancred or Bad News, the former most likely. Gold Bell worked the Derby distance over the Louisville track on Friday in 2:38 and will have a first class following. The others are given no chance by the handicappers. However, the race is an open one and apt to be won by any of them.

Entries for the other events:

First race, 6 furlongs—Alan-a-Dale, 114 pounds; Firing Line, 114; Whisky King, 114; Mansard, 99; Monsonhurst, 99; Glenwood, 116; Jack Ratlin, 106; Antolos, 103.

Second race, 1 mile, selling—Luigert, 97 pounds; Ponsolusa, 104; Grand Marais, 105; John J. Regan, 88; Kentucky Cardinal, 106; Love's Labor, 114; Frivol, 105; Mary Glenn, 96; Aimless, 100; Special Tax, 92; Moxie, 100; Golden Light, 105.

Third race, 5½ furlongs—Requisite, 106 pounds; Heritage, 106; Marshal Key, 106; Dr. Rutledge, 106; Japan, 106; Barancas, 113; Rainland, 113.

Fifth race, 4½ furlongs—Tammany Queen, 110 pounds; Odeon, 110; Jennie Moore, 110; My Jane, 110; May Combs, 110; Phendre, 110; Geranium, 110; Sue W., 110; Cassie Schuler, 107.

Sixth race, selling, 7 furlongs—Watch Girl, 100 pounds; John Drake, 102; Phosphorus, 102; Tufts, 105; Nellie Brown, 100; Sortie, 99; Invictus, 104; Col. Anderson, 102; C. W. W., 105; Frank Mc, 99; St. Bluff, 102; Balloon, 97.

BOSTON WINS FROM DETROIT.

Dineen Has Tigers at His Mercy and Collins' Team Takes Game by Score of 3 to 2.

Detroit, Mich., May 19.—Dineen had the locals at his mercy until the ninth inning today, when two errors and a hit gave them two runs. Mullin also pitched well, but a bad first inning wound up his chances. Score:

Detroit.	R	B	P	A	E	Boston.	R	B	P	A	E
Barrett, cf.	0	2	1	0	0	Do'herty, lf.	0	1	1	0	0
Lush, rf.	0	0	1	0	0	Collins, ss.	1	1	0	1	1
Cr'wford, lf.	0	0	1	0	0	O'Brien, cf.	1	1	3	0	0
Elb'field, ss.	1	0	2	3	0	Freeman, rf.	0	1	2	0	0
Carr, 1b.	1	1	2	8	0	Parent, ss.	1	2	3	2	2
Smith, 2b.	0	0	1	2	0	Lach'ce, 1b.	0	0	8	1	0
Yeager, 3b.	0	1	1	1	2	Ferris, 2b.	0	0	1	4	0
McA'ster, c.	0	1	12	1	0	Criger, c.	0	0	4	1	0
Mullin, p.	0	0	2	3	0	Dineen, p.	0	0	0	2	0
Totals.	2	5	27	12	2	Totals.	3	6	27	11	3

Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	—	3
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—	2

Two base hit—O'Brien. First on balls—Off Mullin, 2; off Dineen, 2. Stolen bases—Parent [2], Lachance, Criger. Struck out—By Mullin, 1; by Dineen, 8. Double play—Smith-McAllister-Carr. Attendance—2,840. Umpire—O'Loughlin. Time—1:55.

Cleveland, 9; Washington, 1.

Cleveland, O., May 19.—Washington could not hit Wright today, and Cleveland won easily, pounding Orth hard, especially in the eighth inning, when it secured four singles, a double, and a triple. Hickman's batting was a feature. Score:

Cleveland.	R	B	P	A	E	Washing'n.	R	B	P	A	E
Bay, cf.	1	2	3	0	0	Holmes, rf.	0	0	2	0	0
McCarthy, lf.	0	1	2	2	0	Selbach, lf.	0	0	3	0	0
Flick, rf.	2	1	2	0	0	Ryan, cf.	0	0	2	0	0
Hickman, 1b.	2	3	9	0	0	Carey, 1b.	0	1	5	0	0
Lajoie, 2b.	1	1	5	1	2	Coughlin, 3b.	0	1	2	0	0
Bradley, 3b.	1	0	2	0	0	Robinson, ss.	0	0	2	3	2
Goohnaur, ss.	0	1	3	1	1	Martin, 2b.	0	0	4	1	0
Bemis, c.	1	1	3	0	0	Clarke, c.	0	0	6	3	0
Wright, p.	1	2	0	2	0	Orth, p.	0	0	0	3	0
Totals.	9	12	27	8	3	Totals.	1	3	24	10	2

Cleveland	1	0	2	0	0	0	6	*	—	9	
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—	1

Two base hits—Bay, Wright, Flick, McCarthy. Three base hits—Hickman, Wright, Carey. Home run—Hickman. Stolen bases—Hickman, Bradley, Clarke. First on balls—By Orth, 1; by Wright, 1. Hit by pitched ball—By Orth, 1. Struck out—By Wright, 3; by Orth, 1. Wild pitch—Orth. Time—1:30. Umpire—Connolly. Attendance 2,028.

Philadelphia, 7; St. Louis, 4.

St. Louis, Mo., May 19.—St. Louis lost to Philadelphia today in a game in which errors played an important part. Waddell pitched for the visitors, but he was not effective, and better work in the field would have won for St. Louis. Powell pitched a fair game, but made two breaks, which proved costly. Score:

St. Louis.	R	B	P	A	E	Philadelp'a.	R	B	P	A	E
Burkett, lf.	0	1	6	0	0	Hoffman, lf.	0	0	1	0	1
Heidrick cf.	1	1	0	2	0	Pickering, cf.	0	1	1	0	0
Hemphill, rf.	1	2	3	1	1	Davis, lb.	1	1	9	0	0
Wallace, ss.	1	2	3	2	1	L. Cross, 3b.	2	2	3	2	0
Anderson, 1b.	0	1	5	0	0	Seybold, rf.	2	2	2	0	0
McCor'k, 2b.	0	0	1	3	0	Murphy, 2b.	0	0	3	4	0
Friel, 3b.	1	1	1	1	1	M. Cross, ss.	1	2	3	5	0
Bugden, c.	0	1	2	0	0	Schreck, c.	0	1	5	1	0
Powell, p.	0	0	0	0	1	Waddell, p.	0	0	0	1	0
Totals.	4	9	27	9	5	Totals.	7	11	27	13	1

St. Louis	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	—	4
Philadelphia	1	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	—	7

Two base hits—Wallace Burden Davis. Sacrifice hits—Burkett, Heidrick

SMOKELESS FIRE; ILLINOIS COAL

Members of Commercial Club See the Combination at Champaign.

STATE UNIVERSITY PLANT

Uniform Size of Fuel and Automatic Stoker Held to Be Essential Features.

In the interest of a cleaner Chicago fifty one members of the Commercial club and guests went to Champaign yesterday to investigate smoke preventive experiments at the University of Illinois. The men, many of them at the head of the city's chief industries, were told about proper methods of hand firing, about automatic stokers, about fire brick arches, boilers, chimneys, and draft, and coal, and how to put them together with the minimum of smoke.

They were told that with crushed coal and correct stoking fuel could be saved and soot practically done away with. They looked into white hot fire boxes and gazed at the top of a tall chimney for a quarter on an hour at a time.

The conclusion brought back by the party was expressed to them by Prof. L. P. Breckinridge, who showed them over the plant, in these words:

"It is feasible to design and construct new boiler plants in which Illinois coal may be burned without objectionable smoke.

"With the vast coal fields in the state, larger than those of any other state in the union," Prof. Breckinridge said, "the commonwealth possesses a power as great as if there was a Niagara Falls water power every 100 miles. The fuel is here, and will make this the greatest manufacturing community on earth, but it must, for the sake of economy and health, be burned without smoke, and can be burned without smoke."

Automatic Stokers at Work.

In the experiments there was nothing radically new. Several automatic stokers have been installed in the boiler house. Each was run at a normal load and then increased to its maximum capacity in turn. It was observed that while no change was in progress in the fire the chimney was practically smokeless, but when the fire was being pushed or a new fire was being made, some light smoke issued. The heavy, grimy, sooty smoke that characterizes many of the large steam plants in Chicago was never distantly approached.

"If our power houses in Chicago did as well as this," Smoke Inspector John C. Schubert said, "I would lose my job."

On the other hand, Peter B. Wight of the Municipal Art league felt that nothing short of absolute cleanliness in the burning of fuel would be satisfactory. The majority of the men expressed themselves as pleased with the tests, and there was an unanimous sentiment that were the smoke reduced to the volume produced at the university, Chicago would have an end of any real nuisance.

Schubert Pleased at Result.

"It is an especial satisfaction to me," Inspector Schubert said, "to get all these men together. I have reason to know they all are interested in the problem. This has given me an opportunity to talk with them in a more informal manner than would be possible in the course of business. I am heartily pleased with the interest shown, and feel that it will smooth the way to cooperation in the fight against smoke."

Franklin MacVeagh, chairman of the committee which was partly responsible for the trip, was equally pleased.

"It was at first intended," he said, "that only half a dozen of the committee should go. But so great was the interest manifested in the smoke inquiry that the whole club was invited to join."

How to Burn Soft Coal.

In giving his conclusions about burning soft coal, Prof. Breckenridge said:

"The conditions necessary to secure smokeless combustion of bituminous coal are as follows:

"The gases must be distilled from the coal slowly.

"The distilled gases must be well mixed with the air.

"The gases must not be allowed to come in contact with cool surfaces before complete combustion has taken place."

The essential features of a smokeless plant, the educator said, were:

Sufficient boiler capacity.

A good draft.

Uniform size of coal.

Some good type of automatic stoker.

Intelligent direction in the boiler room.

Limited Room a Difficulty.

It was pointed out that the chief difficulty met with in many power plants in Chicago was the limited room. The entire equipment is frequently crowded into such a small space in city basements, it was said, that perfect results are impossible. In these places suffering from lack of space the use of steam jets was conditionally recommended. The drawback was increased consumption of fuel and noise.

"The coal should be burned on as small a grate area as is feasible; this means a thicker and hotter fire, better economy, and less smoke," Prof. Breckenridge said. "Not enough attention has been paid to uniformity in the size of the coal. Large plants should be provided with crushing machinery, so that at times, when the sizes desired cannot be obtained, the crushing may be done at the boiler house. Most stokers work with greater regularity with the smaller sizes, such as nut, pea, or slack."

The coal burned at the university is mined in Sangamon county and is delivered at $1.87 a ton.

Incidentally with the investigation of the smoke problem the Chicagoans were shown over the university and given every attention by the authorities. The visitors tramped over the campus lawns and through the college halls, with professors to explain everything. When the party halted, late in the day, on the porch of President Draper's house the cadets of the two lower classes were marshaled out to drill before them. A salute of artillery was fired as they passed the parade grounds on their way to the station.

Replies to R. T. Crane.

Prof. David Kinley introduced a bit of diversion into his description of the work of his department, that of commerce, by replying to the opinions recently expressed by R. T. Crane on college education.

"I wish Mr. Crane had come with you," he said, "as I have something to tell him. I believe I can show him that colleges do give their graduates something worth having. In the last year I have received applications from men wanting to employ a dozen bright, capable students from this department. Today I could place half a dozen. A prominent railroad man has written me that he will give a position to every graduate. An insurance company in the east agrees to furnish summer employment to all the students."

Prof. Kinley explained that his courses trained young men for practical business as far as was possible outside of actual experience.

The trip of the Commercial club was made in a special train furnished by the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul and Illinois Central railroads.

Monitor Arkansas Is Released.

Chester, Ill., May 19.—The monitor Arkansas passed here on its way south at 8:30 o'clock this morning. The Arkansas left St. Genevieve, where it has been detained for several days by low water, at daybreak. River men believe it will have no difficulty crossing the bars. A rise, not expected a week ago, is responsible for the warship's escape.

WORTH JOCKEY CLUB RACES.

Special Trains via the Wabash.

During the spring season at Worth, April 20 to May 22, special trains via the Wabash leave Dearborn Station except Sundays, 7:15 a. m., 9:15 a. m., 12:30 p. m., 12:40 p. m., 12:55 p. m., 1:05 p. m., 1:20 p. m. 1:35 p. m. and 2:05 p. m.

WOMAN TO AID CRUSADE AGAINST POLICY.

MRS. ELLEN MEGOW

The permanent crusade against policy, which has been undertaken by the Citizens' association, is to be aided by the Penny Savings society of the southwest side. Mrs. Ellen Megow, who has charge of the work of this society, says the habit of squandering pennies on policy tickets is one of the chief obstacles to economy and thrift met with in her work.

SUIT OVER 'TADPOLE HOLE'

RICHARD E. BURKE PREPARING TO TEST APPROPRIATION.

Action to Be Brought Soon, Probably in Form of Bill for Injunction to Prevent State Treasurer from Paying Over $152,000 Set Aside by Legislature for the Illinois and Michigan Canal—Constitution Quoted as Forbidding It.

The proposed suit to nullify the $152,000 appropriation for the "tadpole hole" will be started soon.

The bill passed by the legislature and signed by the governor does not become effective till July 1. Before that time Richard E. Burke, the representative who fought the measure in the legislature, will attack the right of the assembly to vote public money for the aid of the canal.

Bill for an Injunction.

The suit probably will be in the form of a bill for an injunction to prevent the state treasurer from paying over the money on the ground that it is forbidden by the constitution. The following clause of the constitution is quoted:

The Illinois and Michigan canal shall never be sold or leased until specific proposition for sale or lease thereof shall first have been submitted to a vote of the people of the state at a general election and have been approved by a majority of all the votes polled at such election. The general assembly shall never loan credit of state or make appropriations from the treasury in aid of railroads or canals; provided, that any surplus earnings of any canal may be appropriated for its enlargement or extension.

This was adopted by the constitutional convention in 1870. All the arguments and minutes of this convention have been collected and Mr. Burke, with many others, is of the opinion that it was the intention of the convention to forbid appropriations except from surplus earnings.

The ground is being canvassed and it is probable that John Barton Payne, who has been interested in the opposition to the bill, may be a leader in the fight. Attorney General Hamlin may also take part.

Hard Fight in Legislature

"The first bill introduced by the friends of Mr. Snively asked for $199,000," said Mr. Burke. "Finally this was cut to $144,000 and the rest added in an amendment introduced by Representative Gardiner, who asked for draining and dredging about La Salle. The bill finally passed after a long fight, with six votes to spare.

"Attorney General Hamlin will return to Chicago in the middle of June. The matter will be fully decided upon at that time. It will be impossible for the commissioners to demand the money until July 1.

Should Be Filled Up.

"There has been more rottenness in this canal business than has ever been hinted. 'Expenses, $20,000.' 'Expenses, $10,000,' are items that can be found time and again in the reports. What do they mean? Why are there no receipts to show where this money has gone? It is the best place in the state to find jobs for voters. This 'tadpole hole' should be filled up. Last year but forty-one vessels passed through the canal. Its earnings amounted to about $8,000. And we appropriate $152,000 to keep up such a thing. It is a disgrace.

"Of course, there will be the argument that we must expend money from the public treasury to maintain our public utilities. But this has ceased to be a public utility. It is a public nuisance. It is a public shame."

Mr. Payne and Mr. Burke will meet today to talk of the proposed suit.

COINCIDENCE IN TWO DEATHS.

Iowa Railway Officials Killed in Similar Manner by Train at Cresco and Fairfield.

Cresco, Ia., May 18.—While attempting to board a passenger train at this point T. Ahern, roadmaster of the Iowa and Minnesota division of the Milwaukee and St. Paul railway, fell under the wheels and was instantly killed, his body being almost cut in two. He had been roadmaster of this division over thirty years.

Similar Death at Fairfield.

Fairfield, Ia., May 19.—William Hoppe, superintendent of bridges for the Iowa division of the Burlington railroad, was killed by a Rock Island passenger train today as he stepped from his own train. Hoppe was on a trip of inspection with a party of Burlington officials. He had been with the road thirty years.

FLORIDA WHITE MAN LYNCHED.

Taken from Jail in Madison, Tied to a Tree, and Shot to Death by a Mob.

Madison, Fla., May 19.—A mob entered this city last night, secured the keys to the jail from the night watchman, took out Washington Jarvis, a white man, and lynched him. Jarvis was carried some distance from the city, tied to a tree, and shot to death. He was accused of murdering his cousin, John Waldrop.

POLICE PENSIONS FOR MARCH TO BE PAID THIS WEEK.

Money Needed Accumulated Before Governor Signed New Law—Fund Now on a Sounder Basis.

Police pensioners will receive on Friday the payments due for the month of March. The members of the pension board met yesterday afternoon, found that $20,000 had accumulated in the treasury previous to the signing of the new pension law by Gov. Yates, and accordingly determined to apply this sum to the payment of the belated March pensions. It is now believed that there will be no further need to pass a payment, as the new law is expected to yield an income sufficient to place the fund on a permanently sound basis.

The new law diverts to the pension fund 3 per cent, instead of 2 per cent as heretofore, of the saloon and some other license receipts. It is figured that this will mean an annual increase of $30,000. The fund also has 75 per cent of the receipts from dog taxes.

After Friday's payment the pension fund will be under the new law. A new board will be appointed, its members to consist of three citizens, appointed by the mayor; one member of the police force, elected by the policemen; and a fifth member, to be similarly chosen by the pensioners from their ranks. Under the law pensions will range as follows: Widows, $35 a month and $5 additional for each child under 16 years of age up to a total of $50; retired patrolmen and sergeants, $50 a month; all other retired officers, $75 a month, $75 being the maximum.

REORGANIZED CYCLE TRUST SOON TO RESUME BUSINESS.

Conveyances of All Property Executed —It Will Operate Under Name of Pope Manufacturing Company.

The reorganization plan of the bicycle trust has been perfected, and it will soon operate under the name of the Pope Manufacturing company. Attorneys Offield, Towle, and Linthicum, who have represented the company in the local court proceedings, yesterday received word from New York that a conveyance of all the property had been executed to the Pope company.

The reorganization was brought about by a committee of New York bankers and brokers. They arranged a plan by which $500,000 of receivers' certificates were to be surrendered for cancellation and $3,500,000 was to be paid by the Pope company for all the property of the old corporation.

The property included in the transfer is distributed as follows: In New Jersey, $3,556,446; in New York, $63,387; in Connecticut, $243,048; in Massachusetts, $13,606; in Pennsylvania, $45,000; in Ohio, $12,500; in Illinois, $15,300; in Wisconsin, $37,500. Other miscellaneous assets bring the total inventory value up to $4,388,889.

Valuable Chicago property is covered by $2,000,000 worth of stock of the American Cycle Manufacturing company, held in New Jersey.

The reorganization plan has been approved by the courts.

YEAGER CASE VERDICT READY.

Coroner Will Decide That Young Man Met Death by the Hands of Persons Unknown.

Kokomo, Ind., May 19.—[Special.]—After an investigation covering three days, in which over 100 witnesses were examined, Coroner Harrison adjourned the inquiry into the mysterious death of Louis Yeager, and has announced that his verdict will be that the deceased came to his death by the hands of persons unknown. Neither the coroner nor the public accepts the suicide theory. Nobody now believes Logan Ingles, Dillard Eads, and Frank Eads had any connection with the crime. They will not be arraigned, and their relase will be ordered in the morning. The county commissioners will tomorrow consider the petition from farmers near the scene of the tragedy for the posting of $1,000 reward or more. Under the law they are limited to an offer of $500. This will be offered.

$10 REWARD FOR $10,000 BILL.

Bootblack Finds Money on Sidewalk and Returns It to Owner—Thanks for $850.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 19.—Carmine Cammorata, a bootblack, found a $10,000 bill on the sidewalk at Twelfth and Market streets. He returned it to the loser and received $10 as a reward. A few minutes later Policeman Volner picked up at the same corner a pocketbook containing $850. He also restored it to the owner and his recompense was, "Thank you." As no one saw Cammorata find the $10,000 bill he might have kept it. Instead of doing so he handed it to his employer.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

ALL E. & W. LINEN
Summer Shirts.

To neglect the hair is to lose youth and comeliness. Save it with Parker's Hair Balsam. Hindercorns, the best cure for corns. 15 cts.

UNANIMOUS VOTE TO FIGHT POLICY.

Executive Body of Citizens' Association Decides on Permanent Crusade.

WILL WORK IN SILENCE.

"Shops" in Black Belt Recently Closed Reopen and Sell Tickets as Formerly.

By a unanimous vote of its executive committee the Citizens' association formally decided yesterday afternoon to institute a permanent campaign against the policy swindle in Chicago. Work will begin today along lines which President Seeberger said would be kept a secret until the preliminary evidence against the Patsy King-Tom McGinnis clique is well in hand.

It is possible that the association may present some evidence to the May grand jury, though the majority of the executive committee is in favor of awaiting the outcome of the 128 cases in Judge Chetlain's court before making any public move. Judge Chetlain was occupied yesterday with the Martin Howe murder trial and the policy cases were continued till Friday.

President Seeberger, Francis S. Peabody, and George E. Cole made vigorous speeches before the executive committee, which assembled at 4 p. m. in the La Salle street headquarters. Mr. Peabody reviewed the bitter fight which the association made on the big lotteries in the late '80s and recalled the signal victory won.

Without a Dissenting Voice.

Secretary Singleton laid before the committee the statistics and other information as to policy collected by THE TRIBUNE, and then the vote was taken on the advisability of taking up the campaign. There was not a dissenting voice. While the crusade will begin with the collection of evidence of actual policy playing, the committee will depend upon the success or failure of the prosecutions in the Criminal court to determine the best mode of procedure.

If it shall prove that the state gambling law is defective, and that convictions of policy players cannot be effected, recourse will be had to the city ordinance. The committee stands prepared even to urge the passage of a new and more comprehensive ordinance if the present one should be found inadequate.

"There are to be no fireworks about this fight on the policy swindle," said President Seeberger. "We find we are most effective in a quiet, persistent campaign. The fireworks will be noticeable, I am confident, in the results. We have never fought a losing battle. We have thrown ourselves into this crusade with heart and soul, and I know we shall have the assistance of the public."

Any Evidence Welcomed.

Mr. Seeberger wishes to hear from all persons who are in a position to furnish evidence against the policy syndicate or otherwise further the campaign.

Investigations conducted yesterday by THE TRIBUNE showed that the policy gang is again as active as before the beginning of the agitation. Nearly all of the 150 shops recently closed in the black belt have been reopened, and the machinery of drawing and distributing tickets is daily in full swing.

Three Men Arrested.

Charged with conducting a policy shop three men were arrested in the morning by Detective Herts and the gambling detail from the chief's office. The prisoners gave the names of Erastus Daniels, 237 West Harrison street; Louis Knapp, 246 Halsted street; and John Miller, 228 Halsted street. They will have a hearing this morning in the Harrison street police court.

MISSOURI SUPREME COURT REVERSES PERJURY VERDICTS.

New Trial Ordered for Two Men Mixed Up in Street Railway Franchise Deal —Lower Tribunal Criticised.

Jefferson City, Mo., May 19.—The verdicts in the cases of Julius Lehmann and H. A. Faulkner, former members of the St. Louis house of delegates, who were sentenced to two years in the penitentiary for perjury in connection with the Suburban street railway franchise deal, were reversed by the Supreme court today, and the cases were remanded to the St. Louis Circuit court for a new trial.

The court holds the indictments against Faulkner and Lehmann were valid, but that the trial court erred in instructing the jury that if it found Faulkner and Lehmann swore they had never heard of the $75,000 boodle fund, when in fact the evidence showed that they knew of the money, even from newspaper reports, they should be adjudged guilty of perjury.

The decision says that the trial court had no power to supply by its instructions an averment not in the indictment, and to permit, as it did, a conviction on a chrge not included in its indictment.

The bribery case of Col. Ed Butler of St. Louis will be advanced and docketed for hearing at the October term of the Supreme court. He was convicted in the Boone county Circuit court of attempted bribery.

Early Hearing for Bribe Case.

St. Louis, Mo., May 19.—The trial of Emil Hartmann, former speaker pro tem of the house of delegates, charged with selling his vote on the city lighting bill, was called in Judge Ryan's court today. It is the first case growing out of the $47,500 deal, in which it is charged money was distributed to delegates.

POLICE DEPARTMENT ACCUSED.

Colorado Springs Force Denounced as Corrupt by Grand Jury and Investigation Is Advised.

Colorado Springs, Colo., May 19.—The grand jury which has been in session investigating city and county affairs has been discharged after presenting a large number of indictments and a report sensational in its denunciation of the police department, which it accuses of being not only corrupt, but inefficient and the protector of criminals generally. The report urges that another grand jury be immediately called, as there has come to light important matters connected with the public funds and offices demanding action. The report intimates that general corruption prevails in local public offices. Additional indictments were returned against Chief of Police Vincent King and Detective Joel Atkinson, charging them in three counts each with secreting witnesses. Indictments were returned against four bunco steerers and confidence men now under arrest. Other indictments are said to be against public officials.

BUYS HORSE WITH BAD CHECK.

O. W. Welsh Sought on Charge of Defrauding the American Riding Academy.

Police of the Twenty-second street station are searching for O. W. Welsh Jr., who says he is connected with a wealthy Massachusett's family. Welch went into the American riding academy at 77 Sixteenth street Monday afternoon, and, after inspecting a number of animals, selected one and said he would be willing to pay any price for it. He finally gave a check for $800 and drove the horse away. Payment of the chuck was refused.

Press Writers Plan Organization.

Baltimore, Md., May 19.—At the first session of the convention of the poets, humorists, and paragraphers of the American press held at the Journalists' club today a committee on organization was appointed whose report will be acted upon later in the week.

A Great White Waist Sale.

By buying at a great sacrifice a leading maker's entire surplus stock "Shirt Waist Headquarters" is in a position to offer the most sensational bargains presented this season.

IN lot one there is comprehended an assortment of stylish waists that includes all this season's most desirable styles, and as not a waist in this lot was made to sell at less than $5 and some at as high as $7.50, the importance of this opportunity, coming as it does when shirt waists are most in demand, will doubtless be appreciated by all prospective buyers.

LOT 1. This lot includes choice fine India lawn waists, some fine lace trimmed and some fine embroidered hemstitched and tucked, others of Swiss dots, embroidered India linen lawn, and a few with fine black embroidery, and some of heavier weight beautifully embroidered—$5 to $7.50 values at..... $3.75

LOT 2. Fine lawn waists, beautifully embroidered and side tucked front, new style tucked sleeve, tucked back, collar and cuffs, also a beautiful fine white lawn waist, front has 10 wide tucks to shoulder, hemstitched front, collar and cuffs, these are our two great specials, at **$1.00**

LOT 3. Beautiful fine India lawn waists, fine embroidered fronts, silk tucked, trimmed sleeves and tucked backs, also special satin striped madras cloth waists, a little heavier, all regular $3.50 waists—price is **$2.50**

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co.

COURT SUGGESTS RECEIVER FOR DELAWARE GAS COMPANY.

Action Taken by United States Judge as Result of Action Brought Several Years Ago—Appointment May 26.

Wilmington, Del., May 19.—Judge Dallas of the United States court for the eastern district of Pennsylvania has suggested that a receiver be appointed for the Bay State Gas company of Delaware. The appointment will be made in Philadelphia May 26.

This order is the result of an action brought several years ago by Jacob Edwards of New York and others, who asked for a receiver. A supplemental bill of complaint was filed April 20, and it was on the strength of this bill that Judge Dallas issued the order.

None of the officials of the gas company is in Wilmington, and their wishes as to the selection of the receiver are not known. United States Senator J. Frank Allee is president of the company.

Closes National Bank in Connecticut.

Washington, D. C., May 19.—The treasury department today received a telegram from National Bank Examiner Perkins announcing the closing of the Southport National bank of Southport, Conn. This action, it is understood, was taken in consequence of the defalcations of the cashier, which are said to have approximated $100,000.

Manufacturing Company Bankrupt.

Providence, R. I., May 19.—The extensive plant of the Mossberg & Granville Manufacturing company has been shut down, and a petition in bankruptcy has been filed at New York. The total liabilities are placed at $1,269,000, with assets other than patents, estimated at $200,000.

BUILDINGS BLOWN AWAY BY TORNADO AT HORTON, KAS.

Hotel Unroofed and a Number of Persons Injured—Storm Dips Down in Center of Town.

Horton, Kas., May 19.—In a tornado that struck here at midnight the Union hotel was unroofed and the livery stable of George Sprague and the blacksmith shop of Moose Bros. were blown away. Several smaller buildings were destroyed. One or two persons were injured. The storm appeared to dip to the earth in the one small circle.

Wind Wrecks an Elevator.

Sioux City, Ia., May 19.—A tornado with force enough to twist one of the main elevators of the Frank Heese mill from its foundations, demolish small buildings, and crush in plate glass fronts visited Merrill, fifteen miles north of here, last evening. People took to their cellars.

Rivers Out of Their Banks.

La Crosse, Wis., May 19.—Inestimable damage has been done to farm lands by a big rise in the Mississippi and its tributaries. Root, La Crosse, and other small streams are raging torrents and several feet over their banks. Thousands of acres of farm lands are flooded and crops will have to be replanted.

SOUTH FIRM ON NEGRO ISSUE.

Educator from North Carolina Says Roosevelt's Policy Has Not Altered Public Views.

Baltimore, Md., May 19.—[Special.]—"President Roosevelt's policy toward the negro has not materially altered the views of southern white people in regard to the black man," said Frank P. Venable, president of the University of North Carolina, and recognized by the southern people as a political and educational authority. Mr. Venable was in Baltimore to deliver the address to the graduating class of the University of Maryland. Continuing on the negro question, in an interview, he said:

"I do not mean to convey the impression that it has generated harsh feelings, but it has intensified their determination to give the negro all that belongs to him socially, politically, and otherwise, and no more. In other words, they will not recognize the negro on a plane of social equality, no matter what the president says or does. The southern people do not take kindly to any dictation from outsiders concerning solution of the negro problem."

Mr. Venable said he favored the adoption of the North Carolina election law in all "negro ridden" states.

Easy to Keep Well

If you take proper care of your stomach and take regularly every morning half a glass of

Hunyadi János

It will surely drive out

CONSTIPATION

and all the other unpleasantnesses that come from a sluggish liver. It will bring you health and keep you well.

Don't accept any substitute for the genuine Hunyadi Janos in bottle with blue label, red center.

B&K BLUE LABEL SERGE

Blue and Black Serge.

There is nothing nicer for spring and summer wear than a suit of serge. While it answers every requirement for church or evening wear in warm weather, yet it is not too dressy for business service.

We have an especially strong stock, showing every conceivable weave, with rough or smooth face. They come finished ½ lined or skeleton, also with full linings of mohair serge, alpaca or silk.

Excellent Quality Blue Serge Suits	$10 and $12
Finer Grades	$15, $18 and $20
With Silk Linings	$22 and $25
White Wash Waistcoats	$2 to $4.50

Browning·King·&·Co

Wabash and Madison.

HARPERS

The **Redfields** *Succession*

Ornamented Cloth, Post 8vo, $1.50

A tale of modern life, the scenes laid in Virginia and New York. The clever love story piques the reader's interest from the first. Fox hunting and other country sports are described with dash and fidelity.

By HENRY B. BOONE and KENNETH BROWN
Authors of "Eastover Court House."

HARPER & BROTHERS
FRANKLIN SQUARE, NEW YORK

Old Underoof Rye

A name that has grown to mean excellence in whiskey. It is bottled in full measure, quarts, pints and half pints.

Chas. Dennehy & Co.,
Chicago.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

FURS

NEW MODELS | SEASON 1903-4
Ready. ALASKA SEALS, RUSSIAN SABLES, PERSIAN LAMBS, ERMINE, CHINCHILLA.

JOHN T. SHAYNE & CO. 187 State-st.

HAIR

DRESSING, Manicuring, Chiropody, Facial Massage, Electrolysis, Ladies' Turkish Baths, Wigs, Scalp Treatment
E. BURNHAM, 70 & 72 Madison.

PROPOSALS FOR CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE SUPPLIES.—Chief Quartermaster's Office, Chicago, Ill., May 18, 1903.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, noon, Wednesday, June 3, 1903, for delivery at either the Chicago, Philadelphia, or Boston Depot, of white woolen gloves and russet tanned marching shoes, conforming to existing standards and specifications. Deliveries must commence PRIOR to July 1st next. Government reserves right to reject or accept any or all proposals or any part thereof. Preference given to articles of domestic production or manufacture, conditions of quality and price (including in the price of foreign productions and manufactures the duty thereon) being equal. Particulars and blanks for proposals will be furnished upon application. Envelopes containing proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for Clothing and Equipage Supplies," and addressed to MAJOR W. H. MILLER, Quartermaster, U. S. A., in charge of office.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, ST. Louis, Mo., May 16, 1903. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 12 o'clock noon, June 8, 1903, for furnishing at St. Louis, Mo., twelve (12) 75 foot iron flagstaffs. U. S. reserves right to accept or reject any or all proposals or part thereof. Blanks for proposals, specifications, etc., will be furnished on application. Envelopes containing proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for Flagstaffs" and addressed to Capt. W. C. R. COLQUHOUN, Quartermaster, U. S. A.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, U. S. LIFE-SAVING Service, Washington, D. C., May 13, 1903.—Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 2 o'clock p. m. of Thursday, May 29, 1903, and then publicly opened, for the construction of thirty boat wagons, fifteen to be delivered at such point in Grand Haven, Michigan, as may be required, and fifteen on the grounds of the Monmouth Beach Life-Saving Station, near the Galilee Railroad Station, New Jersey. Twenty-five of the wagons to be furnished with runners as required by the specifications, the remaining five wagons to be without runners. Plans and specifications, forms of proposal, etc., can be obtained upon application to the Inspector of Life-Saving Stations, 17 State Street, New York City; to the Assistant Inspector, 12th Life-Saving District, Room 543 Rand-McNally Building, Chicago, Ill.; or to this office. HORACE L. PIPER, Acting General Superintendent.

PROPOSALS FOR POST EXCHANGE AND GYMNASIUM BUILDING.—Chief Quartermaster's Office, 415 Pullman Building, Chicago, Ills., May 16, 1903. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock a. m., June 5, 1903, for construction of a building for Post Exchange and Gymnasium purposes at Fort Brady, Mich., in accordance with plans and specifications to be seen at this office, and at office of the Quartermaster, Fort Brady. Particulars and blanks for proposals will be furnished on application here. Envelopes containing proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for Post Exchange and Gymnasium Building," and addressed to undersigned. W. H. MILLER, Quartermaster, U. S. A., in charge of office.

MANDEL BROTHERS DAILY STORE NEWS

In order to close out a number of patterns of imported silks in our dress-making section, we will make shirt waist and summer gowns to your order at $35, 37.50, $40, 42.50, $45, 47.50 and $50.

Now is the time to enjoy outdoor life.

IN THESE WARM DAYS of late springtime Nature invites us to a closer companionship with herself. Parks, riversides, woods and meadows, all have a thousand attractions. Interest in outdoor sports revives — golf, tennis, baseball, fishing, rowing, cross-country tramping, and amateur photography count their devotees by thousands. Even the men and women whose business and home duties usually keep them close within the city's dusty walls, break over the restraints and go out to take deep draughts of Nature's invigorating ozone.

To enjoy outdoor life thoroughly, one must be dressed and equipped for it. One could hardly imagine a woman taking picnic comfort in an opera gown, or a man enjoying outing life in patent leathers. And it is to Mandel's that men, women and children naturally turn for their apparel for outing days.

We study the styles in this class of garments with as great care as we do the fashions for society functions, and show a complete line of faultlessly correct attire. Comfort and stylish appearance are united in the many new creations we show in women's washable suits, shirt waists, boys' and girls' wash clothing, men's outing suits, negligee shirts and wash vests, women's belts, summer shoes, etc. Our display of fabrics for women's summer dress also deserves mention here, for it is very complete and the prices are unusually low. In addition, we are headquarters for many outdoor and cottage comforts, such as summer furniture, hammocks, glassware for summer homes, mattings, cameras, photo supplies, etc.

Sale of imported white goods for graduation dresses.

The thoughts of the June graduate are now centering upon the gown she will wear commencement day. Of course, it must be exquisitely sheer and beautiful, and none but the finest fabrics woven across the Atlantic will do.

In our wash goods section she can certainly find something to her taste. Irish batistes, Swiss mulls, and embroidered plumetis are three of the finest and most suitable fabrics for graduating dresses. Prices we quote on these charming fabrics are extremely low.

Irish batiste, 45 inches wide, 50c and up.

Embroidered plumetis, 40 inches wide, $1 and 1.25.

75c white oxfords at 50c. 85c white madras, 50c.

75c and 85c linen suitings, 50c.

Swiss mulls, 32 inches wide, 25c to 85c.

2.75 French silk tissues, 1.25.

60c English waistings at 40c.

$2 Swiss grenadines at $1.

Economy basement: Lengths from 2½ to 10 and 12 yards in all white cheviots, madras, oxfords, lawns, plain, figured, striped and embroidered—goods worth in the regular way up to 35c per yard—special, **15c.**

Men's negligee shirts, 1.50.

Men's light weight negligee shirts, plain white and white with neat figures, stripes and polka dots—made from high grade nainsook, percale and printed madras, attached or detached cuffs, plain or pleated bosoms—shirts of equal quality sell at most stores at $2 and 2.50—our price, 1.50.

1.50 1.50

Boys' washable suits, $2.

Our new arrivals of boys' washable suits are models of comfort and are handsome enough to please any mother.

Today we have special lines at $2 and 2.50 per suit that are rare bargains.

Boys' washable sailor suits, ages 3 to 12 years, of pure tan linen, fancy pink and blue stripe galates and plain white duck. Boys' Russian suits, ages 2½ to 5, of warranted washable fabrics. Boys' kilt suits, ages 2 to 4, in white and fancy patterns, **$2** and **2.50.**

Women's silk vest sale.

A prominent maker of silk underwear sold us his entire stock of fancy silk vests at such a sacrifice that we quote them at from ⅓ to ½ off regular prices.

Plain and fancy vests of all sorts, from the silk lace trimmed mercerized vests to the fine pure silk hand-crocheted styles. Vests at—

39c 2 for 75c. **59c** 2 for 1.10. **75c** 2 for 1.40. **95c** 2 for 1.75.

Hammocks at 95c.

Main floor State street store.

Hammock time is here, and we have the **95c** *greatest hammock bargains ever offered to meet the demand. Sterling hammocks, 36x80 in. body, with pillows and spreaders—some with wide valances, all colors, 95c apiece.*

Kayser silk gloves, 50c.

Now that warm weather is here, the demand for silk gloves is very great.

We are fully prepared to supply anything you may desire in this line.

Kayser's double tipped silk gloves, every pair guaranteed, black or white, per pair, **50c.**

Basement: Imported lace lisle gloves in black and white—two-clasp wrists—special, **19c.**

Women's lace hosiery, 25c.

Several special offerings of more than usual bargain interest will attract people looking for new light weight hosiery.

Every pair we carry in stock is a recent style and of durable quality.

Great sale of handsome pure lisle thread hosiery, beautiful lace openwork designs that are exclusive with us, large, full sizes—**25c, 50c** and **75c.**

Novelty lisle thread and pure silk hosiery, **95c.**

Latest imported novelties in men's fancy half hose, today at, per pair, **50c.**

Basement: Women's extra quality maco hosiery—fast black, Richelieu ribbed, value 21c—special, per pair, **15c.**

Exclusive new shirt waist and outing suits.

SUMMER and outing costumes are now the center of interest in the coat and suit section. Rich silk piped pongees, jaunty checked taffetas, cool and inviting blue linens and crashes, and dozens of other charming creations await visitors.

Blue lawn shirt waist suits with large collar, plaited front and back, collar edged with embroidery, double ruffle flounce, skirt lined with white lawn drop skirt—**11.50.**

White lawn shirt waist suits, entire waist tucked and trimmed with insertion, flounce skirt with tucks and insertion—**$15.**

Natural color linen outing suits, fancy plaited waist, yoke skirt, cluster plaits, straps, collar and cuffs red piped—**22.50.**

White linen walking suits, waist plaited, kilt plaited skirt—**18.50.**

Shepherd plaid (black and white) taffeta silk shirt waist suits, plaited waist, flounce skirt with three straps at bottom—**$25.**

Fancy figured mull dresses, fancy box plaited waist and shoulder capes, insertion yoke, flounce skirt, gores and flounces trimmed with lace insertion, fancy lawn drop skirt lining—**$25.**

White linen walking skirts, kilt or flounce shape, **$5** to **$10.**

White pique walking skirts, **3.95** to **7.50.**

Basement: Silk foulard shirt waist suits, **$10.**

Special—In the infants' section, third floor—children's fine lawn dresses in pretty Russian effect, trimmed with pink or light blue belt, collar and cuffs, also straps on each side of yoke, finished with pearl buttons, sizes 2, 3 and 4 years, 1.50 value for **$1.**

Men's wash vests, $2.

Special sale today of a large number of stylish wash vests, made of tan linen, plain white duck, and fancy striped and figured materials at $2.

Basement: Men's pique and duck wash vests—special at $1.

Summer weight comforters.

Filled with sweet, clean cotton, free from disagreeable odors, and marked for sale at lowest possible prices.

72x78 silkoline tied comforters, in Persian and floral patterns, **1.25.**

Fine silkoline tied comforters, choice patterns, light grounds, $2 val., **1.50.**

Wedding invitations and announcements.

By placing orders for wedding engraving with us, faultless correctness in paper, form, and lettering is assured. All orders will positively be ready on the day when they are promised. Examine our specimen books, and learn our prices.

100 engraved invitations on Crane's paper, folded and inserted, 7.50.

The decorations in our stationery section are suggestive of June bridals.

Rare bargains in sheer white waists

DAINTY, sheer waists offered at about one-third their real value created a perfect furore in our waist section Monday—the aisles were thronged all day long with women intent upon procuring at least two or three of these remarkable bargains.

The most attractive feature about these waists is their possession of many touches of smart style that are generally confined to higher-priced blouses.

Sheer white lawn waists in long and short sleeves, round and high necks, finished with tiny buttons, embroidery and lace insertion and dainty hemstitching—for a little more than one-third their real value—special, **1.59**

2.59 each for another handsome collection — fine white lawn waists trimmed with lace and embroidery insertions, pretty lace effects inset with fancy yoke effect, buttoned front or back, long or short sleeves.

White linen shirt waists with various styles of tucks and plaits, hemstitched, some in box front effect—finished with large and small pearl buttons—special at **2.95**

Many exquisite novelties — the very sheerest of white linen lawns, hand embroidered in rose leaf and chrysanthemum designs, with fine French knots and unique ideas in inset lace patterns, etc., from **8.95** to **$35.**

Basement: Plain white shirt waists, also waists with white ground and black dots, excellent styles—**50c.**

An important sale of summer glassware

ALREADY people are beginning to plan for summer outings and buy furnishings for their summer homes. Our glassware section has many special values today, that are particularly suitable for the summer home table, and will also be highly appreciated by matrons who remain in the city.

All this glassware is of superior quality, not easily broken and attractive in design. The prices are all unusually low.

Thin blown flint water tumblers, needle etched, dozen, **75c.**

Thin blown flint water tumblers, engraved band and 5 lines, **65c** dozen.

Handled sherbets, fire polished, **75c** per dozen.

Thin blown flint sherbets, footed, **90c** dozen.

Footed ice cream or sherbet glasses, **1.20** doz.

Basement: Engraved glass water tumblers, dozen **50c.**

3-pint water jug, plain blown, **35c.**

18 piece glass water set—6 water tumblers, 6 beer tumblers, 6 iced tea tumblers, all for **$1.**

Salt and pepper shakers, German silver mounted, **15c.**

Imported cut glass oil or vinegar cruets at **50c.**

Basement: Pressed water tumblers, 6 patterns, **35c** per dozen.

Women's $4, $5 and $6 Oxfords at 2.95.

2.95

OUR recent large purchase of low shoes made a notable addition to our resources in comfortable summer apparel.

An abundance of excellent styles are now on sale; in fact, this morning we opened some new cases. You should hasten to take advantage of the sale, for good summer shoes have never before been offered at such a low price.

Latest style oxfords in patent kid, patent calf, dull matt and vici kid, low shoes with Cuban, military and Louis XV. heels, made to sell for $4, $5 and $6 per pair, are offered you today at **2.95.**

Economy basement: A great sale of women's $3 shoes and oxfords, embracing all styles and sizes—exceptional values in stylish new shoes at **1.65.**

2.95

Great clearing sale of smart trimmed hats.

WE are now quoting special reductions on all our trimmed hats, including both model hats from Paris and the creations of our own corps of designers.

This clearance sale affords an exceptional opportunity to secure chic hats for dress wear at an unprecedented saving. Many of the models will be admirable for Derby day wear.

For a few days only we offer choice of a splendid line of very stylish trimmed hats at remarkably low prices—

8.75 to 12.75

The smart shirt waist hat now attracts the attention of fashion followers. It's a marvel of artistic beauty, yet has that dash and smartness typical of the summer shirt waist.

All the very latest and cleverest ideas are here from the moderately plain sailor to the elaborate affair with dashes of dainty coloring and floral garnishment.

A charming variety of models, suitable for golf, tennis, street or vacation wear—all moderately priced. Prices range from **3.95** to **$12.**

Economy basement: Untrimmed hats in all shapes and styles, values up to 1.25, at **39c** and **50c.**

DEATHS.

Marriage or death notices will be cabled in condensed form, without extra charge, for publication in the Paris edition of the New York Herald, if advertisers so request, by writing on their notices when handing them in. "Cable to the New York Herald European edition."

Allen, Isabel Fleming.
Barnes, Homer G.
Barrett, Patrick.
Bergan, Margaret.
Bourke, Patrick.
Mallory, Mary A.
Briesenick, August F.L.
Callahan, Mabel E.
Carroll, Ellen.
Chanet, Mary Louise.
Chase, Rev. C. H.
Donovan, Elisabeth.
Ferry, Catherine F.
Simeles, Mary E.
Graham, Edwin J.,
Hardt, Walter.
Hughes, James B.,
Ilett, William.
Kirby, Alice.
Kelley, Mary.
Krueger, Herman.
Lynan, Charlotte Dana.
Lof, George.
Loeffel, Frank.
Lessy, Patrick.
McNulty, Patrick.
Mills, Elizabeth.
Milleson, Martha J.
Murray, Alexander T.
Mondschein, August A.
Nelson, Anna.
Nobach, Louis H.
O'Donnell, Bridget.
Obenauer, Catherine.
O'Neill, Helen Susan.
Pfeiffer, Sylvester.
Pfeiffer, Christian H.
Ronning, Alma Laura.
Rennie, Fredericka.
Roynon, Grace Bernice.
Rath, Frances Maria.
Renun, Fredericka.
Small, Frederick E.
Swords, Richard.
Spillwell, Henry.
Schwitzner, George.
Schultz, Henry.
Vokoun, Rudolph.
Vosburgh, Mary M.,
Wolf, Isaac.
White, Mamie D.
Wyman, Annie Agnes.

ALLEN—Isabel Fleming Allen, El Paso Tex., Sunday, May 17. Services at Christ church, Joliet, at 3 Thursday, May 21, at 2 o'clock.

BARRETT—May 18, at his residence, 4216 Wabash-av., Patrick Barrett, beloved brother of Mrs. Mary Cohen and the late Mrs. Catherine Hogan, native of Bally Duff, County Cary, Ireland, member of St. Gabriel's Court No. 16, C. O. F., also No. 8, A. O. F. Funeral Thursday at 9 a. m., to St. Gabriel's church, where requiem high mass will be celebrated, thence to 49th and Halsted-st. depot, by cars to Mount Olivet. Elmira [N. Y.] papers please copy.

BERGAN—May 18, at 5221 May-st., Margaret, wife of the late John Bergan. Funeral Wednesday, at 9 a. m., to Visitation church, thence by cars to Mount Olivet.

BOURKE—Patrick, husband of Johanna Bourke. Funeral from 1252 Jackson-blvd., Thursday, 9:30 a. m. to St. Patrick's church; by carriages to Calvary.

BARNES—May 17, Homer G. Barnes, aged 29 years, beloved son of Mrs. A. C. Jackson and brother of Miss Winifred and Harry Barnes. Funeral May 20 at 2 o'clock from late residence, 9439 Burnside-av. Services Mount Hope cemetery by Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen.

MALLORY—April 21, Lucy A. Burbank, wife of Frank Mallory, at her home in Ord, Neb.

BRIESENICK—August F. L., husband of Ida Briesenick, May 18, aged 51 years. Funeral May 21 from 445 N. Winchester-av.

CALLAHAN—Mabel E., at 3524 Washtenaw-av., daughter of James and the late Ella M. Callahan, aged 11 months. Funeral May 21, at 10:30 a. m., by carriages to Rosehill.

CARROLL—Ellen, wife of Joseph Carroll. Funeral Thursday at 10 a. m. from 3658 Seeley-av., to St. Agnes' church, thence by cars to Mount Olivet.

CLANCY—Mary Louisa, passed to her rest Tuesday morning, May 19, at the age of 80 years. Services Thursday, May 21, at 3:30 p. m., at her late residence, 3244 Vernon-av. Burial private.

CHASE—The Rev. C. H. Chase, aged 88 years, member New Hampshire M. E. conference, Tuesday morning, May 19, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. A. F. Nightingale, 1907 Sheridan-road. Services at Epworth M. E. church, Rogers Park, Thursday, 12 noon. Interment at Plymouth, N. H.

DONOVAN—Elizabeth, nee Roberts, beloved wife of S. A. Donovan, at her residence, 970 W. Superior-st. Funeral today at 1 p. m. to Forest Home cemetery.

FERRY—May 18, 1903, Catherine Ferry, aged 42 years. Funeral services at Sheldon's undertaking rooms, 226 W. Madison-st., Wednesday, May 20, at 1 o'clock. Interment at Forest Home.

GLEASON—Mary E., daughter of William and Maggie Gleason, aged 4 years. Funeral May 20 at 11 a. m. from 270 E. Illinois-st., by carriages to Calvary.

GRAHAM—May 18, Edwin J., husband of the late Sarah Graham, aged 60 years. Funeral from 1907 35th-st. May 20 at 1 p. m., to Forest Home.

HARDT—Walter, May 18. Funeral May 20 from 906 N. Paulina-st., to Waldheim, at 1 p. m.

HUGHES—Officer James B., at 75 Sholto-st., son of the late Cornelius Hughes, husband of Catherine Hughes. Funeral Thursday at 8:30 a. m. to St. Patrick's church, thence by cars to Mount Carmel.

ILETT—May 18, 1903, William Ilett, aged 69 years. Funeral services at his late home, 642 W. Adams-st., Friday, May 22, at 1 p. m. Interment at Rosehill.

KIRBY—Alice, May 18, daughter of William and Margaret Kirby. Funeral May 20 at 9:30, by carriages to Calvary, from 1200 S. Baldwin-st.

KRUEGER—Herman, May 17, aged 48 years. Funeral May 19 from 1220 S. Troy-st., to Waldheim.

KELLEY—Mary, nee Barrett, wife of Thomas Kelley, 613 W. Taylor-st. Funeral notice hereafter.

LYMAN—Charlotte Dana Lyman, wife of Francis O. Lyman, May 3, 1903, at Cambridge, Eng. Funeral services will be held May 21, 1903, at chapel at Rosehill cemetery, at 3:30 p. m. Train from Chicago at 1 p. m., from Winnetka at 12:45.

LIEF—George, husband of Mattie Lief, son of Wolf and Margaret Lief, aged 35 years. Funeral Wednesday, May 20, at 2 p. m. from 3327 W. 16th-st. to St. Boniface cemetery.

LOEFFEL—Frank, son of Mary and Frank Loeffel. Funeral from 61 25th-pl. Wednesday at 9 to St. Anthony's church, thence by carriages to Forest Home.

LESSEY—Patrick, husband of the late Mary Lessey. Funeral May 20 from 4219 Western-av., to St. Agnes' church, thence by cars to Mount Olivet.

MILLESON—On the 18th inst., at 111 W. Huron-st., Martha J. Milleson, wife of James Milleson, of Harrington, Shr., in the 54th year of her age, daughter of the Rev. John Hill of the M. E. church, Clermont county, O.

McNULTY—Patrick, May 11. Buried May 18 at Mount Carmel.

MILLS—Elizabeth, May 18, at 1393 W. 12th-st., wife of William G. Mills. Funeral Wednesday at 2 p. m. to St. Agatha's church, thence by cars to Mount Olivet.

MURRAY—Alexander T., beloved husband of Alice Page Murray, aged 30 years. Funeral from the late residence, 629 S. Franklin-st., Austin, Wednesday, May 20, 2 p. m. Interment at Waldheim.

MONDSCHEIN—August A., May 19, 1903, beloved son of W. F. and Elisabeth Mondschein. Funeral from her late residence, 4106 Drexel-boulevard, Thursday, 2 p. m. Interment at Oakwoods. Pittsburg papers please copy.

NELSON—Anna J., wife of Gust Nelson, May 18, aged 50 years. Funeral, 571 24th-st., May 21, at 2 o'clock.

NOBACH—Louis H., May 18, son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Nobach, aged 3 months. Funeral May 21 at 2 p. m. from 903 N. Humboldt-st. to Graceland.

O'DONNELL—Bridget, wife of the late Patrick O'Donnell. Funeral Thursday at 8 a. m. to St. Pius' church; by carriages to Calvary.

OBENAUER—Catherine, aged 70 years. Funeral from 459 W. Superior-st. May 20, at 1 p. m., to Forest Home.

O'NEILL—Helen Susan, daughter of James and Mary O'Neill, aged 21 years. Funeral May 20, at 10 o'clock, at St. Mary's Church, Lake Forest, Ill.

PFEIFFER—Sylvester, May 19, aged 90 years. Funeral from residence of his daughter, Mrs. A. Hendish, 152 South Leavitt-st., Thursday, at 9 o'clock a. m. Burial private.

PFEIFFER—Christian H., aged 43 years, beloved husband of Bertha H. Pfeiffer [nee Dodd], father of George C. Pfeiffer, brother of Frederick [nee Bennie], Louise, and Emil Pfeiffer; member of Golden Rule Lodge No. 726, F. and A. M. Funeral from late residence, 486 Bowen-av., Monday, at 2 p. m., to Oakwoods.

RONNING—Alma Statra, aged 4 months, daughter of Alton and Hilda Ronning. Funeral May 21, at 1 p. m., from 110 Monart-st., thence by carriage to Graceland.

RENNIE—Fredericka, May 17, 1903, aged 67 years, widow of John Rennie. Funeral from 4229 Cottage Grove-av. Wednesday, May 20, at 10 a. m., to Oakwoods.

ROYNON—May 18, at 1 a. m., Grace Bernice, daughter of Hiram E. and Julia Roynon, aged 3 years. Funeral Wednesday, 9:30 a. m., from 489 Thirty-fourth-st., by carriages to the Church of the Assumption.

RATH—Frances Maria, beloved daughter of Edward E. and Hattie Rath, aged 9 months. Funeral Wednesday, May 20, from late residence, 9439 Burnside-av. Services Mount Hope cemetery by Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen.

SMALL—May 17, Frederick Elmer Small, age 25 years, youngest son of F. A. and L. M. Small. Funeral Wednesday, May 20, 392 Maple-av., Blue Island. Burial Mount Hope.

SPILLWELL—Henry, May 19, aged 85 years. Funeral Thursday, 10 a. m., at late residence, 3607 Indiana-av.

SWORDS—Richard, son of Patrick and the late Elizabeth Swords. Funeral from 960 W. Monroe-st., May 20, at 1:30, to Canada.

SCHWITZNER—George, 60 years, husband of Marie Elise Schwitzner, at 576 Blue Island-av. Funeral May 20, at 1 p. m., to Forest Home.

SCHLITT—Henry, May 19, 224-st., husband of Mrs. Clara Schlitt. Funeral Wednesday, at 9:30 o'clock, to St. Paul's Catholic church, to St. Boniface.

VOKOUN—Rudolph, husband of Lydia. Funeral from 3848 Dearborn-st., May 20, at 11 a. m., thence to National cemetery.

VOSBURGH—At her residence, 9611 Kimbark-st., Tuesday afternoon, Mary M. Vosburgh. Interment Newark, N. Y.

WOLF—Isaac, in his 73d year, husband of Amelia, father of Sigmund and Harry Wolf. Funeral Thursday, 4210 Berkeley-av., at 10 a. m., to Mount.

WHITE—May 19, Mamie J., beloved wife of Albert White, and daughter of Thomas and Harriet Hutton, aged 25 years. Funeral Friday, 2 p. m., from her late residence, 3461 Harrison-st. to Our Lady of Sorrows church, thence by carriages to Mount Carmel.

WYMAN—Annie Agnes, May 18, at St. Elizabeth's hospital, aged 24 years. Funeral Wednesday, at 9 a. m., from 5079 W. Lake-st. to St. Catherine's church, Austin; interment Oakridge.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the health department:

Anglich, George, 68; 6733 Vincennes-av., May 17.
Bergan, Margaret, 49; 3110 Gault-ct., May 18.
Bourke, Edward L., 42; 5643 Michigan-av., May 16.
Bowers, Antonia, 42; 3648 Holt-st., May 17.
Beeston, Jane A., 74; 2902 Belden-av., May 16.
Barney, Elizabeth, 67; 2224 Calumet-av., May 16.
Cooper, Mitchell, 28; 3045 Armour-av., May 16.
Depiere, Catherine, 38; 33 Rees-st., May 16.
Dawson, Mrs. E. R., 47; 970 W. Superior-st., May 17.
Dudy, Julia, 80; 1426 Jackson-blvd., May 18.
Dowerty, Roger, 68; 1326 33d-st., May 17.
Ewald, Herman, 78; 4102 Aberdeen-st., May 18.
Ewald, Herman, 48; 1680 Humboldt-blvd., May 17.
Gorham, 60; 3058 Seeley-av., May 16.
Gregory, 46; 4068 Cross-av., May 16.
Holmes, Hans J., 55; 292 W. Erie-st., May 16.
Holmes, Lucia, 59; 344 Irving Park-av., May 16.
Jones, Mary, 70; 3418 W. 60th-st., May 17.
Kelly, Simeon F., 63; 3418 W. 60th-st., May 17.
Hamsen, George, 23; 301 Sedgwick-st., May 18.
Hickman, Joseph R., 84; 6241 Hoosier-av., May 17.
Horseley, Andrew, 94; 53 25th-pl., May 17.
Hoffman, Elizabeth, 67; 362 S. Hoyne-av., May 17.
Johnson, Randolph J., 39; 2501 State-st., May 17.
Kelly, Charles, 13; 2501 State-st., May 18.
Kruger, Herman, 48; 1220 S. 13th-av., May 17.
Loeffel, Frank, 21; 61 26th-pl., May 17.
Loewe, Frederick, 71; 2127 Lake-av., May 17.
Lazarus, Herbert, 3; 3126 Lake-av., May 17.
Leif, Georges, 25; 32 W. 87th-st., May 18.
McShea, John L., 39; 234 W. 12th-st., May 17.
McEllsen, Mathew, 30; 44 Hazelwell-st., May 16.
McDonnell, Robt. B., 33; 1322 Michigan-av., May 17.
McFadsen, Edward, 35; 2536 Calumet-av., May 17.
Nelson, Anna, 50; 571 24th-st., May 18.
O'Connell, Michael, 52; 4229 Ashland-av., May 17.
Petit, Adele, 28; 2852 Lake-av., May 17.
Poland, James, 68; 3133 Wabash-av., May 17.
Palmer, David, 86; 1408 Wabash-av., May 17.
Small, Frederick E., 21; 5822 Michigan-st., May 17.
Swords, Richard, 82; 960 Hudson-av., May 17.
Spillwell, Henry, 85; 3607 Oakwood-blvd., May 17.
Schwitzner, George, 60; 576 Blue Island-av., May 17.
Schultz, Henry, 76; 1407 Indiana-st., May 16.
Rogers, Anna, 29; 147 E. Indiana-st., May 16.
Rehlstein, Joseph, 10; 462 Sedgwick-st., May 16.
Schlitt, Henry, 61; 927 W. Union-st., May 17.
Sinsky, August, 1; 225 Noble-st., May 18.
Schwitzner, George, 60; 332 Mospratt-st., May 19.
Seebeste, Jose, 15; 670 Blue Island-av., May 18.
Sandner, Jacob, 61; 4640 Laflin-st., May 16.
Swanson, Albert, 30; 1299 W. North-av., May 17.
Turtsh, Thomas, 61; 3305 S. Hoyne-av., May 15.
Techtorn, Frances, 9; 53 Sedgwick-st., May 18.
Wickersham, Mary, 35; 180 W. Madison-st., May 18.
Weeks, Wenerslaer, 67; 2136 W. 56th-st., May 16.
Whitney, George B., 45; 49 Gordon-ter., May 17.
Walker, Nicholas, 54; 58 Orleans-st., May 16.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., May 19.—Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday:

Illinois and Indiana—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, except showers in south portion, fresh west to southwest winds.

Ohio—Local rains Wednesday and Thursday, cooler in north portion Wednesday, fresh southwest to west winds.

Lower Michigan—Showers Wednesday and Thursday, fresh southwest winds.

Upper Michigan and Wisconsin—Showers Wednesday and Thursday, fresh west to southwest winds.

Nebraska—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, warmer Wednesday.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Fair and warmer Wednesday and Thursday.

Iowa and Missouri—Fair Wednesday and Thursday.

Place of observation.	Thermometer.	Max. temp.	Direction of wind.	Precipitation 24 hours.	State of weather.
Time taken:					
May 19, 8 p. m.					
Abilene	78	84	S.E.		Clo'dy
Albany	80	90	S.W.		Clear
Alpena	60	78	S.		Clo'dy
Atlanta	70	78	S.	.16	Clo'dy
Amarillo	70	80	S.W.		Clear
Bismarck	74	84	S.W.		Clear
Buffalo	58	62	W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Boston	72	74	S.W.		Clear
Cairo	76	84	S.W.	.01	Clo'dy
Calgary	74	76	S.		Clear
Charlotte	52	84	N.W.		Clear
Cheyenne	74	76	S.W.	.26	Clo'dy
Chicago	54	56	W.		Clo'dy
Cincinnati	76	80	W.		Clear
Cleveland	74	84	S.W.	.54	Clear
Concordia	80	84	S.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Davenport	72	76	S.		Clear
Denver	76	80	W.	.04	Clear
Des Moines	66	76	W.	Tr.	Fair
Detroit	72	76	S.W.	.04	Fair
Dodge	68	80	S.W.	.02	Rain
Dubuque	74	78	S.		Clear
Duluth	62	76	W.		Clear
El Paso	62	66	W.	.16	Rain
Edmonton	36	62	S.W.		Clear
Galveston	78	88	S.W.		Clear
Grand Haven	54	78	S.E.	.56	Snow
Green Bay	62	80	S.W.		Clear
Helena	54	66	W.	.04	Clear
Huron	42	54	W.	.02	Clo'dy
Indianapolis	72	84	W.	Tr.	Clear
Jacksonville	76	80	S.E.	.02	Clear
Kansas City	72	80	S.E.		Clear
Leander	76	84	S.	.06	Clear
Little Rock	48	52	W.		Fair
Los Angeles	70	78	W.	.52	Clear
Marquette	58	68	W.		Clear
Memphis	64	74	W.	.58	Fair
Medicine Hat	76	78	S.	.04	Clear
Milwaukee	54	58	W.	1.00	Clo'dy
Minneapolis	74	80	W.		Clear
Montgomery	76	86	S.W.	.06	Clear
Montreal	52	84	S.E.		Clear
Nashville	74	84	N.W.		Clear
New Orleans	74	84	S.E.		Clo'dy
New York City	74	84	S.E.		Clo'dy
Norfolk	82	88	S.		Clear
North Platte	80	88	S.W.		Clear
Oklahoma	70	72	W.		Clear
Omaha	80	82	S.E.	.01	Clear
Oswego	74	84	S.W.	.04	Clear
Palestine	72	82	S.		Clear
Philadelphia	76	84	S.		Clear
Pittsburg	90	90	S.W.		Fair
Pueblo	82	88	N.W.		Clear
Qu' Appelle	70	72	S.W.		Clear
Rapid City	60	62	W.	.16	Snow
San Francisco	52	56	W.		Clear
St. Louis	78	84	S.		Clo'dy
St. Paul	70	80	S.W.	.04	Clear
Salt Lake City	70	76	S.W.	.10	Clear
San Antonio	78	86	S.		Clear
Ste. Marie	58	64	S.E.	.02	Clo'dy
Springfield, Ill.	76	82	S.	.02	Fair
Springfield, Mo.	78	86	W.		Clear
Vicksburg	78	80	S.	.70	Clear
Washington	80	86	N.E.		Clear
White River	70	86	S.		Clear
Wichita	74	78	S.		Clear
Williston	74	78	S.	.16	Clo'dy
Winnipeg	42	48	W.		Clo'dy
	60	72	N.W.	.16	Fair

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature, as observed yesterday by Lt. Manasse, optician, 88 East Madison street, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 75; 9 a. m., 77; 2 p. m., 83; 6 p. m., 82; 10 p. m., 81; 1 p. m., 83; 7 p. m., 83; 6 p. m., 82; 11 p. m., 81. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.38; 6 p. m., 29.33.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECORD Tuesday, May 19, 1903:

Lake-av., 33½x168, May 8 [The Catholic Bishop of Chicago to Victor F. Lawson]..... $38,595
92d-st., 25 e of Superior-av., s f, 100x125, May 15 [Otho S. Gaither to David M. Cummings]
Kinzie-st., 20 w of Franklin-st., s f, 40x100, and other property, May 13 [John Starkweather Newberry to Rebecca A. Newbury] 19,818
Maplewood-av., 100 s of Dunning-st., w f, 50x125, April 30 [A. C. Lewis to Marie A. Gutman]..... 1,300
Lowell-st., 126.8 n of Garfield-av., e f, 25x124, May 12 [A. M. Wahl to John Strang]..... 1,900
Hoyne-av., 76 w of Hoyne-av., n f, 25x124, May 13 [A. Hallmann to John Kurent]..... 1,650
S. 43d-av., 241.8 e of 43d-st., s f, 24x125, April 30 [A. Viasak to Alois Vlasak]..... 1,500
64th-st., 24 e of Spaulding-av., n f, 48x124, and other property, Mar. 1 [C. H. Ewing to Palmer D. Diamond]..... 1,105
Christiana-av., 226 s of Division-st., s f, 25x104½, May 18 [C. U. Frantzich to Nels Bolin]..... 2,000
Vincennes-av., 205 n of 38th-st., w f, 16.58x100, May 14 [F. Wolff et al. by M. in C. to Evastus A. Barnes]..... 2,800
Aberdeen-st., 259 n of 57th, w f, 27x124, April 27 [Geo. T. Robie to Charlie P. Sweet]..... 2,800
S. 40th-st., 57 n of 38th-st., e f, 25x124, April 11 [E. Greer to John Thure]..... 2,275
113th-pl., 26 e of Cormour-av., s f, 25x126, May 15 [C. Sutton et al. by M. in C., to John De Jong]..... 1,100
Cornell-st., 363 w of Milwaukee-av., s f, 30x125, May 16 [Jno. A. Schukay to Josef Kozlol]..... 1,550
Argyle-st., 408 w of Evanston-av., s f, 40x144, May 13 [W. F. Frey to John A. Magusson]..... 3,700
Sheffield-av., 100 w of Sedgwick, s f, 25x100, May 9 [F. Lowe to Minnie Lowe]..... 1,500
S. 44th-st., 58 s of 15th-st., w f, 25x125, May 14 [C. Shanfield to Marie Norotny]..... 1
Oakley-av., 72 s of 39th-st., w f, 24x129, and o. p., June 30, 1897 [S. Krueger to Dora Lampe]..... 1,450
Oakley-av., 78 n of 35th-pl., w f, 26x124, May 1 [H. Scholz to F. H. Gunther]..... 3,000
Same prop., May 1 [F. H. Gunther to Louise Scholz]..... 1
291st-st., 151 e of Butler, s f, 25x125, May 18 [E. J. White to Catherine O'Brien]..... 1
Greenwood-av., 400 s of 63d-st., e f, 25x100, Dec. 31, incumb. $6,000, May 12 [Anna O. Ford to Charles F. Woods]..... 1,300
Rogers Park, lot 13, block 7, May 13 [J. N. Doer to Frank Mitsch]..... 11,000
Madison-av., 149 n of 74th-st., w f, 50x125, May 12 [Charles F. Woods to Weltman Bros.]..... 1,700
Belmont-av., 158 w of Paulina-st., n f, 24x125, May 4 [N. Langknecht to George Kreiling]..... 6,500
Oakley-av., n e cor Potomac, w f, 25x125, May 7 [J. E. Boswell et al. to Peter Rasmussen]..... 2,000
Fulton-st., 228 w of Albany-av., s f, 75x147, April 19 [J. Saltor Jr. to Sydney S. Date]..... 1
Congress-st., 75 e of Francisco-av., n f, 25x153, May 9 [J. Glass to Edward C. Glavin]. 2,700
Dearborn-st., 41 n of 29th, e f, 25x100, May 13 [R. Brand to Isaac Cohen]..... 2,500
Woodlawn-av., s w cor 61st-st., s f, 132x164, incumb. $10,000, May 7 [William F. Woodruff to John Hamilton]..... 6,000
Michigan-av., n w cor 48th-st., s f, 96.84x160, May 7 [Minnie P. Edwards to Charles Matthews]..... 33,500
Fulton-st., s w cor Sangamon, n f, 100½x100, May 18 [Elisa Stauffer to William Schukraft Jr.]..... 20,000
Adline-sq., Ch., Jacque, Jongkind, Lepine, Zisen, etc. SALE in Paris Galerie G. Petit, 8 Rue de Seze, on Monday, June 8, 1903, at 2 p. m. Auctioneer, M. P. CHEVALLIER, 10 Rue Grange Bateliere, Paris. Expert, M. GEORGES PETIT, 12 Rue Godot de Maurol. On view, June 6 and 7.

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS WERE ISSUED by the building department yesterday:

Emma R. Cook, 2-story frame dwelling, 1378 W. Hamilton-st..... $ 2,000
W. C. Luhnow Co., 2 and 2 story brick pressed brick store, 2263 Carroll-av..... 5,000
Maria Durak, 3 story brick store and flats, 280 Armitage-av..... 9,000
William Boddeker, 1 story cottage, 1106 N. 44th-st..... 1,600
Sam Brown Jr., 1½ story brick cottage, 393 N. Trumbull-st..... 1,500
Sam Brown Jr., 1½ story brick cottage, 393 Drake-av..... 1,500
A. Linquist, 3 story brick flats, 143 W. 24th-st..... 4,000
Henry Ahlf, four 1 story brick stores, 2338-40 Anderson-st..... 4,000
Anton Smetana, 1 story brick cottage, 1420 S. 41st-st..... 6,000
John Newgren, 3 story brick flats, 6448 Green-av..... 6,000
John Koeppen, 2 story brick flats, 3522 S. Hermitage-av..... 6,000
G. Oakey, 1 and 2 story brick addition, 8436 Wood-st..... 4,000
Fred C. Tuch, 1 story brick addition, 11516 Front-st..... 2,000
E. Thompson, 1½ story frame cottage, 1780 80th-st..... 3,500
W. Seeman, 1 story brick cottage, 10240 Michigan-av..... 1,200
John Hehl, 1 story frame cottage dwelling, 5223 Kenmore-av..... 1,700
E. Norton, 2 story brick residence, 5438 Carpenter-st..... 1,400
Johnson & Vander Vilde, 2 story brick warehouse, 341-343 Franklin-st..... 4,200
W. H. Cookingham, 2 story frame residence, 1250 Cherry-st..... 115,000
Ford's Weiss-st. Beer Co., 1 story brick bottling house, 72 Perry-st..... 2,000
Gus Nelson, 3 story brick flats, 378 Winthrop-av..... 2,000
Mrs. Briggs, 2 story brick flats, 2184 N. Clark-st..... 7,000
Alex. Rafen, 1 story brick cottage, 2861 N. Robey-st..... 4,000
B. Tink, 1 story brick addition, 1783 N. Clark-st..... 1,600
..... 2,500

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE AT SPRINGfield yesterday licensed the following corporations:

Bakers' Helper company, Chicago; capital, $5,000; printing and publishing; incorporators, Henry R. Wilsoid, Edward T. Clissold, Frederick A. Smith.

B. Porter & Co., Chicago; capital, $5,000; printing and publishing; incorporators, Harold L. Berger, Frank Lee, William R. Angell.

Nathan & Pragor Art company, Chicago; capital, $25,000; manufacturing picture frames and artsmith. Flora Levison.

Bros. Storage and Warehouse company, Chicago; capital, $2,500; storage and express business; incorporators, Francis W. Fitzsimmons, Harry Simmons, Nicholas Bristow.

Weekes & Co., Chicago; capital, $10,000; manufacturing mattresses, springs, and bedding; incorporators, Charles J. Morris, David H. Jackson, Ferdinand Gerdes.

Linden Grove Improvement company, Chicago; not for profit; local improvement; incorporators, George D. T. Kenyon, Hosea P. Meyers, George A. Walther.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON WATER.

BAD LAKE VIEW. BAD CHICAGO AVE. BAD 14th ST. BAD HYDE PARK.

All others, bad.

The Harrison street pumping station is near Halsted and Harrison streets.

The Lake View pumping station supplies all territory north of Belmont avenue to Devon avenue.

Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Belmont avenue and Lake street east of Western avenue, with a mixed supply from the Chicago avenue and the Carter H. Harrison tunnels.

Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Lake street and Forty-seventh street east of Canal street with water from the four mile tunnel.

The territory between Lake street, Canal street, Forty-seventh street, and Western avenue is supplied by a mixture from Carter H. Harrison, Chicago avenue, and four mile tunnels, by stations at Harrison street and Twenty-second street.

The territory between Belmont avenue and Forty-seventh street, west of Western avenue to the city limits, except Austin, is supplied from the Carter H. Harrison tunnel by stations at Springfield avenue and Central Park avenue.

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

FOREIGN MAILS WILL CLOSE AT CHICAGO postoffice as follows:

For Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, Roumania, Belgium, Cape Colony, and Lourenzo Marques, 4:30 p. m.

For Japan, China, and Corea, via Seattle and Victoria, by S. S. Empress of India, Thursday, 9 p. m.

For Austria, Denmark, France, Germany, Great Britain, Ireland, Italy, Norway, Netherlands, Russia, and Sweden, by S. S. Etruria, Friday, 11:30 a. m.

For Jamaica, via Boston, 4:30 p. m.

For Alaska, 9 p. m.

For Costa Rica, 4:30 p. m.

For St. Thomas, St. Croix, Leeward and Windward islands, Martinique, Barbados, and British, Dutch, and French Guiana, 12 p. m.

F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

UNDERTAKERS.

ESTABLISHED 1854—C. H. JORDAN & CO., 14 AND 16 E. MADISON-ST., CHICAGO. 135 EAST 35D-ST., HYDE PARK. Y. M. C. A. BUILDING, EVANSTON, ILL.

J. WHITTIER BUFFUM [20 YEARS WITH THE late C. H. Jordan], undertaker, 1722 Wabash-av. Tel. South 952.

MONUMENTS.

CHAS. G. BLAKE & CO., 719 WOMAN'S TEMPLE. Reliable makers of monuments and mausoleums.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Union-av., 166 s of 38th-st., e f, 48x125, May 14 [W. McNamara et al., by M. in C., to Michael Cregan]..... 3,200
38th-st., 52 w of Calumet-av., s f, 26x88, May 11 [W. E. Atwater et al., by M. in C., to Walter S. Muirhead]..... 5,778
Armour-av., bet 54th and 55th-sts., w f, 25x100, May 14 [T. Sisson to Ruth E. Scott]..... 1,000
Center-av., 75 s of 60th-st., w f, 24x124½, May 16 [W. Knorre to Gust Peterson]..... 1,300
Wallace-st., 77 s of 78th, e f, 31x100, May 18 [F. Devine to Joseph Stachler]..... 1,600
Drexel-av., s e cor 61st-st., w f, 50x125, April 8 [B. Frost to George Hulatt]..... 1,650
April 20 [W. H. Sweeney to Emma A. Powell]
Belmont-av., 100 s of Seminary-av., w f, 24x100, May 18 [B. C. Dahm to William Thorsen]..... 4,750
Talman-av., s w cor 51st-st., s f, 598x206 and other ppty, May 18 [Charles A. M. Reimes]..... 1,850
Giddings-st., 116 w of Robey, s f, 30x122, May 13 [U. A. Tinker to Christina T. Fritze]..... 13,411
Nelson-st., 200 w of W. Ravenswood Park, s f, 25x125, May 4 [G. Krelling to Nicholas Langknecht]..... 2,800
Hoyne-av., 350 n of Cornelia-st., w f, 25x124, May 11 [F. Sontag to Nicholas Langknecht]..... 2,500
Drake-av., 348 s of Belle Plaine-av., e f, 25x125, May 12 [A. Kratochil to Nels A. Larson]..... 1,800
..... 1,450

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, as parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

	Age.
Bernard Campbell, Harriet McKinzie	27—23
Wladsian Behrendt, Rose Wisniak	27—23
Charles D. McKee, Clarice A. Morgan	27—24
Vincenzo D'Vasile, Rosalia Pento	27—24
Lorenz T. Johnson, Belle Gott	25—19
Frank Magdziak, Marianna Barwin	21—19
George H. Hoover, Mary Rockwell	26—37
Karol Drok, Maryanna Sroka	50—48
Charles Seagraves, Grace Kepterlee, North Judson, Ind	26—18
August Swanson, Hilda Carlson	25—19
Harry Saltzgaber, Florence Clarkowsky	22—20
John Pachowick, Catherine Czarkowsky	23—22
Frank Sherwood, Henrietta Dacons	25—21
Carl P. Wahlborg, Emilie Nelson	25—21
Clarence H. Nichols, Adelaide E. Arndt	40—18
Joseph Skorza, Mary Walska	34—34
John G. Foley, Milwaukee, Wis., Rose A. Pattison, Lodi, Wis	31—21
Fred E. Mountjoy, Denver, Colo., Alice Stewart	26—17
Michael Kosial, Anna Kosial	32—27
Teresa Evgan, Maryanna Mostek	21—18
William J. Moore, Antiona Witt	29—20
Joseph R. Moore, Lucile Mastin	24—21
Henry A. Clark, Ella Mastin	29—20
Charles L. Hill, Florence Wagner	25—21
Michael Kalinowski, Ills., Ind., Annie Wunderlick	32—27
John E. Peterson, Katharine Ednar	29—18
August Rindquist, Hulda Reinhold	24—36
Harry Wabt, Anna Horn	30—24
Harry Hartford, Mary Singler	42—32
	30—30

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, as parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

	Age.
Bernard Campbell, Harriet McKinzie	27—23
Wladsian Behrendt, Rose Wisniak	27—23
Charles D. McKee, Clarice A. Morgan	27—24
Lorenz T. Johnson, Belle Gott	25—19
Frank Magdziak, Marianna Barwin	21—19
George H. Hoover, Mary Rockwell	26—37
Karol Drok, Maryanna Sroka	50—48
Charles Seagraves, Grace Kepterlee, North Judson, Ind	26—18
August Swanson, Hilda Carlson	25—19
Harry Saltzgaber, Florence Clarkowsky	22—20
John Pachowick, Catherine Czarkowsky	23—22
Frank Sherwood, Henrietta Dacons	25—21
Carl P. Wahlborg, Emilie Nelson	25—21
Clarence H. Nichols, Adelaide E. Arndt	40—18
Joseph Skorza, Mary Walska	34—34
John G. Foley, Milwaukee, Wis., Rose A. Pattison, Lodi, Wis	31—21
Fred E. Mountjoy, Denver, Colo., Alice Stewart	26—17
Michael Kosial, Anna Kosial	32—27
Teresa Evgan, Maryanna Mostek	21—18
William J. Moore, Antiona Witt	29—20
Joseph R. Moore, Lucile Mastin	24—21
Henry A. Clark, Ella Mastin	29—20
Charles L. Hill, Florence Wagner	25—21
Michael Kalinowski, Ills., Ind., Annie Wunderlick	32—27
John E. Peterson, Katharine Ednar	29—18
August Rindquist, Hulda Re

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Agents Wanted.

AGENTS—TO SELL OUR TEAS AND COFFEES, spices, baking powder, and a hundred other household necessities, direct to consumers, in every locality outside of Chicago; exclusive territory given to honest, energetic men or women that desire a permanent business of their own that will net them from $15 to $50 per week clear profits; experience unnecessary; we instruct you; successful representatives furnished with delivery wagons, and when found expedient we open stores for them and assist them in every way possible to build up a large and permanent business of their own. For particulars address ROYAL TEA CO., 2305 Cottage Grove-av., Chicago.

Stenographers.

STENO. AND ASST. BKPR.—YOUNG MAN, generally useful in an office; $9. 7 MAIDONALD, 92 La Salle-st.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG MAN, SMITH-PREMIER preferred; salary $60; good opportunities; S. Side; some office work. O 346, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG MAN, BRIGHT and active. Room 51, 88 Washington-st.

STENOGRAPHER—MUST BE SPEEDY AND accurate; $65 per month. ,O 344, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER—EDUCATED, BEGINNER; small salary. Address O 306, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER AND OFFICE MAN—RAPID and accurate; $60. 502, 112 Dearborn-st.

TYPEWRITER—YOUNG MAN; GOOD REMINGTON operator; $40. 502, 112 Dearborn-st.

Miscellaneous.

COLLECTOR—APPLY BEFORE 9 A. M. TO JAMES, 567 N. Clark-st.

COMPETENT TEACHER OF BOOKKEEPING for business college; age, refs. O 235, Tribune.

JANITOR—YOUNG MAN FOR JANITOR WORK; salary $8 to start. 73 and 75 Wells-st.

MAN AND WIFE—TO MANAGE FARM; MAN must understand farming and all kinds of farm machinery; woman a good butter maker; must be first class workers. Address O 358, Tribune office.

MAN—FAMILIAR WITH DOWNTOWN RENTing business, in office handling downtown property. Address T R 227, Tribune office.

MEN—SEE OUR OFFER IN INSTRUCTIONS to teach barber in short time. Moler College, 455 Wabash-av.

PERMANENT POSITION FOR A MAN OF GOOD habits and energy to represent a manufacturing establishment known to every bank in the United States. Salary $900 per year and expenses. Opportunity for advancement. Address, stating age and qualifications, to Manager, Dept. T 2, Box 824, Philadelphia, Pa.

STUDENT—IN ARCHITECT'S OFFICE; BEST references required. Call 9:30. 1007 Monadnock.

USHER, COMPETENT, TO BE WHOLESALE clothing house; state exp. and refs. Address W E 462, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—ABOUT 20 YEARS OF AGE, TO learn the mixing of printing inks; good position for the right party; references required. Address O 303, Tribune office.

YOUNG MEN—THREE, AT ONCE; NEAT APpearance. REYNOLDS, 403, 91 Dearborn-st.

Employment Agencies.

MEN SEEKING PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT, call; positions bookkeepers, COLLECTORS, $15; shipping, receiving, railroad, stock clerks, $12 to $20; GENERAL OFFICE assistant, $12; cashiers, timekeepers, $15; grocery, shoe, hardware, gents' furnishings, dry goods, entry, bill clerks, $10, $12, $15; salesmen, city, $15; road, $75; WATCHMAN, $15; janitors, flats, office buildings, $75; ELEVATOR runners, $12; engineer, machinist, $18; helpers, $10; delivery drivers, $12; useful men wholesale houses, freight depots, $12. GUARANTEE AGENCY, 195 Sale-st., Room 14.

EXP. BILL AND ENTRY CLERK.....$10-$12
Stenog., asst. bookkeeper, bill clerk..... 12- 15
A1 steno. and bookkeeper..... 15
D. e. bookkeeper..... 12
Bill clerk from caller..... 10
Stenog. and asst. bookkeeper.....$9, 10
Exp. office clerk, good penman..... 9
Stenographer..... 8
KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY,
92 La Salle-st. 225 Dearborn-st.

BOOKKEEPERS—
OFFICE CLERKS,
STENOGRAPHERS,
Placed with leading business houses.
MERCANTILE EXCHANGE,
185 Dearborn-st.

MERCHANTS' CLERICAL EXCHANGE,
502, 112 DEARBORN-ST.,
WANTS
3 bookkeepers, 2 office men, 7 railroad clerks, 5 stenographers, 2 bill clerks, receiving clerk, solicitor, and seventeen office boys.

OFFICE HELP—
Cent. 3504. Ender & Kasper Company, 59 Dearborn.

WE USE CARE IN SELECTING APPLICANTS.
REYNOLDS & HODGES CO.
OFFICE HELP.
PHONE MAIN 2052. 171 WASHINGTON-ST.

"LET MORRELL AGENCY HELP YOU" TO A good position. NO JOB NO PAY. 148 State-st.

REPUTABLE MAN—FOR CIGAR STAND; LUcrative. 183 S. Clark, Room 4.

YOUNG MAN—FOR OFFICE WORK; BIG wages. Call Suite 81, 147 5th-av.

POSITION SECURED AS CASHIER AND MANager; good wages; go west. Suite 81, 149 5th-av.

POSITION PROCURED AS JANITOR AND ELevator man; good wages; go west. R. 47 5th-av.

RAILROAD CLERKS—$65 UP. LEW, 147 5TH av., Suite 81.

FARM AND DAIRY HANDS—GO OREGON AND Washington. LEW, Suite 81, 151 5th-av.

OILERS—EXPERIENCED FOR ROUNDHOUSE. Call Room 4, No. 185 S. Clark.

MEDICAL AND HOSPITALS.

DOCTOR McGRATH. DOCTOR McGRATH.
THE LADIES' PHYSICIAN.
78 STATE-ST., ROOM 23, THIRD FLOOR.
HOURS: 9 TO 5; SUNDAYS, 10 TO 1.
Dr. McGrath accords every courtesy to gentlemen calling with ladies.
Dr. McGrath has no medical assistants, and conducts all business and correspondence personally.
Patients from out of town who wish to remain under his personal care will be placed in his private sanitarium, which is supplied with every convenience for the safety and privacy of patients. They will save time and money by first calling at his office, where they will have the benefit of the highest skill at the lowest possible terms. Consultation free. Correspondence strictly confidential.
THE OFFICE OF THE LAKE SANITARIUM,
FOR LADIES EXCLUSIVELY,
Removed to 78 State-st.
DR. McGRATH, Manager.

LADIES, NOTE NEW ADDRESS.
WOMEN ONLY. WOMEN ONLY.
DR. E. J. DENNIS. DR. E. DENNIS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
163 STATE-ST., 3D FLOOR.
SKILLFUL AND SCIENTIFIC TREATMENT OF ALL DISEASES PECULIAR TO WOMEN.
Consultation and advice free. One of our own nurses meets all out of town patients. If unable to call, write. Will answer all correspondence and see all patients personally. Lady physicians in attendance day and night at my private sanitarium.
I AM LEGALLY QUALIFIED. I make no false offers. I ATTEND TO EVERY PATIENT personally, and I ADVERTISE UNDER MY OWN NAME. I employ only ethical assistants at my institution. THIS IS NOT A MEDICAL INSTITUTE, AND I HAVE NO ASSISTANTS. If too busy to call, send 2c stamp for my BOOK. NO CURE, NO PAY. Hours, 10 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

WOMAN'S MEDICAL INST. AND HOSPITAL,
167 Dearborn-st., Suite 607.
All diseases of women and complications peculiar to women successfully treated without operations, pain, and danger by our original method.
Free consultation to all who pine with regret and sicken with despair. We want your wife to come to us when in need of treatment. Five minutes' interview will convince you of the superiority of our treatment, no matter how obstinate the case. Many relieved in 24 hours. No Cure No Pay. Lady in attendance. We do not advertise the names of our physicians because it is against the ethics of the profession.

DR. W. F. BRINEY,
130 Dearborn-st., Room 408.

Every woman will find in Dr. Briney A FRIEND and PHYSICIAN who will give her the benefit of his marvelous skill in restoring her to health and happiness.
Reliable and skillful treatment. Patients may return home the same day or remain under his personal care at his elegant suburban sanitarium.

IRENE SANITARIUM—ELEGANT ACCOMMOdation for ladies; female diseases treated by physician of her own and of different nationalities. Hours, 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Office, 148 State-st.

MRS. HOWE, 526 S. ROBEY-ST., NEAR 12TH, graduate obstetrician; elegant private home for ladies; female diseases treated by physicians of either sex; end of confinement. 24 to 6

DR. WOOD, 121 LA SALLE-ST., OLD GRADUate physician; 30 years' successful practice; specialist on all diseases peculiar to women; private home for ladies and obstetrical cases. Hours 9 to 5.

IDA VON SCHULTZ, 480 N. CLARK-ST., NEAR Division. Regular graduate and expert in obstetrics, female complaints, etc.; 25 years' exp. Success guaranteed. Phone Dearborn 2.

MRS. PLENZ, 3155 S. HALSTED-ST., GRADUate in obstetrics; 20 years' experience; private sanitarium for lady patients. Phone Green 1242.

MRS. DIETRICH, 231 WELLS-ST., GRADUATE University of Leipsig, Private sanitarium. Skillful physician in attendance. 16 years' exp.

MRS. HORTA FAUSTMANN, 484 N. CLARK-ST. 30 years' scientific experience in diseases of women; expert in obstetrical cases. Tel. White 8111.

MRS. BECKER,
995 West Monroe-st., doctor of obstetrics and female diseases. Pleasant home for ladies.

MRS. WHITE, FORMERLY MRS. YANNE, 2509 Wabash-av., graduate and expert in obstetrics. female complaints, etc.; 4 years' experience.

ASTHMA POSITIVELY CURED—PARTICUlars free. Chicago Asthma Cure Co., 415 Chemical Bank Bldg., Chicago.

OBSTETRIC CASES TAKEN FREE AND PRIvate. National Hospital, 533 Wells-st.

DR. THOMPSON, 146 STATE-ST., EXPERT ladies' physician; private sanitarium for ladies.

MRS. REB., 606 WELLS-ST., COR. NORTH-AV. —Private sanitarium for obstetrical cases.

MRS. GREEN—PRIVATE HOME FOR LADIES; all diseases. $5. Room 406, 99 E. Madison-st.

DR. STEWARD, 84 ADAMS-ST.—DISEASES OF women 9 to 6; Sundays, 10 to 4; private hospital.

DR. ARNOLD—LADIES TREATED. PAINLESS, $5. 48 Van Buren. R. 611, nr. Siegel & Cooper.

BUSINESS CARDS.

FENCES! FENCES! FENCES!
There are many kinds of fence, some are good, many unsatisfactory.
The Page coiled spring woven wire, the oldest and the best, has been made and sold for fourteen years.
Is known and approved everywhere. Refer to 80,000 satisfied customers. Over 100 varieties, including farm, lawn, and chicken fence, wrought iron cemetery fence, etc.
Write for catalogue.
AUSTIN CLEMENT, 200 Monroe-st.

CHICAGO EXPERIMENTAL WORKS, 197 5TH-av., phone Main 1572. Patents perfected, models, wood and brass patterns, designing, and drafting.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

ASST. BOOKKEEPERS—2 YOUNG LADIES; $6, $8. R. 513, 59 Dearborn.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER COMbined—Must be an expert; none other need apply; liberal salary; fine position for right party. Address O 306, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—FIRST CLASS LADY BOOKkeeper, with good business ability; desirable position; $12 to start. Room 634, 225 Dearborn-st.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOG.—THOROUGHly experienced, for insurance office; good penman; $12 to start. R. 46, 92 La Salle-st.

BOOKKEEPER—LADY; ONE EXPERIENCED in real estate business preferred; permanent position. Address W E 382, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER AND CASHIER—NEAT AND bright; $8. PLATT, 634 Dearborn-st.

BOOKKEEPER — MUST BE THOROUGHLY competent. Apply 148 State-st., 4th floor.

BOOKKEEPER—MUST BE THOROUGHLY competent; $12 to start. 500, 112 Dearborn-st.

CASHIER—BRIGHT, COMPETENT, AND THOroughly experienced young lady cashier for downtown retail store; must possess knowledge of office work; steady position for right party. Address, with references and salary wanted, O 216, Tribune office.

CASHIER AND BOOKKEEPER—FOR GROcery and market, residing on South Side. Address O 376, Tribune office.

CASHIER—YOUNG LADY; MUST BE EXPERIenced and accurate; state age, references, and salary expected. Address O 236, Tribune office.

OFFICE GIRL—WEST SIDE, WITH KNOWLedge of bookkeeping; $7 to $9. Room 634, 225 Dearborn-st.

OFFICE GIRL—FOR RAILROAD OFFICE; must be an A1 penman; $35. M. J. OTIS, 225 Dearborn-st.

YOUNG LADY—AT ONCE, TO ACT AS ASSISTant cashier; must be rapid, accurate, and neat at figures and have a thorough knowledge of bookkeeping; one familiar with advertising rate preferred. Address W E 383, Tribune office.

YOUNG LADY—TO ANSWER TELEPHONE, file letters, and have some knowledge of typewriting; give reference and salary. O 201, Tribune.

Saleswomen, Solicitors, Etc.

A FEW BRIGHT BUSINESS WOMEN TO REPresent Mexican mining company. For personal interview address J 178, Tribune office.

CANDY SALESLADIES—NEAT IN APPEARance. Best of references.
GUNTHER'S, 212 State-st.

SOLICITORS—A FEW LADIES, EDUCATED and refined, on educational work in city; good remuneration; former experience necessary; references required; particulars. Address O 325, Tribune office.

2 BRIGHT, CAPABLE WOMEN TO REPRESent the strongest life insurance company in the world. Call between 12 and 2 p. m. Room 602, 98 State-st. E. E. STELLE, Mgr.

Domestics.

COOK—FIRST CLASS; $5 WITHOUT WASHING, $7 with washing; German girl preferred. MME. WHITNEY, 3233 Groveland-av.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS—FIRST CLASS; CITY reference; American family of two; highest wages. Call at 4450 Ellis-av.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS—CAPABLE WOMAN; will go to country June 10. Apply between 2 and 3 o'clock. 440 Chestnut-st.

*COOK—ALL AROUND, FOR LUNCH ROOM. 178 Wabash-av. Good wages. Call at 10 a. m. or between 2 and 4 p. m.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS—WAGES $6; 4 IN family. 670 E. 48th-pl.

COOK—RELIABLE; GOOD GIRL; NO WASHING. 3257 Vernon-av.

DINING ROOM GIRL—AT 315 W. VAN BUREN-st.

GIRL—TO COOK AND DO HOUSEWORK; NO washing. 5225 Kimbark-av.

GIRL—ABOUT 16, FOR LIGHT OFFICE WORK. Suite 207, 115 Dearborn-st.

HOUSEWORK—WOMAN FOR GENERAL housework in suburb; family two; man doing business in city; boy at high school. Address O 326, Tribune office.

HOUSEWORK — WOMAN FOR GENERAL housework in family of three; satisfactory wages for capable and reliable person; preferably Swedish. Telephone Hyde Park 1632 after 2 p. m.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Address 202 South Harvey-av., Oak Park. Telephone Oak Park 4032.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework and cook, in private family of two. Apply for two days, 2217 Hudson-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; good cook; no washing; reference required; best wages; small family. Call at 4450 Ellis-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL WORK; family three. 2410 Magnolia, near Berwyn-av. Edgewater.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT WHITE GIRL for general housework and white woman for day work. 5021 Prairie-av.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL; GENERal housework; family 3; good wages. 3235 Forest.

HOUSEWORK—GENERAL HOUSEWORK GIRL in family, 3 adults; $4. Flat 2, 4728 Kenwood-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. BUCHANAN, 5137 Lexington-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL, GENERAL HOUSEwork; small family. 4008 Indiana-av., 2d flat.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 722 Indiana-av.

LAUNDRY AND HOUSEWORK — COLORED girl; must have references. 2623 Michigan-av.

TWO SMART GIRLS TO SERVE AT NOONDAY lunch. Apply Mayflower club, 267 Wabash-av., 2d floor.

WOMAN—TO DO HOUSEWORK; AGED PREferred. 5470 Lake-av. top flat. Mrs. Campbell.

Housekeepers.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER—FOND OF CHILdren; good place for right party. O 381, Tribune.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

SAMPLE MAKER—ON LADIES' FINE WAISTS; must be first class. WILLIAMS & WAGNER, 112 Monroe-st.

Nurses.

NURSE—FOR CHILD; GO HOME NIGHTS. Room 447 Del Prado Hotel, 59th and Washington.

Agents Wanted.

WANTED — WOMEN AGENTS TO CALL ON prospective customers with whom we have already made appointments; article very easy seller. Call 441 Marquette Bldg., between 10 and 12 o'clock

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER AND GOOD GEN'L. OFFICE lady—Some knowledge of bookkeeping preferred, for good insurance position; good penman; $12 to start. Room 46, 92 La Salle.

STENOGRAPHER—WHO CAN KEEP BOOKS. Apply 148 State-st., 4th floor.

STENOGRAPHER—RAPID REMINGTON OPerator; neat appear.; $12-$15. 500, 112 Dearborn.

TYPEWRITERS—2 GOOD REMINGTON OPerators; $8. 500, 112 Dearborn-st.

Miscellaneous.

ASSISTANT BUYER FOR LACES AND EMbroideries, head of stock for infants' department, shrewd female detective, saleslad ies for draperies and upholstery; competent saleslad ies for general department. Apply in person Wednesday from 4 to 6 p. m., Room 19, Palmer House.

CHOCOLATE DIPPERS—NEW FACTORY; BEST workroom in Chicago. Apply 123 La Salle-av.

GIRLS—TO TEND LIGHT MACHINERY; steady work and good pay. Address W E 404, Tribune office.

GIRLS—GOOD, STRONG, 17 TO 20 YEARS OF age, to learn weaving woven wire mattresses; spring bed factory. Call at 79 Forquer-st., cor. South Canal, near Polk.

LADY PIANIST—TO PLAY AT ENTERTAINments, South Side. Address O 302, Tribune.

LADIES—TO TRAVEL; SALARY $60 MONTH, all expenses; position permanent. 385 Wabash-av. ABBOTT CO.

SERVICES OF YOUNG LADY IN EXCHANGE for shorthand course. W E 544, Tribune office.

YOUNG LADIES—SEVERAL, ATTRACTIVE, stylishly dressed, for pleasant lite or work. Call Majestic Hotel.

YOUNG LADY—FOR ADDRESSING; GOOD penman. R. 513, 59 Dearborn.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHER, S. P.....$12
Stenographer and bookkeeper, insurance..... 12
Stenographer, S. P..... 9
General office man..... 9
Typewriter operators..... 6
Addressers..... 6
General office, mail order..... 35 to 6
General office and folders..... 34 to 6
KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY,
92 La Salle-st. 225 Dearborn-st.

"LET MORRELL AGENCY HELP YOU" TO A good position. NO JOB NO PAY. 148 State-st.

YOUNG LADY—FOR OFFICE WORK. CALL 3d floor, 146 State-st.

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY.

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY ARE trades for girls to learn, taught from foundation to finish; as it starts you; we are showing waists, skirts and jackets; the newest is the Manhattan Shack shirtwaist and skirt patterns, cut to fit, 50c and up. McDowell School, 75 State-st., opposite Field's.

ENTERPRISE MILLINERY COLLEGE, 34 MONroe-st., teaches the French method; most correct method. Positions guaranteed. Evening classes.

MADAM HUNT'S MILLINERY SCHOOL—BEST in city; positions furnished; indorsed by leading wholesale houses. 1301 Masonic Temple.

THE NEW ERA SYSTEM OF DRESS CUTTING, making, etc.; night school Wed. and Fri. WALDORNE & PEARSON, Room 307, 39 State-st.

TAILORS' CUTTING SCHOOLS.

CROONBERG'S CUTTING SCHOOL, ADAMS EXPRESS BLDG., CHICAGO. ABSOLUTE FACILITIES. 'PHONE RANDOLPH 205.

CHAS. J. STONE & CO.—TAILORS' CUTTING School, 194-196-198 La Salle-st., Chicago. Evening classes now forming. 'Phone Main 163.

LEARN CUTTING, GRADING, DESIGNING, and making of ladies' garments; position furnished free. JACKSON, 220 State-st.

SAFES.

FULL LINE OF SAFES, BOTH NEW AND SECond hand, $15 up. Safes taken in exchange and bought. Telephone Harrison 4446. Chicago Safe and Mdse Co., 255-257-259 Clark-st., near Jackson.

LARGEST DEALERS OF NEW AND SECOND hand fireproof safes of reliability.
GABATH SAFE CO., 158 5th-av.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF NEW AND SECOND hand safes in the city. Hall's Safe & Lock Co., 52 and 54 Wabash-av.

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D. BAGGOT CO., 169-171 E. ADAMS-ST., MANUfacturers and retailers. Special designs.

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South Side.

FRONT ALCOVE, BEDROOM, RUNNING WAter, 2 closets, bathroom adjoining, ½ block from L. C. [Douglas station] and Cottage Grove cars; choice board; private family; references. O 318, Tribune.

2446 MICHIGAN-AV. — FURNISHED ROOMS, all conveniences [shower baths free], in fine large residence; board by week or a-la-carte.

PARTIES DESIRING FIRST CLASS ACCOMMOdations with fine table and every comfort in handsome home on Prairie-av., address R R 106, Tribune.

1503 MICHIGAN-AV. — NICELY FURNISHED rooms with or without board; refs.

4349 ELLIS-AV.—CORNER HOUSE, FRONT suite, with private bath; handsomely furnished.

3032 MICHIGAN—LARGE FRONT AND BACK room with board; detached residence; phone.

9 E. 31ST-ST.—BEAUTIFUL ROOMS; L. C. AND cable one block; telephone; excellent table.

4746 CALUMET-AV., 2D FLAT—A DESIRABLE room, board, for lady; private family; reasonable.

3937 LAKE-AV.—ROOMS WITH BOARD; ILL. Cent. and cable trains.

3440 INDIANA-AV.—TO RENT—ONE LARGE room for two; excellent board.

245 E. 63D-PL.—PRIVATE BOARD; DESIRABLE corner room; L. C. and L. 1 block.

44TH AND CALUMET—WELL FURN. ROOM and board, Jewish family. Phone 14771 Drexel.

267 MICH.-AV., NEAR AUDITORIUM — REST room and table for refined people; refs. exch.

3075 DREXEL-BLVD. — SUITE OF FRONT rooms, second floor, or single; board; L. C.

2949 MICHIGAN-AV.—LARGE SECOND FLOOR front room with board; phone; all conveniences.

West Side.

431 WASHINGTON-BLVD.—NEATLY FURNISHed, large, airy room for two, with board; evening and Sunday dinners served. Phone Polk 1961.

558 WASHINGTON-BLVD. — NICELY FURnished front room for two; every convenience.

North Side.

THE WISCONSIN—RESIDENTIAL HOTEL—15 minutes to business; change of management; elegantly furnished rooms, single or en suite, with board; reading, smoking, billiard rooms free; refined environment; homelike table. 22 Wisconsin-st., half block from Lincoln Park. Dearborn 5351.

1851 ALDINE-AV.—ROOM AND BOARD, NEAR lake, private home; reasonable.

205 CASS-ST.—FRONT ROOMS, SINGLE AND double, with board; terms reasonable.

N. ASTOR, MAISON-DU-NORD, NEAR DIVISion, and the lake—With board; $5 to $6 week.

654 LA SALLE-AV., OPPOSITE LINCOLN PARK —Fine front rooms; excellent table.

Hotels.

THE LOUVRE HOTEL, 3611 LAKE-AV.—CONverted seventh residence to a first class hotel; all beautiful outside rooms, elegantly furnished; single or en suite; with or without private bath; exceptionally good table d'hote; all modern conveniences; parlors, drawing, smoking, billiards, and ball rooms; our yard fronts the lake, without obstructions, 375 feet, embracing tennis court, croquet grounds, flower beds, and walks; ill. Central ½ block, cable two blocks; references. Tel. Oakland 1257. Reasonable rates.

TRY THE ONTARIO HOTEL,
N. State and Ontario-sts.
All outside, elegantly furnished rooms. American plan; $10 to $15 per week; 10 minutes' walk to business centers.

LEXINGTON HOTEL, MICHIGAN-BLVD. AND 23d-st.—High grade; absolutely fireproof; large rooms, finely furnished; hot and cold water; European plan, $1 per day and $1 per day and up; $1.50 per day and up; electric light; long distance telephone in each room; new, popular priced ladies' and gentlemen's restaurant; Wabash-av. cable passes door; South Side Elevated to 22d-st.

HOTEL TURNER, 33D AND WABASH-AV.—Without exception one of the nicest and best located family hotels on the South Side; rooms single or en suite, with private bath or without; electric elevator service; all modern improvements; convenient to elevated, Indiana, and State-st. car line. Phone 408 South.

VON WOL HOTEL, 3800 LAKE-AV.—NOW UNder new management; Hills-Park Hotel, 107 37th-st. Newly renovated, remodeled, and fitted up as a first class family hotel. Elegant outside rooms, single and en suite. Elevator and bell service. Good table. Parlors and smoking rooms. L. C. one and cable two blocks. Tel. Oak. 604.

HOTEL WARNER, 33D-ST. AND COTTAGE Grove-av.—First class residential hotel; finest location; newly and completely furnished throughout; fireproof; 220 outside rooms; 140 private baths; room, with private bath, $2 to $3 per week; fine new cafe, cuisine and service the best. McELFATRICK & COBB, Props., formerly with the Lexington.

CARGILL'S PARK HOTEL—OAK PARK—
Elegant sunny rooms.
Home cooking.
Pure milk, cream, and butter.
Finest meals and provisions.
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VINCENNES HOTEL ANNEX, CORNER OF ELlis-pk., 36th-st. and Vincennes-av.—Very desirable 2 and 3 room suites; facing park; furnished or unfurnished; private baths; fine dining room service; reasonable prices; no finer family hotel on South Side; Illinois Cent. R. R. 10 minutes to city.

THE ELLIS PARK HOTEL, 107 37TH-ST.—Elegant front suite, with or without private bath, facing park; also single rooms; good board; tel., L. C. and C. G. cabs. Rates reasonable. Telephone Oak. 576.

NORTH SHORE HOTEL, LINCOLN PARK AND Deming-pl.—Transients $2 per day; suites with bath; also single and double rooms; 81 up.

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HOTEL WYCHMERE [EUROPEAN], INDIANA-av. and 18th-st.—100 elegant outside rooms; all modern; reasonable rates. MRS. M. YORK, Mgr.

HOTEL HAYES, 64TH AND LEXINGTON-AV.—Block from S. S. L. I. C., electric lines; steam; baths. Tel. Hyde Park 656. American or European.

THE HAYDEN, 152 36TH-ST.—FAMILY HOTEL. New management, newly furnished rooms single or en suite; homelike; best transportation.

FAMILY HOTEL, LOUVRE, 3611 LAKE-AV.—References. Tel. Oakland 1257.

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Best known international sanitarium and health resort on the Lahn, station of the Nassau railroad, via Cablenz-Giessen.
Alkali, indifferent thermal Hot Springs, 28-50° C. Connected by mountain railroad with the health resort Hohenmalberg.
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ISLAND HOUSE,
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UNDER MANAGEMENT
CARGILL'S PARK HOTEL, OAK PARK, ILL.
FISHING SEASON NOW OPEN.

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BOARD — AND ONE LARGE, FURNISHED room, on North Side. Address O 328, Tribune.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—3006 MICHIGAN-BLVD., ELEGANTly furnished suite, facing boulevard; bath; elevator; cafe in building; first class service. Apart. 64. Phone Calumet 3804.

TO RENT—PRIVATE FAMILY WISHES TO rent room to one or two gentlemen who desire freedom of home; near elevated. 4907 Calumet-av., 3d flat.

TO RENT—221 E. 54TH-ST., NEAR WASHINGton-av.; large, pleasant suite of rooms and single rooms.

TO RENT—LARGE, NEWLY FURNISHED front room, facing lake. 2910 Lake Park-av., 2d flat.

TO RENT—WOODLAWN-AV., NEAR 47TH, nicely furnished suite; also single room; breakfast if desired. Address O 317, Tribune office.

TO RENT—COOL FRONT ROOMS; ALL CONveniences; desirable location. 6 Oakland Crescent. 40th and Ellis-av.

TO RENT—ROOMS IN THE HAYDEN, 152 36TH-st.—Family hotel. New management, newly furnished; single or en suite; homelike; best trans.

TO RENT—KENWOOD—CHOICE FURNISHED, heated suites; 3 and 4 rooms, light housekeeping; $30 up; unfurn, $16 up. Call 4528 Lake-av.

TO RENT—ROOM; THE LA FAYETTE, 10, 12, and 14 E. Harrison-st.; hot and cold running water; 1 block south of Auditorium; walking dist.

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TO RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS; 1ST CLASS neighborhood. 4806 Champlain-av.

TO RENT — FURNISHED FRONT ROOM; ALSO smaller room. 4220 Calumet-av., 2d flat.

TO RENT—3806 ELLIS-AV., FLAT 22; SINGLE outside room. Call evenings.

TO RENT—3763 ELLIS-AV., SINGLE EAST room; detached house; phone; L. C.

TO RENT—ELEGANT BEDROOM AND PARlor. 4223 Calumet-av. Apply second.

TO RENT—4149 CALUMET-AV., NEWLY FURnished front room; bath; modern. Third flat.

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TO RENT—ELEGANT ROOM FOR HOUSEkeeping, and others; near "L." 577 43d. Flat F.

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TO RENT—1ST CLASS ROOM, PRIVATE FAMily, to gentleman wanting home. 3308 Forest-av.

TO RENT—LIGHT, NEWLY FURNISHED room; phone; private family. 3314 Calumet-av.

TO RENT—LARGE COOL ROOMS; ALSO ROOMS for light housekeeping. 1243 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—THE DUQUESNE, 271 OAKWOOD-blvd., one of the few high grade apartment buildings in the city, with hotel accommodations; single, 2 or 3 room suite; only one left; maid service, electric light, private bath, cafe, elevator, etc. Phone Drexel 10651.

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TO RENT—MICHIGAN-AV., NR. 32D-ST.; IN private family; beautiful room; toilet and wardrobe in room; all conveniences; well furnished. Address O 151, Tribune office.

West Side.

TO RENT—NEAR GARFIELD PARK AND "L" station, pleasant parlor and connecting bedroom; $3.50 weekly. Address J 435, Tribune office.

TO RENT—ELEGANT LARGE FRONT ROOM; also smaller room; furnished. 651 Monroe-st.

TO RENT—638 WASHINGTON-BLVD., LARGE sunny room, suitable for two; all conveniences.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 463 MONROEst., 2d flat; front room; opposite Jefferson Park.

North Side.

TO RENT—1823 WRIGHTWOOD-AV., FRONT parlor and single room; very desirable; house, phone.

TO RENT—42 CEDAR-ST., SOUTH OF DIVIsion, near Lake Shore drive, large and single rooms; telephone; references.

TO RENT—PLAZA HOTEL, THREE ROOM suite; private bath; private entrance. Inquire Suite 201.

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TO RENT—MODERNLY FURNISHED ROOMS; every convenience; reasonable rates; telephone. 876 E. Ontario.

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TO RENT — 361 DEARBORN-AV., NEATLY furnished front rooms, corner house; every room light; awnings; always h. water; tel.; walk. dist.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED, COZY ROOM; steam; bath; $2. Middle flat, 216 Rush-st.

TO RENT—LARGE FRONT PARLOR; RUNning water, telephone. 277 Erie-st., 3d flat.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, TWO windows. 493 Belden-av., near Lincoln Park.

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TO RENT—437 N. CLARK, 2D FLAT, 3 CONnecting housekeeping rooms; $18.

TO RENT—ELEGANT FURNISHED ROOMS; run'g water, bath; priv. family. 356 Dearb'n-av.

TO RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS; EVERYthing, modern. 199 Dearborn-av., 3d floor.

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TO RENT—ONE DOUBLE, ONE SINGLE; ALL new furnishings. 22 Scott-st.

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WANTED—TO RENT—ROOMS; WE HAVE THE largest clientele; they pay good prices for select apartments; we are carefully inspecting each home and guarantee every chamber as represented; you pay C. O. D. for service rendered. Application blanks furnished free. Tel. Main 1897. The Betah Co., 801 N. Y. Life, Halsted 2275.

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TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—3606 ELLIS PARK, 8 ROOM BRICK; modern; half block west Cottage Grove, 3 blocks to L. C. station; faces five acres park; fine shade trees, flower beds; delightful, safe residence neighborhood; rent $37.50. A. C. MAYNARD, Room 606, 115 Dearborn-st.

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TO RENT—3

CITY REAL ESTATE.

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FOR SALE—PLEASANT HOME IN DESIRABLE locality; house in good condition, painted last season; trees and shrubbery; lot 50x175; large, pleasant yard, barn, alley; near university, Hyde Park High school, Ill. Cent. trains, cable cars, parks and lake. Reason for selling, owner leaving city. A. H. PARKER, 247 E. 57th-st.

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FOR SALE— 160 acres in Yellow Medicine County, Minn.; land all cultivated; purchaser gets one-third this year's crop; choice bargain; price $37.50 per acre. Lundy's Land Agency, Bank of Commerce.

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FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

FOR SALE—CHOICE LAKE COUNTY FARM, 180 acres; rich soil and beautiful location, on Desplaines river, between Libertyville and Half Day; one hour's ride from Chicago. AUSTIN CLEMENT, 200 Monroe-st.

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The Tribune.

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WEDNESDAY, MAY 20, 1903.

THE GOVERNOR SIGNS THE BILL.

Gov. Yates made an able argument against the Mueller bill and then signed it. It would have been better if he had permitted it to become a law without his signature. The bill is not decorated by the name at the end of it, nor is the public mind illuminated by any of the excellent reasons he has advanced for not doing what he has done. Believing and arguing as he does he should not have signed the bill. The large majorities in favor of it, as he has demonstrated, are not to him evidence that the bill is wise. The arguments of the press in its favor only created in his mind prejudice and distrust of its merits. The fact that the people wanted it was no proof that they knew what was good for them. The honesty and intelligence of the city government being admitted, there still remained in the governor's mind a doubt whether the discretion reposed in it would be wisely exercised. Indeed, the governor has advanced so many arguments against the bill that we do not know how he can justify himself to his friends for signing it.

The threat that under certain conditions the governor will call the legislature together and have the bill amended or repealed conveys no terror to those who understand the situation at Springfield. Inasmuch as the governor does not control a majority in either branch of the legislature, it would have to be a grave blunder on the part of the city council that would justify an extra session or give the least excuse for the repeal or amendment of the bill. Like Glendower, the governor may "call spirits from the vasty deep," but will they obey when he does call for them? So the bill is a law. After all the agitation and tumult and the efforts of the governor and his friends by unconstitutional methods to defeat it it goes into the statute books. Now comes the real period of stress and storm. What with the talk of a "referendum" a year from now and the manifest intention of some extremists to impose harsh and almost intolerable terms upon the traction companies, there is not good reason to look for a prompt or satisfactory settlement of the whole question or for the swift introduction of improved methods of transportation on the surface lines. Manifestly, there must be some profit for the companies in the new charter or nobody will consent to operate the lines. THE TRIBUNE looks for the best terms that can be obtained from the traction companies and believes that 1 cent in every 5 collected in fares should go to the city; beyond that point it has not yet heard of any plan of settlement which commends itself to general approval.

WHY WATERMAN WASN'T NOMINATED.

The republican judicial ticket is hurt because it lacks one name. The sins of commission of its makers when they put some unfit men upon it are trivial as compared with their sin of omission when they failed to put on the ticket the man whose name should have led all the rest.

When citizens read the list of nominees and failed to find Judge Waterman among them they asked wonderingly how he came to be left out. They could not understand the omission of a man who had many friends, and who, so far as they knew, had no enemies. He is a republican. He has been on the bench for sixteen years. During that time he has been always wholly a judge and never anything but a judge. He has proved himself learned and upright. Neither personal nor political consideration ever have swerved him from the path of duty. He has so borne himself as to win the respect of litigants and lawyers, who saw clearly that his sole desire was to do justice as between man and man. Yet such a man as this, whose name honors any ticket it may be put on, was proscribed.

The only explanation given the people is that volunteered by a member of the convention. It is that Judge Waterman seemed to have no friends in the caucus. Naturally so. Judge Waterman has not cultivated friends among the politicians and he might not be represented in a caucus because he believed his record would speak for him. Judge Waterman did not work for a renomination. He tried to elect no delegates. He asked the aid of no "leaders." He had too much self-respect for that. So, while he had countless friends among the voters, he had none in the caucus which made up the judicial ticket.

The cause of the striking of Judge Waterman's name from the list probably was the opposition of Congressman Lorimer. Last fall the judge would not speak at or attend political meetings held in Lorimer's behalf in the Sixth congressional district. Other judges attended such meetings. They were assailed for it. THE TRIBUNE defended the right of a judge to advocate the election of the candidate of his party for congress if he thought the interests of the country and the party would be promoted by the victory of the candidate. But a judge has the same right to refuse the invitation of a candidate to speak for him as he has to accept it. To punish him for a refusal is indefensible. It is an attempt to make the judiciary subservient to the "boss."

The republican judicial ticket, "conspicuous by the absence" of Judge Waterman's name, stands before the voters an embodiment of the ill will of "the leaders." Therein lies its fatal weakness in the popular estimation. There are good men on it whose election would be assured if Judge Waterman's name were there also. Indignant voters think only of the missing name of the conscientious, competent, indefatigable jurist, who is to be banished from the bench for no other reason than that he would not speak for a candidate for office who in his opinion perhaps did not deserve to be reelected.

TAKE THE LID OFF!

No matter how many precautions are taken and how much vigilance is exercised, it is impossible altogether to prevent occasional misconduct by subordinates in the great departments of the national government. Unscrupulous or dishonest men will work out unthought-of methods of evading laws and regulations, and will escape detection for a while. The people, knowing there must be wrongdoing sometimes, will not condemn the administration, some of whose subordinates are faithless, provided always the administration takes as its text: "Woe to the man by whom offense cometh," and punishes the transgressor.

The republican party when in power never has been afraid to investigate the alleged misconduct of its officials and punish them if they deserved it. It has had the wisdom to know that rumors of corruption exaggerate facts and do more harm than the truth can, no matter how disagreeable it may be. It has been the policy of the party always, when suspicion of wrong was simmering, to "take the lid off" the pot and let the steam escape. That is a policy to which the party should adhere, not merely because it is honest but because it is expedient. There should be no deviation from it because a veteran politician in office does not like to expose malfeasance in his department.

All that has been said applies specially to the charges made by Mr. Tulloch, a former cashier of the Washington city postoffice, of irregularities in the administration of postal affairs, and to the view which Postmaster General Payne takes of the charges and the policy he appears inclined to adopt regarding them.

Mr. Tulloch makes specific charges, the truth or falsity of most of which can be determined by official records. He alleges that immediately after the Spanish war the military postal service fund was drawn on to defray the expenses of "Indiana, Ohio, and other politicians and friends of officials," who were sent to Cuba and Porto Rico under pretense of "making investigations," but in reality to give them profitable pleasure trips. They were given salaries and their expenses paid. The names of many of the "investigators" and sums received by them are furnished.

Mr. Tulloch says that First Assistant Postmaster General Perry S. Heath sent an order to the Washington postmaster to appoint two women as charwomen at $600 a year, neither of whom was expected to report for any duty. He specifies other appointments improperly made to take care of "intimate friends" of Mr. Heath. The civil service act was evaded and the classification act ignored. Many clerks were paid excess salaries illegally. Many persons on the pay roll did little or no service.

Mr. Tulloch speaks of the extraordinary favors granted in the department to a concern which was trying to establish a letter box system in each house, and of the attempt to force all bonded officials to do business with a New York company with which Senator Platt's son was connected. Attempts were made to induce Mr. Tulloch to pay vouchers where bills were not itemized and there were no certificates of the delivery of the goods. He protested against these and other irregularities. Finally an investigation was ordered, but it was not made. The expert assigned to the duty was removed and Mr. Tulloch went also.

After Postmaster General Payne had received the specific charges, but before they had been given to the public, he spoke of them contemptuously as being merely the vague accusations of a discharged employé which it would be an insult to his predecessor to look into. Even after the public has been informed of the charges, and has learned how minute and detailed they are, the postmaster general asserts vehemently that they "do not amount to anything," and if they did the only person at fault was the Washington postmaster, who is now dead. Mr. Payne wishes to put all the blame on the dead to protect the living.

The charges are to be investigated, but the postmaster general is not in sympathy with the investigation. He has endeavored to make it ineffective by stopping the mouths of witnesses. He has said that if the name of any man who held a sinecure office is given him he will have that person sued on the charge of stealing money from the United States. The sinecurists will be dumb when asked for information.

It is time for the president to intervene. He abhors the policy of suppressing wrongdoing. He has moral as well as physical courage and he believes in exposing crime and punishing the criminal, no matter where the blow falls. He should turn his thoughts for a moment from the Yosemite to affairs at Washington, and direct peremptorily the postmaster general to do all in his power to promote the ends of justice and expose rascality and misdoing, no matter who the culprits may be.

Cleaning Up the South Side.

The preliminary work of the South Central Improvement association is progressing steadily, satisfactorily, and in true business fashion. Its directors and the members of its executive committee are alert, enthusiastic, and thoroughly in earnest. They have the confidence and support of the city government, which has agreed to cooperate with them. It is a novelty, as they have been informed, to have an association make application for improvements not only without complaining against the way the city neglects the streets but absolutely agreeing to take the streets off its hands. Hence the prompt agreement of the mayor that the south side association shall have police help in the enforcement of the "clean street" ordinance and all the water that is necessary for washing the asphalt pavements in the district between Sixteenth and Thirty-first streets and Michigan avenue and the lake. The executive committee has elected a competent man superintendent for one year, and he will employ the requisite help for cleaning streets and alleys, cooperating with private improvement associations already in the field which are cleaning single blocks. The association has computed the cost of cleaning per front foot, and the superintendent will canvass the entire district this week for subscriptions. As the amount is inconsiderable and within the means of the smallest property holders, it cannot be doubted that the necessary sum easily will be raised and deposited with the association's treasurer, and then the good work will begin in earnest. It is not intended that everything shall be done at once. The work will move step by step, and it will require much time to do it all, but the association is in the field to stay.

GIVEN A LONGER TRIAL.

The indeterminate sentence law still adorns, or disfigures, the statute books of Illinois. Among those who maintain that it disfigures them are the members of the Chicago police force and the Cook county state's attorney's office. Among those who maintain that it adorns them are the members of the state board of pardons and philanthropical penologists like Charlton T. Lewis. In addressing the Social Science association the other day Mr. Lewis outlined his position. Punishment should no longer be retributive. It should be reformatory. We cannot accurately determine just how many years of imprisonment are an adequate expiation of an offense. It is only in comic opera that we can exactly make the punishment fit the crime. What we should do, therefore, is to retain a man in confinement as long as he seems dangerous to society and release him as soon as he has given evidence of sufficient moral improvement. Under this system each prisoner will carry the key of his prison in his own pocket.

It is well that the indeterminate system is to have another chance to prove its right to exist. Criminologists are many of them enthusiastic for it. It now has some more rope and it will be able either to hang itself or to demonstrate a larger usefulness.

THE governor seemed to think it necessary to use a great deal of ink in washing his hands of all responsibility for the Mueller bill.

CAN it be possible the governor of Illinois wrote: "I will not hesitate to within twenty-four hours assemble"?

JOHN CHINAMAN'S prices for laundry work may have risen a little, but his smile is still childlike and bland.

AS THE Illinois and Michigan canal is a great public "work," of inestimable benefit to some of his friends, the governor heartily approves of the appropriation in its behalf.

THE president did not speak softly to the boy who called him Teddy, and it may be hoped that the boy subsequently made the acquaintance of a small but tough stick wielded briskly by the paternal hand.

TO ST. LOUIS: Pardon the question, but does the analysis of the water that comes from this direction indicate any improvement in quality of late?

THE Cook county courthouse, with its microbes inside and its crumbling cornices outside, is admirably arranged to catch the unwary visitor going and coming.

OBVIOUSLY the next thing in the regular order of business is the settlement of the river tunnel problem.

THE mule raisers of Missouri are to hold a conference at the Waldorf-Astoria, New York. Certainly that is far enough away from the Missouri mule for safety.

CHICAGO acknowledges with gratitude the friendly assistance of the Illinois editors during the late uneasiness.

THERE'S your old Mueller bill, confound you!—His Excellency.

IN A MINOR KEY.

The Cranky Customer.

The easy chair in front of the furniture emporium on Umpty-third street looked inviting to the man who was strolling along and looking into the shop windows, and he sat down in it.

He wiped the perspiration from his brow, took a pipe from his pocket, filled it, lighted it, crossed one leg over the other, and was smoking away in comfort when the proprietor of the emporium came out.

"Can't you see," said the proprietor, "that this chair was put out here as a sample?"

"I don't see anything to indicate it," replied the other, removing his pipe from his mouth for a moment; "but I'll take your word for it."

"Well, it was. Don't you see the price tag on it—$4.75? We put it here to sell and not to furnish a lounging place for everybody that happens along."

"Four dollars and seventy-five cents? That's reasonable enough. I've seen chairs in Grand Rapids, no better than this, sold for almost as much, and they didn't care two straws whether you bought or not. Those fellows in Grand Rapids are too blamed independent." (Puff, puff.)

"You heard what I said, didn't you?"

"About this being a sample? It's for sale, isn't it?"

"Certainly."

"Same as everything you've got inside?"

"Of course."

"Then it isn't a sample. It's a part of your stock. You shouldn't misrepresent things." (Puff, puff.)

The furniture dealer began to turn red.

"All the same," he said, "you'll get out of that chair, or——"

"Hold on. You said it was for sale. I'll take it. I'd rather buy it than move. I think you said the price was $4.75. Here's the money. And now, if you don't object, I'll sit in it till I finish my pipe."

"Well, of course, you know, if I'd thought——"

"We'll not wrangle any more, if you please," interrupted the man in the chair, frowning. "I never like to be disturbed by idle talk when I'm smoking." (Puff, puff, puff.)

Fifteen minutes later he knocked the ashes out of his pipe, rose leisurely, scrawled his name and address on a blank card, and stepped inside the store.

"You may send this chair to that new house over at the corner of Umpty-second street and Bingley place," he said to the dealer. "I've got a whole lot more furniture to get, but it takes too much conversation to buy it here. Good-day."

The Probabilities.

"McGoozle, where are you going to spend the summer this year?"

"Well, we are hesitating between a tour of Europe and a couple of weeks at my wife's uncle's farm near Naperville—with the chances strongly in favor of Naperville."

Floored.

"Your poem, miss," said the magazine editor, "is not without merit. What do you think it is worth?"

"It ought to be worth $25," replied the caller.

"H'm—are you aware, miss, that Edgar Allan Poe received only $10 for 'The Raven'?"

"Yes, sir," she said, "but publishers nowadays are not the sordid, soulless wretches they were in Poe's day. They recognize genius and are prompt and generous in rewarding it, sir."

The editor gasped once or twice, but handed her a check for the amount. C. W. T.

PERSONAL.

William Abrahams, M. P., lately the recipient of a testimonial for his public service, is one of two commoners of the name.

It is said Dr. Conan Doyle will bring back Sherlock Holmes and explain his miraculous escape from death in that awful struggle on the Reichenbach fall.

Miss E. Lowe, daughter of Sir Hudson Lowe, governor of St. Helena during the captivity of Napoleon I., has just celebrated her eighty-fifth birthday at Balham, England.

Miss Violet Defries has just been elected a fellow of the English Royal Society of Literature. She is one of the few women who have been enabled to write "F. R. S. L." after their names.

Mrs. Hannah Newell Barrett, Boston's oldest resident, who is 106 years of age, is proud of the fact that she is an honorary member of the Boston Tea Party chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution.

Prof. Florian Cajari of Colorado college has been selected to represent the United States on the international committee on organization of the international congress for the study of the historical sciences.

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY.

Copyright: 1903: By the Marquise de Fontenoy.

EMPEROR WILLIAM has a new nickname which has caught on like wildfire throughout Germany, and which he will doubtless retain to the end of his days. It is that of "Daniel," and originates with the striking resemblance between the kaiser and the statue of the Prophet Daniel which constitutes one of the chief features of the magnificent new entrance to the cathedral at Metz.

It started in the latter city, where people on the streets, in the beer gardens, and places of public resort were heard asking those they met whether they had "seen Daniel," and of course the joke quickly spread to other cities and towns to such an extent that the authorities have become alarmed, and have even gone to the length of prohibiting the sale of the photographs of the statue of the Prophet Daniel, which, with its strongly marked features and its upturned mustaches, is the counterpart in marble of the emperor.

Naturally the German people, who are not without a strongly developed sense of humor, as demonstrated by their comic sheets, are quick to appreciate the many points of analogy betweeen the Prophet Daniel and their monarch, notably the latter's readiness to act as judge and arbiter in every conceivable controversy that may arise, no matter whether it be of a military, political, scientific, commercial, industrial, social, or even biblical character. As the "Daniel of the twentieth century" Emperor William will go down to posterity.

Much of the information contained in these series of articles is derived from private letters and from sources of a personal character, and although it is in bad taste to expatiate on the merits of one's own writings, yet I should like to call the attention of those of my readers who have been following these letters for so many years to the fact that the story of the kaiser's new quarrel with his brother-in-law, Prince Bernard of Saxe-Meiningen, and of the circumstances which led to the latter's sudden resignation of his command of the army corps of Silesia, and to his withdrawal from active military service, was related at length in these letters just ten days before being printed in the Berlin papers on Friday last, and its appearance on the following day—that is to say, last Saturday, in the American press in the form of long cable dispatches. This is far from being an isolated instance of these letters containing information that only subsequently reaches this country by means of cable dispatches.

The little daughter of the ex-crown princess of Saxony, born under such singularly sad circumstances at Lindau, on the Bavarian shores of Lake Constance, has been christened, receiving the name of Pia Maria Monica, and has been inscribed on the local birth registers as a princess of the royal house of Saxony. She is so delicate a child that the intention of the court of Saxony to remove the infant from its mother's care as soon as it attains the age of three weeks will probably have to be modified.

It is related in court circles at Vienna and Berlin that the crown prince of Saxony sent a telegram to his former wife congratulating her on the birth of the child and conveying kindly wishes for her speedy recovery. This tends to confirm the story which I related here some time ago to the effect that the prince still retained sentiments of sincere affection for his former consort, and that as soon as the old king of Saxony had been gathered to his fathers a reconciliation and a remarriage would probably take place.

Let me add that it was the ex-grand duchess of Tuscany, who was present at the birth, who acted as sponsor at the baptism of her little grandchild.

There is no truth in the story which has been circulated to the effect that Sir Percy Sanderson is about to retire from his post of consul general of Great Britain in New York, a rumor which seems to have had its origin in the fact that he lately resigned the presidency of the St. George's society.

Sir Percy, who is a brother of Sir Thomas Sanderson, the permanent under secretary of state for foreign affairs, and the permanent chief of the foreign office, knows more probably than any one else in this country about the Danube question, which is destined to become a serious problem of European politics in the near future. The Danube, as every one knows, is a river which washes the banks of quite a number of countries, including Germany, Austria, Hungary, Roumania, Servia, Bulgaria, and Russia.

In order to prevent Russia from establishing herself in control at the mouths of the river, and thus interfering with the use of the stream, as an artery of trade between the various countries on its banks and other maritime nations, the stream was internationalised, if one can use the expression, and the Muscovite empire by the treaty of Paris was compelled to affix its signature to an agreement whereby the river was declared free to the ships of all nations, and its control vested in an international commission composed of representatives of the Austrian, Russian, English, French, Prussian, and Italian governments, which made its headquarters at Galatz. The commission has various sovereign powers over the Danube.

Now this treaty is about to come to a close, and Russia has already given indications of her refusal to consent to its renewal and of her resolve to take such advantage of her position at the mouth of the Danube as she may deem fit. The other signatory powers are certain to object, and the question may become a burning one. But it is a complicated affair, and, as I have mentioned above, there is no one in this country who knows so much about it as Sir Percy, who for near twenty years was the British member of the international commission, besides being consul general of Great Britain for Roumania, as well as repeatedly acting as chargé d'affaires at Bucharest during the absence of the minister plenipotentiary.

Sir Percy, who is a grandson of Lord Canterbury, is an old soldier, having, after leaving Eton, gone to Addiscombe, whence he graduated as lieutenant of artillery in the Indian army, being subsequently transferred to the Royal Horse artillery. He served on the staffs of several of the governors of Madras, and retired from the army some thirty years ago, with the rank of captain, to enter the consular service.

In reply to the inquiry of a reader from Chicago, I would say that the quirinal, that is to say, the metropolitan residence of the king of Italy, was built in 1574 by Pope Gregory XIII., the pontiff, who reformed the calendar and gave us the one which now bears his name, and who also invented what is known as the Gregorian chant. Until thirty-three years ago the quirinal was occasionally used as a residence by the popes, but since Rome has become the capital of united Italy it has become the abode of the reigning house of Italy.

It has been much altered and added to since them, and indeed the major portion, and, in fact, nearly half of the palace as it now exists, may be said to have been constructed since 1870. The residential portion is almost wholly new, and it is the older part of the palace, that is to say, that formerly used by the popes, that is now devoted to state functions.

Marriages Made in America.

[From the London World.]

[Lord Yarmouth is to be married to Miss Thaw; Lord Rosslyn's marriage is broken off.]

Our noble lords still seek their brides
Across the wide Atlantic's waves,
What time the British spinster hides
Her grief and placidly behaves.
But Cupid lays it down as law
That some folks must in love be crossed;
One marriage will display a Thaw,
Another indicate a "frost."

Smiling at Kentucky.

There is a temptation to smile when one hears that the prohibitionists of Kentucky have nominated a state ticket—to smile literally, not figuratively. If Kentucky is famous for anything it is not prohibition, yet one of the first states to adopt local option was that same Kentucky, where the sour mash grows.—Minneapolis Times.

Witnesses for the Doctor.

While Dr. Lorenz's critics are raising their voices against his "bloodless surgery" what have his little patients who are walking around "like other boys and girls" got to say?—New York Press.

One on the Benedicts.

The Gallic bachelor is crowing, like the emblem of his nation, over the fact revealed by the recent census that of the five centenarians found in Paris not one was ever married.—New York Tribune.

THE TOP O' THE MORNIN'.

THE WEATHERMAN.

[With apologies to James Whitcomb Riley's "Tree Toad."]

"'Scurious-like," said the weatherman,
"I've hollered for rain all week.
They'll think Old Prob.
Don't know his job
If the clouds refuse to leak.
An' I've squinted out on the dusty plain,
An' I get my signs—but it just won't rain.

"I never stopped when I started out,
But I said the thunder storm
Would seep and soak
Chicago folk—
An' it still kept dry an' warm.
An' I wondered then if the aneroid
With my trustin' heart had somehow toyed.

"Oncet in a while some foxy cloud
Would come an' hang about,
An' I'd up an' yell,
'Get your umberell
For the rain perdiction's out!'
But away in the west the clouds would sink,
An' blamed if they didn't seem to wink!

"But I'll fetch her! Yes, I'll fetch her yet.
You'll find that I'm all there.
I'll predict today
In an off hand way
That it will be clear an' fair.
An' then, my hearers, you're goin' to see
If I fool the rain or it's foolin' me."

THE PUGILISTS IN TRAINING.

[Mr. Corbett expresses confidence in his ability to defeat Jeffries.—From a news item.
Mr. Jeffries expresses confidence in his ability to defeat Corbett.—From the same news item.]

Get the dictionary, Mike, I've
booked another fight,
Now I've got to get in trim,
and train with all my might.
I must limber up my tongue
and amplify my talk,
Then I know the game is
mine—I'll win out in a walk.
Let me get the lengthy words
I used to know so well,
I'll be quodlibetical, as far as
he can tell.

Listen, Mike, how does this
sound: "It contraindicates
Integrity upon his part to
haggle over weights,"
Or "His claudication proves
his insincerity"—
Seems to me I've got the
goods! What do you
think of me?"

How'll it do to say that his comperendation is Tantamount to saying that he's weary of the biz?
And that his insistence that we battle in a hall
Is not only foolish but anomalistical?
Gee! About the minute that his plexus I have swiped,
He will think his cranium is parallelopiped.

What? I ain't forgot the way? You bet I haven't, Mike;
At his claims I cachinate, I deprecate, I glike!
He'll regret the day he matched this wise delpnosophist—
I can elocute against most any pugilist!

HAND MADE PHILOSOPHY.

It is amusing to read the outbursts of these professors and others against the late Mr. Shakspeare and his justly celebrated but unprofitable dramas.

If there is any way for the shades who roam beyond the Styx to keep in touch with what is being said and done in this vale of tears, how must Shakspeare, Ignatius Donnelly, Kit Marlowe, Boccaccio, and Lord Bacon laugh at one another.

What a ripple of merriment must come from the different writers from whom Shakspeare lifted his plots.

Shakspeare can turn the blame for his faults upon them, if he likes, but we think he was a man like Josh Billings, who believed that "A fellow ought to steal like a scholar and claim it like a gentleman," or words to that effect.

The funniest part of it all to them must be to hover about some of our latter day theaters and listen to the puns that antedate Shakspeare and still are bravely striding the boards. Actors come and actors go, but the seltzer bottle, the slapstick, and the green whiskers go on forever, and the cow continues to cross the road at regular intervals.

And the speeches of double meaning? Shakspeare did not write any more of them than may be found in the modern burlesque.

If we had been Shakspeare, we should have revised that epitaph to:

"Now blessed be he who sees my fun,
And cursed be he who steals a pun."

IT MAY BE.

We often rail at Fate, and say
She turns a marble glance.
But it may be the other way—
We don't give her a chance.

HIS QUALIFICATION.

"How did you folks ever happen to nominate such a man as Coddley for congress?" asked the man from the adjoining district.

"Why, what's wrong with Coddley?" asked the constitutent.

"Nothing, only he hasn't the first quality of a statesman. He can't talk, he knows nothing of legislation, he never figured as a patriot—in fact, he never gave any evidence of being fitted for such a place."

"Hasn't the first quality, eh?" The constituent bridled somewhat. "Why, man; did you ever see anybody that could look as impressive in a plug hat as Coddley does?"

W. D. N.

War in the Courtroom.

[From the New York Sun.]

Amelia Bingham, the actress, was in Special Sessions yesterday afternoon to prosecute Graham Rice, the manager and editor of a daily paper, whom she charges with criminal libel because the paper printed an article saying that her husband had beaten her.

Abe Levy, who appeared for Rice, wanted an adjournment, but Abe Hummel, who appeared for Miss Bingham, asked for an immediate examination and characterized the article as "very villainous."

"O, we're not talking to the press agent," Mr. Levy broke in. "Be a lawyer and not an advance agent for a theatrical troupe."

Peace was restored and things were going along smoothly when Levy broke out again and said: "I'm not a theatrical lawyer. I'm not an advance agent for any theatrical lady. We are charged with criminal libel in that we printed a statement that this woman was beaten by her husband, and we'll come pretty near proving it, too."

Justice Mayer adjourned the examination to Friday and paroled Rice in the custody of his counsel.

Made the Windows Rattle.

[From the New York Mail and Express.]

Now that the operatic artists—or most of them—have gone abroad, Mr. Campanari is desolate. His comfortable apartment has for several years been a favorite trysting place for many of the song birds during the long New York season; and Mme. Campanari serves spaghetti—Edouard de Reszke can say how well. The singing giant used to forego almost any other gratification of the palate to enjoy the Campanari Italian paste, together with strange sauces, anchovies, bovoli, fagioli, and caviare, like the fellow in "Cynthia's Revels."

"Alas!" mourns the versatile and semper paratus baritone, "what Sunday suppers they were; and how Edouard and I did sing; and how the windows rattled."

Possibilities.

A Minnesota man has grafted a tomato plant on a potato plant, and with some further development probably hopes to produce a vine that will grow vegetable soup.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Well, Scarcely.

It was scarcely expected that Gen. Miles would find the Filipinos entirely contented and happy—or all scrupulously truthful.—Washington Star.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 20, 1903.

DO YOU REMEMBER THAT—

ONE HUNDRED YEARS AGO TODAY:

Michael Angelo's project of turning the river Tiber from its course to recover lost objects of Roman art was revived by the pope, who offered a plan similar to that followed at the present time.

SEVENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO TODAY:

The Peruvian government discriminated against American manufactures by raising the duty on furniture and other imports 90 per cent.

FORTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

"The Tribune" proposed that the halting Virginia campaign which followed the battle of Chancellorsville be solved by President Lincoln himself taking command in place of Gen. Hooker.

A movement was started by the Pennsylvania miners and coal operators to expel all workmen who were not citizens of the United States or who had not taken out their first naturalization papers.

THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

Anthony Comstock of New York, whom the newspapers referred to as "a young dry goods clerk," succeeded in convicting George Francis Train of insanity because of articles which Train had printed in his newspaper.

A financial panic started in Vienna because of the large amount of new securities that had been issued, and the minister of finance was asked to suspend all business for several days.

TEN YEARS AGO TODAY:

Eugene V. Debs reached New York and announced that he had come to organize a new railroad men's federation that would boycott strikes and be conducted on "business principles."

Through the Stage Door

"SURE, I stood at Gettysburg for two hours with shot and shell raging around me," said the old man in blue uniform as he removed what remained of an egg from his left ear, "but I never had one strike me before."

He was marching down State street just behind the band which daily heralds the performance of "When Johnny Comes Marching Home" at McVicker's. And he was the first victim of the latest and most amusing strike which has yet visited strike tormented Chicago.

When "When Johnny Comes Marching Home" opened its engagement a contract was made with an enterprising promoter who agreed to furnish a strong lunged brass band, thirty-six, more or less, heroic cavalrymen, and the same number of foot soldiers to follow in the wake of the music. The contractor, in his turn, contracted with something like

MR. FERGUSON PUT OUT THE FIRE.

a hundred young men who are members of various militia regiments, and who were temporarily out of jobs. He agreed to pay them $1 each per day for the arduous labor of marching in ragtime about the downtown streets for an hour and a half.

But, alas, for his plans! the strike fever got into the ranks of his mercenary soldiers. The other noon, just ten minutes before the parade was timed to start, his battered veterans presented themselves in the form of a hollow square, and announced that unless their wages were immediately and permanently raised to $1.50 a day, they would fight no more battles under his ensign. But the contractor was not a soldier for nothing.

"Never," he said, and forthwith called for volunteers among the crowd of supers who were just then hanging about the stage door. With their assistance, the parade was started only ten minutes late, but the contractor found that his troubles had then only begun. The mutineers waited on every street corner. They shrieked "scab" at the amateur soldiers, and then proceeded to bombard them with eggs, paving stones, and other weapons which are not allowed by the laws of civilized warfare.

The volunteers had not understood that they were enlisted for active service. Finding himself on the firing line, "Johnny went marching home" as rapidly as possible, and for the time being left the contractor with only the skeleton of his former phalanx ready for duty.

It is reported that the strikers are now about to form the Paraders' and Sandwich Man's Amalgamated union, and theatrical circles tremble for the result.

Miss Grace Noble is a tall young woman with a pair of blue eyes. Just at present Miss Noble is acting as business manager and advance agent for "The Little Princess" company.

Miss Noble admits that she is a young woman of tremendous ambition, and states incidentally that her ambitions are in a fair way to be realized next season, when Manager Dillingham builds the new theater on Broadway, New York, which Miss Noble is to manage.

"We shall present nothing in the new house," says Miss Noble, "but Shakspearean plays and other productions of the highest class. We feel sure that the public to which this sort of thing appeals is sufficiently large to make the venture profitable, and, besides, the idea of a woman managing a metropolitan theater is so novel that I have no doubt a great many people will be attracted by that alone."

Miss Noble thinks it is perfectly lovely to travel ahead of a really first class theatrical company. This is her first experience in the theatrical business, but she likes it so well that already she is prepared to predict that when other women see how well she has succeeded in a managerial capacity they will be ready to follow her example.

As a matter of fact, there are a number of young women among the theatrical advance agents of the country, and several of them have done extremely good work. Miss Helen Ten Broeck, for instance, who represented the Savage Grand Opera company for one season, was certainly alive to all the tricks of the trade. And Miss Anna Marble, who traveled ahead of Elsie De Wolfe's company last year, was another feminine advance agent who knew how to get her star before the public.

"Satire is almost always wasted on actors," said the old advance agent. "As a rule, they are so deeply impressed with a sense of their own superlative abilities that they take everything written about them in the most serious possible fashion.

"Some years ago I was stranded on the Pacific coast. I wanted to get back to Chicago the worst way possible, and finally, through a lucky accident, I learned that Barney Ferguson, the Irish comedian, who was just about to start east, was in need of an advance agent. The job promised transportation and spending money at least, and I was glad to get it. Nothing interesting happened until we struck Trinidad, Colo. Trinidad is a small town, but there happened to be a young man working on one of the papers there more for the benefit of his lungs than of his pocketbook. He was an experienced dramatic critic, and he came to see my star.

"At that period of his career Mr. Ferguson's chief dramatic feat was to sit in a large easy chair, with an Irish makeup on, and hold a humorous conversation with the soubrette of the company. When the proper moment came Mr. Ferguson, being busily engaged in the debate, the soubrette coyly set fire to the paper sole of one of his shoes. Never even glancing at the threatening conflagration, Mr. Ferguson reached into a capacious inside pocket and pulled out a loaded bottle of seltzer water. Still, without looking at the fire, which by this time had reached magnificent proportions, Mr. Ferguson turned on the stream and extinguished the flame, all the time keeping up the rapid fire conversation.

"This brilliant outburst of wit and humor was always good for a hearty laugh in the mining district.

"The young eastern dramatic critic, however, fell afoul of my star after the following fashion:

"'Sir Henry Irving has his own individual methods of producing a dramatic effect; Mr. Richard Mansfield has his; but it has remained for Mr. Barney Ferguson to make a seltzer bottle the hero of a farce comedy.'

"When I read that in the paper the next morning I trembled for my job. As I walked into the hotel dining room Mr. Barney Ferguson was already reading the paper. I sat down at the same table. Presently the great man looked up.

"'Did you see what they said about me in the paper this morning?' he asked.

"'I did,' I said, looking as sorrowful as possible.

"'You see, they compare me with Sir Henry Irving and Richard Mansfield, don't you?' he said, looking as proud as a peacock. 'You'd better go out and buy me half a dozen more seltzer bottles.'"

The last time Weber and Fields visited Chicago members of their company were at the center of a performance much more amusing than any they ever gave on the stage.

Down in Dearborn street there is a café and restaurant which is chiefly patronized in the small hours of the morning by theatrical people. On the occasion in question a party of about forty actors met there after the show and quietly decided among themselves that they would do something to stir up the town. First of all they announced to the presiding genius of the place that his rooms were altogether too warm. Whereupon they proceeded to carry all the tables and chairs in the room out into Dearborn street, arranging them in a circle from curb to curb. Here for a couple of hours they had drinks and sandwiches served, varying the monotony by practically forcing every member of the party in turn to take his stand in the center of the cable track and

SCATTERED THE TABLES ACROSS DEARBORN STREET.

do the best song and dance of which he was capable. Long before the first act of this unique performance was over most of the police detail in the downtown district had been summoned on a riot call, but they were easily persuaded that nothing criminal was intended, and soon disappeared in clouds of tobacco smoke.

Finally, after the regular waiters had become entirely exhausted, Junie McCree was forced into service after an impromptu apron had been made for him out of a tablecloth. When he returned to the street, staggering under the weight of many mugs and plates, he found the party split up into four sections, one of which was gathered at each of the four corners of the block.

Finally, as a climax, the entire forty filed solemnly back into the café, and each in turn ordered an entirely different mixed drink. Everybody in the house worked for half an hour in preparing these concoctions, finally the forty tall glasses were lined up in a row.

Whereupon the forty actors bowed solemnly, said "Good morning," and walked out without touching their drinks.

It took "Joe" Weber some half an hour and something more than half a dollar to square accounts next morning. H. M. H.

Hereditary.

"That swell Miss Brown has several different colors in her hair."

"Yes. Shades of her ancestors."—New York Herald.

Hang a Few People.

Indiana seems to be getting into the center of the murder and suicide belt. We are having too many tragedies to feel pleasant.—Indianapolis Sentinel.

WILL WORK ON FARM IF—

CITY FOLK ACCEPT COUNTRYMAN'S OFFER CONDITIONALLY.

Scores Respond to Cry for Field Hands, but They Prefer Dairy Labor, Chicken and Fruit Raising, and Other Fancy Occupations to Plowing and Harvesting—Women Ignore Opportunity to Quit the Towns—Far West Attracts the Majority.

To the cry of the farmers for workers the reply of the young men of the city is: "We will come." The office of the Orange Judd Farmer has been swamped during the last few days with advertisements of city men who are anxious to work all summer in the country. Since the offer to insert such advertisements free in the paper was made public every mail has brought a heap of letters from those ready to forsake metropolitan bustle for rural quiet. A throng of visitors has made personal application to Manager George B. Bliss, and his assistants have been kept busy explaining the beauties of life in the country and how to get started as farmers.

On the surface the experiment would seem to offer promise of better days for the country folk who complain they can secure no help to plant and harvest their crops. An examination of the applications, however, discloses the fact that the city people are inclined to be captious. Most of them have ideas and impose conditions in a way to qualify the success of the plan.

Went to Be "Gentlemen Farmers."

While there is no question of the seriousness and honesty of the advertisers, they appear to suffer from an excess of independence. Too many admit they are willing to "accept" an offer for work. Then there is noticeable a desire to get into special branches of the business as stock raising, dairy work, poultry growing, and the like, branches in which a man might hold himself up as a gentleman farmer.

Not one avows his purpose to master plowing, seeding, harvesting, or haying, or his fondness for any of the fundamental tasks of farming. Many admit their inexperience and the wording of their communications speaks for their ignorance of rural matters. When a young man writes in all seriousness that he would like work on "a range in California," the fruit grower is apt to think twice before he undertakes to teach him the business and pay him also.

The choice of many far western states as the places where the applicants would toil, also speaks for their want of appreciation of the needs. Many want to go to Colorado and Montana, and the distant regions seem still to be enveloped in a haze of glamor and romance. The magic in the name of California, first conjured up by Bret Harte, has not lost its power.

A wide range is shown in the motives of the applicants for country work. One is a high school principal, who would earn some honest vacation money, another is a city youth who is ready to try his mettle on the storied cattle ranges of the west.

Not a Woman Wants to Go.

Most significant of all is the failure of woman to respond. Not one has replied to the request for help in the farmers' kitchens and dairies. Has the country no charm for them? Do they fear the often heralded loneliness and drudgery of the farmhouse and the supposed isolation and lack of society of the wives and daughters of the sons of the soil? These and other questions are being asked by persons interested in the project.

A few of the many advertisements which will appear in the next issue of the journal tell who are willing to shake the city's dust from their shoes. Joseph S. Hofer, superintendent of the Oak Park schools, Des Moines, Ia., writes:

"I formerly worked on a farm and would accept work of that kind in some good portion of Colorado during the summer vacation."

S. A. Talbutt of Chicago says he is 19 years old and strong. He is willing to go to California or Montana and knows about the care of horses.

School Principal an Applicant.

W. L. Barrett, principal of the high school at Fort Madison, Ia., writes: "Kindly put me in correspondence with those seeking laborers for the fruit harvests of California or the wheat farms in the northwest. I was reared on a farm."

Robert Zick, 625 South Kedzie avenue, Chicago, has not had experience on a farm but is a willing worker and is not looking for a snap. He prefers a dairy.

W. A. Wherry, 3721 Rhodes avenue, prefers Oklahoma or some state in that part of the country.

A. Hallberg, 97 Cleveland avenue, will go to California if transportation is advanced for himself and his family of three.

F. L. Zelby, 178 La Salle street, writes that he is 50 years of age and asks for advice, with this pathetic complaint: "Like many others of my age, I find it difficult to obtain employment. The corporations and business men generally want younger blood; and, again, I prefer the quiet life of the country."

J. S. Ward, 4908 Washington Park place, is one of many to whom health is the prime consideration, and who state that "salary is no object."

P. J. Cobett, 366 Johnson street, has no preference, except that he would be a "cattle herder."

The editorial granting applicants for work the free use of the paper's pages will not appear until the issue of May 23. The replies thus far received have been brought in by the report of the matter in THE TRIBUNE on Saturday.

FREE COURSE AT GLEN ELLYN.

Ruskin University Wants to Teach German to People Whose Ancestors Lived in the Fatherland.

Any one who can bring documentary evidence that his ancestors within the last 100 years lived in Germany, is to have the privilege of a free course in German in Ruskin university at Glen Ellyn during the summer. The "self-support" department of the university is to take charge of a bottling plant, which is in the building, and the mineral water is to be bottled and sold in Chicago. The entire work from the bottling to the shipping and accounting will be in charge of the students. The water will be known as Ruskin University Apollo Water.

Goes to University in India.

Richmond, Ind., May 19.—[Special.]—Dr. Wallace St. John of Franklin has been appointed to the chair of history in the Baptist university at Rangoon, Burmah.

"THIS IS MY BIRTHDAY."
—SHAKSPEARE.

BETHEA—Solomon Hicks Bethea, United States district attorney—" Old Sol Bethea."

A joke on himself relished by Mr. Bethea and one of his favorites:

His father, Squire W. W. Bethea, one of the earliest settlers in Lee county, Ill., where Solomon Bethea was born and "raised," was elected justice of the peace in 1839. The first case undertaken by Solomon Bethea was tried before his father. It was dismissed by the father with these remarks: "Young man, that was the worst case I ever heard, and if you ever come before me again with so badly prepared a case I will chase you out of court."

Solomon made an unerasable note of his father's dictum and was careful not to give him the opportunity of inflicting an ignominious retreat.

Mr. Bethea has a well founded reputation for enjoying life and the sweets thereof.

He disclaims favorite amusements. All healthy, wholesome amusements appeal to him.

He has no pet luxuries, although cigars are an approach thereto. He just smokes "sometimes," and any brand that happens to be handy, although he prefers two dollar and a half Havanas.

As to hobbies he says: "I don't know."

As to games, "I don't know."

As to a business maxim: "I don't know; just to 'get there,' and on a straight—in a double sense—road."

Does he celebrate his birthday? "No."

Does he like birthdays? Silence.

Mr. Bethea has been a member of the general assembly and mayor of Dixon, Ill.

He is famous for his popularity.

CHICAGO GIRL WEDS NEW YORK FINANCIER.

Hundreds of guests filled Christ church last evening to witness the wedding of Miss Narcissa Cox to Mr. Frank A. Vanderlip. Mr. Vanderlip is vice president of the National City bank of New York, was formerly assistant secretary of the treasury, and before that was a Chicago newspaper man. The bride is a favorite in University of Chicago circles, and gave up the honors of graduating a few months hence to be a bride.

The guests represented financial, university, and newspaper circles. The decorations of the church were simple. Palms were arranged far back in the chancel, and at the altar steps were two tall jars of white lillies.

A double quartet, made up of friends of the bride, sang an anthem before the entrance of the bridal party and one at the conclusion of the marriage service. Two ushers placing the ribbons met the bridal procession at the door. Ralph Hobart, as master of ceremonies, led the way to the altar, the bridemaids in a group of five following the ushers, the maid of honor preceding the bride, who entered the church alone but was given in marriage by her father, Mr. Charles Epperson Cox. The groom and his best man, E. W. Harden of New York, formerly of Chicago, waited at the altar.

The ushers were John T. McCutcheon, George Ade, Blatchford Kavanagh, Arthur Johnson, Allen Hoyt, Charles Rich, and Ames Higgins, the last three of New York.

The bridemaids accomplished an unusually pretty color effect in their costumes. The maid of honor, the bride's sister, Miss Clover Cox, wore a gown of rose silk, with trimmings of embroidered lace, a coronet of small roses on her hair, and carried a bouquet of mauve orchids. The bridemaids wore white point d'esprit gowns made over rose colored silk. They wore short tulle veils of a delicate rose color, and carried bouquets of mauve orchids. The bouquets were big, loose bunches, tied with long, rose colored ribbons, and were sent from Washington, as were also the flowers carried by the bride.

The bridemaids were Miss Ruth Vanderlip, the groom's sister; Miss Emma Dolsinger of Louisville, Ky.; Miss Elizabeth Calhoun, Miss Gertrude Butler of Indianapolis, and Miss Monica Railsback of Kansas City.

The marriage service was read by Dr. L. P. Mercer of Cincinnati, formerly of Chicago, and Bishop Cheney made the prayers and pronounced the benediction.

At the Cox residence, 3308 Calumet avenue, where the reception was held, the decorations were more elaborate than at the church. Reception hall, library, and stairway were banked with pink roses. In the drawing room, where the bride and groom received congratulations, white lillies were used.

Two rooms on the second floor were given up for the wedding presents. No list was given out and the name cards were removed, but some of those who sent presents were the following:

EX-SECRETARY LYMAN J. GAGE—Crescent of diamonds for the bride.
SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY SHAW—Silver bowl.
JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, president Standard Oil company—Large dish of hammered silver.
HENRY H. ROGERS, vice president Standard Oil company—Silver salver.
PRESIDENT W. R. HARPER of the University of Chicago—Set of books.
JAMES STILLMAN, president National City bank of New York—Silver dinner service.
MARSHALL FIELD—Diamond and emerald set for bride.
SENATOR C. W. FAIRBANKS—Gold clock.
SENATOR NEWLANDS—Silver loving cup.
OFFICIALS NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK—Tall silver Greek vase.
EX-ASSISTANT SECRETARY AILES—Dozen silver and Venetian glass finger bowls.
MRS. C. L. VANDERLIP, mother of the groom—Old Mechlin laces in Tiffany box.
MR. AND MRS. JAMES H. ECKELS—Tiffany vase.
MR. AND MRS. JAMES B. FORGAN—Silver dish.
MR. AND MRS. DAVID FORGAN—Tiffany bowl.
MR. AND MRS. S. B. CHAPIN—Silver plate.
BUREAU OF PRINTING AND ENGRAVING, Washington—Album of vignettes of presidents of the United States.
MR. AND MRS. LEVY MAYER—Blue and gold dinner plates.
MR. AND MRS. PAUL MORTON—Silver water pitcher.
JACOB SCHIFF—Silver compotiers.
MR. AND MRS. GEORGE H. ROBINSON of New York—Tiffany berry set.
ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL BECK—Clock.
DR. F. W. GUNSAULUS—Books.
MR. AND MRS. CHARLES R. CRANE—Tapestries.
ALPHA DELTA PHI of University of Chicago—Tiffany jewel box.
ESOTERIC CLUB, University of Chicago—Dish of hammered silver design, the name flower of bride.
E. W. HARDEN—Expenses of wedding trip to Europe.

The bride's gift to her maids was a tie pin, the initial G set in pearls. The groom gave the men similar pins.

Mr. and Mrs. Vanderlip left for New York, and will sail in a few days for Europe. They will be at home on the last two Thursdays in September at 1067 Madison avenue, New York.

Mr. Lyman J. Gage came from New York to attend the wedding. Former assistant secretary of the treasury Ailes and Mrs. Ailes were also among the out of town guests, as were Mr. and Mrs. Waldo Adams of New York.

The south side furnished the larger number of yesterday's brides. Kenwood was particularly interested in the wedding of Miss Katharine Bayley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin F. Bayley of 4034 Greenwood avenue, to Mr. Edwin H. Clark, son of Mr. and Mrs. Alson E. Clark, at the Kenwood Evangelical church. The ceremony was at 5:30 o'clock in the evening, the Rev. John R. Crosser officiating.

Miss Marguerite Manierre was the maid of honor, and the bridemaids were Miss Gertrude Potter, Miss Gwethlyn Jones, Miss Mary Steele, Miss Margaret Silsbee, and Miss Mary Shumway. Mancel Clark was his brother's best man. The ushers were Adolph Babcock, George B. Carpenter, Mr. Knight of St. Louis, Horace Brown, Preston Gibson, and Donald De Golyer.

The decorations were white and green. The church was crowded with guests, but the reception at the residence of the bride's parents was mostly for young people. After their wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. Clark will live at 2938 Prairie-av.

The north side wedding last evening was that of Miss Edna Lapham, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arden Barker Lapham, to Mr. Ernest Walter Hunt. The ceremony took place at 8:30 o'clock at the residence of the bride's parents, 2921 Kenmore avenue, Edgewater, the Rev. J. M. D. Davidson officiating.

Miss Jane Lapham, sister of the bride, was the maid of honor, and the bridemaids were Miss Fanny Hunt, Miss Edith Hunt, and Miss Grace Jones. They all wore gowns of white point d'esprit over white silk and carried bouquets of white lilacs. The bride's gown was of white meteor crêpe, with full veil and shower bouquet of lillies of the valley.

Edward M. Lapham was the best man. The ushers were Henry H. Curtis of Chicago and William P. Buckner of New York. It was a white wedding, white lilacs predominating in the decorations.

The wedding was a small one. Among the out of town guests were Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Morgan of Kansas City, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lapham and Miss Cole of Decatur, Ill. Mr. and Mrs. Hunt will be at home after Sept. 1 at 1053 Norwood avenue, Edgewater.

Mr. and Mrs. John Krans of 627 Dearborn avenue announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Laura Kranz, to Mr. Frank Lehmann, son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Bernard Lehmann of Dresden, Germany.

The marriage of Miss Leeto Grace Ashley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Burton J. Ashley, to Mr. Daniel M. Morgan will take place next Wednesday evening in Pilgrim Congregational church.

Among the afternoon affairs yesterday Mrs. Alonzo C. Mather's reception in the rooms of the Woman's club was one of the largest. The invitations were to meet Miss Ethel Spencer Lloyd of Detroit, a young musician, who gave a talk on "Lohengrin." She was introduced by Mrs. Otto Matz.

Today's principal society event will be the Fortnightly meeting at 3 o'clock at the rooms in the Fine Arts building. Dr. Yamei Kin, the Chinese woman physician, will give the first of a series of lectures on her country and people.

At the annual meeting of the Young Fortnightly on Monday the election of officers resulted as follows:

President—Mrs. Ralph M. Shaw.
Vice presidents—Mrs. James Thompson and Mrs. Edward Stettinius.
Recording secretary—Mrs. Charles U. Gordon.
Corresponding secretary—Miss Gertrude Libbey.
Treasurer—Mrs. Philip Schuyler Doane.
Directors—Mrs. H. O. Stone Jr., Mrs. John Jay Abbott, Mrs. Oren B. Taft Jr., Mrs. H. H. Walker, Miss Anna B. Johnson, Miss Mary Walsh, and Miss Gertrude Potter.

Miss Speed of 5000 Madison avenue will give a luncheon tomorrow at the Union League club for Miss Germaine Ames. On Saturday Miss McCullough will give a luncheon and matinée party for Miss Ames.

Mrs. C. Dana Corbin of 150 Lincoln Park boulevard will give a luncheon tomorrow for Mrs. Lawrence Pierpont.

Mrs. O. B. Phelps of 2427 Indiana avenue will give a buffet luncheon today.

Mrs. Stephen L. Walker of Rogers Park gave a luncheon yesterday for Miss Merriman.

Harmony guild will give its last charity ball of the season tonight at the Chicago Beach hotel.

LAURENCE IRVING IS MARRIED.

Son of Sir Henry Wedded to Miss Mabel Hackney on May 2, but Fact Just Made Public.

LONDON, May 19.—Laurence Irving, the son of Sir Henry Irving, was married to Mabel Hackney of Swansea May 2. The announcement was only published today. Young Irving was at one time engaged to Ethel Barrymore.

DREDGERS TO BEGIN BIG TASK.

Four Great Lake Companies to Join in Excavating the Sturgeon Bay Canal.

Four big contracting companies are about to begin widening and deepening the Sturgeon bay ship canal, connecting Lake Michigan and Green Bay. Nearly 2,000,000 cubic yards of earth will have to be dredged away before the canal can accommodate the biggest boats on the lakes. The government will spend $175,000 on the improvement, and when the work is complete the ship canal will have been widened from 100 to 150 feet and deepened from 17 to 21 feet.

The tug Andrew J. Green will start from Chicago today with one of the largest dredges of the Chicago and Great Lakes Dredge and Dock company. Outside the breakwater the Green will be joined by the car ferry tug Fisher, and the vessels will work together to tow the dredge to the scene of work.

Tugs and dredges also will be sent to the canal by the Duluth Dredge and Dock company, the Lake Superior Contracting company of West Superior, and the Starke Dredge and Dock company of Milwaukee.

It will take eight months to finish the work.

WISCONSIN PASTOR IS COMING.

Rogers Park Methodist Episcopal Church Secures the Rev. R. H. Harker of Appleton.

The Rev. R. H. Harker, now pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church of Appleton, Wis., has just accepted a call from the Rogers Park Methodist Episcopal church.

AMONG THE NEW BOOKS.

MEREDITH NICHOLSON'S "THE MAIN CHANCE" GOOD READING.

An Indiana Author of Promise Who Has Produced a Fictional Work of Modern Business Life in the West—Omaha Is the Scene of Its Action and There Are Glimpses of Real Personages in the Book.

This is the day of the "business" novel and the west in fiction and Meredith Nicholson has blended them both in "THE MAIN CHANCE," a story of bankers, lawyers, railroad men, and street railway speculation, with Omaha as the location and just enough of the feminine element to keep the strenuous young westerners properly interested in something more sentimental than their every day work. The title suggests money and material things, and yet the story is far from being as sordid as might be thought. The characters are strong and natural and interesting, and many of them are evidently drawn from life. One does not need to have been a resident of Omaha to recognize some of the notables who have more than a local reputation.

And Mr. Nicholson has studied his locale and business conditions at close range, as well as his characters. His long training in newspaper work has added to his natural talent in telling his story. The inevitable heaviness of business details is lightened by the humor of his characterizations and the light satire of his descriptions of the crudity of a western boom town, and he holds the interest to the end, in spite of the fact that the feminine element in the book is limited. John Saxton is evidently the hero, for he marries the girl at the end, and deserves her, but a more interesting character is Harry Raridan, the brilliant young man of leisure, whose misfortune was to be a generation before the time for that sort of thing.

Not so attractive, but a strong character study, nevertheless, is James Wheaton, the one man of them all with the sharpest eye for "the main chance," but who failed at the end, after doing much, because he was a moral coward. While Mr. Nicholson makes an interesting episode of an abduction based upon the stealing of the Cudahy boy at Omaha, and tells a lively story of the contest between two local Napoleons of finance for the control of the street railways, there is little plot to the story, which is carried along more by the charm of the characters and the telling than by what they do. (The Bobbs-Merrill company.)

TENNESSEE SONGS AND STORIES.

Another Volume from the Pen of John Trotwood Moore.

John Trotwood Moore in his preface to "SONGS AND STORIES FROM TENNESSEE" (Henry T. Coates & Co.) deprecates his efforts to do justice to the "spot rich in history and tradition," saying: "I have only attempted to do what a greater one should have done." Mr. Moore's humble opinion of his work is undeserved, for the songs and stories, which he says had been hastily written for an obscure department of a country newspaper, and which are now issued in book form, are charming little sketches full of humor and pathos, cleverly blended.

"The Basin of the Tennessee" is a poetic bit of description of that part of the country which the author says is "the dimple of the universe." That Mr. Moore loves his land and its people is evident in every line. The negro dialect enters largely into the stories of necessity. In "Old Mistic," a typical story of the "Old South," the fascination of horse racing, "the sport of the gods," according to Col. James Dinwiddie, is the dominating theme. It is a simple tale, told mainly by "Little Jake," a jockey whose picturesque photograph forms the frontispiece. The devotion of the little slave to his master and the horses, his literal interpretation of the one bit of the scriptures which has come to his knowledge, his childish description of horse races and of himself as a "muscat," with his tragic end, form a story of real interest. The tales, though "decked in homespun and homeliness," are pleasing and restful. There are several good illustrations of the "darkies" around whom most of the stories are woven.

KINDERGARTEN BUILDING GIFT.

A Helpful Book for Teachers, by Harrison and Woodson.

"THE KINDERGARTEN BUILDING GIFTS" (Sigma Publishing company) is intended primarily as a help for teachers in kindergartens, but it is expected also to demonstrate to everybody the importance of the work created by Froebel. Its authors are Elizabeth Harrison, coprincipal of the Chicago Kindergarten college, and Belle Woodson, instructor in gifts and occupation in the same institution. The introduction is "a short and inadequate statement of the world-view of one of the most truly religious minds in modern times." The book is intended to show why Froebel instituted the gifts, to examine them critically and find out whether or not they fulfill the purpose for which they were intended.

Each gift forms a chapter, the first gift, as every kindergartner knows, consisting of six worsted balls of the colors of the rainbow, to each of which is attached a string of the color corresponding to the ball. Every detail, technical or otherwise, is exhausted in each chapter, rhymes and little songs forming no small part of the whole. The book should be of value to those interested in the work of kindergartens.

Gates of Silence.

Robert Loveman, whose poems have appeared from time to time in "The Critic," "Harper's," and many of the other current magazines, has collected them and had them reprinted in a little volume under the title of "The Gates of Silence." (The Knickerbocker Press.) Mr. Loveman's verses are too well known to need much comment. They are full of gentle thoughts and possess a delicacy of expression. They breathe of nature and have the merit of brevity. The beauty of sweet simplicity of the author's thoughts may best be shown by the following verses, which are the gem of the whole collection:

I could not see till I was blind,
Then color, music, light,
Came floating down on every wind
And noonday was as night.

I could not feel till I was dead;
Then through the mold and wet
A rose breathed softly overhead,
I heard a violet.

Reflections of Bridget McNulty.

Frank C. Voorhies has written a little volume called "Reflections of Bridget McNulty" (Dickerman Publishing company), in which various opinions on present day methods, people, and things are expounded by Bridget McNulty, a cook, to her friend, Ellen Riley. Football, golf, and pingpong are handled in a manner peculiar to the loquacious handmaid, while Christian Science, phrenology, love, and many other subjects come in for their share of criticism and explanation. The sketches are filled with a sense of humor well calculated to raise much merriment in the mind of the reader at the expense of the devotees of the games, the followers of the many cults, and at the funny misrepresentations of the Irishwoman.

Peter von Dinkelspiel.

A flexible covered volume bearing the title of "Peter von Dinkelspiel and Other Moods More Serious" (Drexel Biddle press), by John Campbell Haywood, consists of a number of poems both funny and serious. The latter have much more of merit in them than the former. "Independence Day," "Faith," "Evening Lights," and "Future" are the best the little volume has to offer. Those intended to be jocose border on the trashy, and one wonders why Mr. Haywood thought it necessary to include them.

Passes Examination for Annapolis.

Stewart Greig, 1107 Garfield boulevard, received word yesterday from Capt. W. H. Brownson, superintendent of the Naval academy at Annapolis, that he had passed the examination for admission to the academy and directing him to report for duty on June 10. The successful candidate is a son of James S. Greig, a manager for Swift & Co. Another examination will be held at Annapolis on June 16.

May Enter Malinckrodt Convent.

Wilkesbarre Pa., May 19.—At the Malinckrodt convent today fifteen young women took the white veil and twenty sisters the black veil. Bishop Hoban presided. Among those who took the white veil was Bertha Behncke of Chicago.

To Tell of Juvenile Court.

Miss Julia Lathrop will speak on "The Ward of the Juvenile Court" at the Hyde Park Baptist church, Woodlawn avenue and Fifty-sixth street, at 3 o'clock today.

Judson-Alton: Personally conducted low rate excursions to California, through Colorado. Address Marquette Bldg., Chicago, for itinerary.

A DUTY AND A BLESSING

Abstinence from strong food in the Spring and Summer time is a duty and a blessing. In the Spring everybody gets weaker because the weather is warmer, yet we eat with the Winter's appetite and get sick instead of eating light, easily digested food like

DR. PRICE'S
WHEAT FLAKE CELERY
FOOD

which has all the elements needed for the sustenance of all parts of the body in proper proportions to give health and strength.

Palatable—Nutritious—Easy of Digestion and Ready to Eat

My signature on every package. Dr. V. C. Price

Dr. Price, the creator of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder and Delicious Flavoring Extracts.

Prepared by PRICE CEREAL FOOD CO., Food Mills, BATTLE CREEK, MICH., Main Offices, CHICAGO.

REWARD FOR CHURCH WRECKER

Evanston Council Offers $500 for Arrest of Men Who Set Off Blast in Ebenezer Building.

A reward of $500 for information leading to the arrest of the persons concerned in the wrecking of the Ebenezer Methodist church, Evanston, last Friday evening was offered by the Evanston city council last evening. The resolution was offered by Ald. W. B. Walwrath of the Seventh ward, and was in response to the appeal of a committee from the church, asking that such action be taken.

James Gallagher of Benson avenue paid $2.25 for a dog license and the dog died. Gallagher petitioned the council to refund his money. The police committee will pass on his claim.

The old trouble about the street cars not stopping was revived in the council meeting. The railway committee was authorized to take steps to have the cars stop at street crossings.

GLENWOOD HOME'S GOOD YEAR.

Directors of the Boys' Manual Training School Farm Hold Their Annual Election.

The directors of the Illinois Manual Training school farm at Glenwood held their annual meting in the Sherman house yesterday afternoon. Edward B. Butler, Edwin G. Foreman, and John S. Field were reelected members of the board of directors.

Oscar L. Dudley, the secretary and treasurer of the association, stated in his report for the year that over 500 boys have been cared for at the farm. Forty-four boys were placed in homes, 194 returned to their parents or to friends, while nine ran away. There was only one death.

The financial condition of the school had been satisfactory. Attention was directed to the need of a new swimming pool, which will cost $2,500. Two cottages are needed also.

WANTS A COAL CASE DECISION.

State's Attorney Deneen Asks Judge Horton to Hurry Up—Ruling Promised in Few Days.

A decision in the case of the Illinois and Wisconsin Retail Coal Dealers' association is to be handed down by Judge Horton either the last of this week or early next week. A request for haste in the decision was made yesterday by State's Attorney Deneen, and it is probable that a similar request will be made in a day or two in the case of the Northern Illinois Coal Dealers' association. The time taken by Judge Horton was characterized by the state's attorney as "an unusual delay."

Mr. Deneen, Assistant State's Attorney Barnes, and Attorney Samuel Packard, for the defendants, were in court when Mr. Deneen made his request.

The other coal case will be taken up in a day or two.

WOMAN ACCUSES LOAN AGENT.

Ida Johnson Has Grand Jury Vote Indictment Against H. Martin Charging Conversion of $3,250.

A true bill charging embezzlement was voted against Hugh Martin yesterday by the grand jury. Martin is said to have been given $3,250 by Miss Ida C. Johnson, 270 Fortieth street, which he was instructed to loan.

He is said to have pretended that he had advanced the money on mortgages, but instead to have converted the money to his own use.

Charles Slater and Peter Burg, two of the three alleged tax fixers, indicted on Monday, gave bonds of $1,000 each, State Senator Powers being the surety.

Padding Skeletons That's Postm's Job.

The rapidity with which pure food and drink will win a hard battle against ill health makes people stare sometimes. The most wonderful medicines in the world may be tried without success so long as the body is slugged with coffee. After lying 10 months in bed from his third attack of La Grippe, a gentleman of Bridgeport, Vt., recovered his health almost entirely in two weeks by leaving off coffee and drinking Postum Cereal Coffee at meal times. He says:

"I was reduced in weight from 190 to about 100 pounds and thus remained a poor, helpless skeleton for 8 months notwithstanding my physician's liberal prescriptions, besides many boxes and bottles of extensively advertised remedies and dozens of bottles of malt and other tonics.

"Finally in April, I stopped using coffee and other drugs and medicines of every kind and adopted a diet of plenty of Postum and Grape-Nuts. To my surprise in a short time I was able to eat and digest soft boiled eggs for breakfast and beef steak for dinner. I gained flesh and strength rapidly.

"On the afternoon of June 9 I walked out of my residence for the first time in 10 months and nine days. Two weeks later I left the city for my boyhood's home in the old Green Mountain State where I am now living in better health and strength than I have had since my first attack of La Grippe in 1892. I regard my case as having been hopeless so far as medical science was concerned by reason of heart failure, nervous prostration and, as my physician termed it, nearly total paralysis of certain internal organs, but found all this was caused by coffee drinking.

"Before I found Postum I was 70 years old, now I feel 70 years young." Name furnished by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Sold only in 5 lb. sealed boxes!

"CRYSTAL DOMINO SUGAR" is packed in neat SEALED BOXES, and is NEVER sold in bulk. It is packed at the refinery and opened in the household;—there is no intermediate handling. Hence, no dirt, no waste, no possible adulteration. Every piece alike—and every piece sparkles like a cluster of diamonds, the result of its perfect crystallization. Convenient in form, perfect in quality, brilliant in appearance, no sugar made can equal it in excellence. When buying this sugar remember that the sealed package bears the design of a "Domino" Mask, "Domino" Stones, the name of "Crystal Domino," as well as the names of the manufacturers. You will be pleased the moment you open a box. You will be better pleased when you have tried it in your tea, coffee, etc.

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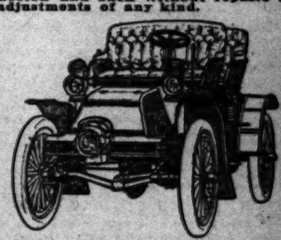

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CENT ADVANCE IN WHEAT

CLAIMS OF CROP DAMAGE THE CHIEF BULL INCENTIVE.

Reports of Deterioration Over a Wide Area Come from Southwest and Local and St. Louis Operators Are Large Buyers—Stocks in This Country Decreasing Rapidly — Corn Stronger—Oats Higher on Poor Crop Outlook—Flurry in July Pork.

Early influences in the wheat market were interpreted as bearish. Cables were lower and St. Louis broke, apparently forgetting its claims of serious damage to the growing crop. There was talk of larger receipts in the northwest, and of a strike of flour handlers which might close some of the mills. The northwest markets started easy, and there were declines of about ⅝c here, with considerable local selling. But the wheat seemed to be wanted, commission houses picking up the offerings. The southwest began sending more crop damage reports and more buying orders, and in the last half of the session the market suddenly turned strong and a big, broad trade developed.

On buying largely by local bull operators and St. Louis houses and some hurried covering by shorts, there was a sharp advance of 1½c from the early break, with the close at about top prices and at a net gain of ⅝c to 1c for the day. July made the best advance, selling from 72⅝@72⅞c to 74¼@74⅜c, closing at 74⅛c sellers. But September went about as fast and about as far, the natural result of fears of crop damage, closing at 71⅝c bid. The May reached 80¾c, and closed at 80c.

A factor in the advance was Bradstreet's report showing a decrease of 4,300,000 bu in world's stock for the week, compared with 2,404,000 bu decrease a year ago. Stocks in second hands in this country seemed to be decreasing more rapidly than last year, the falling off east of the Rockies, 5,004,000 bu for the week, compared with 3,808,000 bu a year ago.

Crop Estimates Reduced.

Fears of serious damage to the crop were, however, the main motive for the advance. Advices from Kentucky and Tennessee millers claim wheat going back daily on account of rust and fly, and not more than half a crop probable. A St. Louis elevator concern put out an estimate as the result of tabulated reports from traveling men that not over 60 per cent of the crop would be raised in all the winter wheat states outside of Indiana and Ohio. There were reports of serious damage in Kansas and Nebraska, and strenuous contradictions from those states of any deterioation, except in small sections. But when the market got under way with a full head of steam on it was more popular and seemed safer to credit the damage claims.

There was selling early by some of the St. Louis houses, but there was large buying, apparently for southwest account, as the advance started, through Spencer, Bennett, Logan-Bryan, Jackson, Lindman, McReynolds, and other houses. The northwest, which had also sold early, turned buyers, through Daggett, Wrenn, and Harris-Gates, and there was a big local demand by Trego-Montgomery, Brosseau, Chandler, Hulburd-Warren, Dunn, Rankin, and Pringle. There was an idea that Armour was a buyer of July through commission houses on the early decline, and there was some open support from that source. The selling on the advance was through commission houses generally, in the way of crop taking.

Local contract stocks increased 207,000 bu for the week to 3,007,000 bu. Total stocks are 7,080,000 bu, a decrease of 263,000 bu. Minneapolis stocks decreased 550,000 bu for three days. Portland, Ore., reported a sale of a cargo of 3,000 tons to Japan. It was still dry in California. Primary receipts were 235,000 bu, compared with 249,000 bu a year ago. Clearances were 432,000 bu. Export sales at the seaboard were 160,000 bu. Liverpool cables were ½d to ⅝d lower, Paris ¼c lower to unchanged.

Corn Holds Firm.

There was a slight yielding in corn prices early on continued liberal country acceptances, though these were on a much smaller scale than on Monday, country sales perhaps 500,000 bu. But the market held firm, though dull, most of the session, with a late moderate rally, in sympathy with wheat and on local buying of July, the close showing gains of 1⅛@1¼c. The cash market was steady. The shipping demand was better, although some eastern buyers were trying to resell purchases here; sales, 400,000 bu, partly for June shipment. The market was steadied by the decrease in stocks and the small estimate of 100 cars for today. Contract stocks decreased 318,000 bu for the week, to 1,095,000 bu, and total stocks decreased 480,000 bu, to 2,714,000 bu. The May went to a discount of ⅛-⅜c under July on moderate selling by McReynolds. The inspection sheet showed 311 cars in, with 19 contract. Primary receipts were 285,000 bu, compared with 328,000 bu a year ago. The Illinois state bulletin said planting was discontinued in some sections because the ground was too dry. Clearances were 537,000 bu. Export sales at the seaboard were 144,000 bu. Bradstreet's reported a decrease of 1,342,000 bu east of the Rockies for the week, compared with a decrease of 1,008,000 bu last year.

Oats Shorts Cover.

Oats were a shade easier early on reports of showers in Central Illinois, but turned all the stronger later on the announcement that the showers had passed away without doing any good. The continued drought in Illinois and the east and the reports that oats were heading low and looking poor induced covering on a large scale, and there was a sharp advance of ⅝c to ¾c in the deferred futures, July selling up to 34c and September up to 31¼c and closing there. Small receipts and good cash demand from the east were bull factors. Shipping sales, including some late Monday, were 300,000 bu. There were 243 cars in, with 12 standard, from all sources, and 80 estimated for today. Local stocks of standard increased 94,000 bu for the week, to 323,000 bu, total stocks in all positions decreasing 245,000 bu, to 1,460,000 bu. Bradstreet's reported a decrease of 1,079,000 bu east of the Rockies, compared with a decrease of 193,000 bu last year. Clearances were 342,000 bu, export sales at the seaboard, 80,000 bu.

Pork Prices Sharply Higher.

Shorts did some active scrambling for about all the pork deliveries, making the May 15c higher, the July 57½c up, and the September 20c better. The July, which closed Monday at $17.15, sold up to $17.90, but reacted to a close at $17.72½. The opening was only 2½c higher than the previous close, but brokers said to be representing Cudahy became active almost immediately and bid the price up rapidly. Sales, however, were quite a way apart. The conditions which makes shorts nervous are the small stocks and the fact that no more contract pork will be made in time for July delivery. Lard was 22½c up on the May and 10c on other deliveries. Ribs were also 10@12½c higher, with a good trade in all products. Hog receipts were 17,000, with 27,000 estimated for today; at western packing points 71,000 as compared with 65,500 a year ago. Shipments of cured meats were 1,450,000 lbs, as compared with 3,077,000 lbs last year and of lard 988,000 lbs, against 916,000 lbs last year.

Rye was dull and about featureless market, the May 50c bid and the July 50½c bid, offered at 50¾c. Receipts were only 8 cars.

There was a continued steady tone to barley, though buyers were less anxious to take offerings. Inspection was 33 cars. Screenings were salable at 50@58c for common to good, feed at 38@41c, low grade malting 43@47c, fair to good 49@53c, and choice to fancy 54@58c.

Timothy seed was steady and about unchanged, September at $3.40 bid and $3.50 asked. The outside was the quotation on contract. Clover seed was inactive at $11.50@11.75 for contract and $8.75 for October.

Flaxseed was only a nominal market. No. 1 northwestern $1.16, southwestern $1.11, May $1.11 bid and July $1.14 bid. Receipts were 2 cars here, 13 at Minneapolis, and 21 at Duluth.

Range of Active Futures.

WHEAT.

	Closed May 17.	Range		Closed yes-terday.	Closed May 20.
		High.	Low.		1902.
May ...	79⅝	80⅝	79⅜	80	74⅞
July ...	72⅝-¾	74¼-⅜	72⅝-¾	74¼	74⅛
Sept ...	70⅝	71¾	70¼-⅜	71⅝-¾	73⅛

Dec. ...	71¾	72¾	70⅝	72¼	74

CORN.

May ...	44⅛	44⅞	44⅜	44½	61
July ...	44⅝	44⅞	44⅜	44⅝-¾	62
Sept. ...	44⅜	44⅝	44¼	44⅜	60¼

OATS.

May ...	30¾-⅞	36⅝	36⅛	36⅜	42
July ...	33⅛-¼	34	33-⅛	34	34⅝
Sept. ...	30¾-⅞	31¼	30½	31⅛	29⅝
Dec. ...	30⅝	31¼	30½	31⅛	29⅛

MESS PORK.

May ...	18.85	19.00	18.92½	19.00	17.10
July ...	17.15	17.95	17.17½	17.72½	17.17½
Sept. ...	16.57½	16.87½	16.57½	16.77½	17.30

LARD.

May ...	8.85	9.07½	8.92½	9.07½	10.17½
July ...	8.95	9.07½-10	8.92½-5	9.07½	10.17½
Sept. ...	8.97½	9.10	8.95	9.07½	10.20

SHORT RIBS.

May ...	9.25	9.30	9.25	9.35	9.70
July ...	9.37½	9.50	9.37½	9.50	9.65
Sept. ...	9.17½	9.32½	9.17½	9.32½	9.65

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	Standard.	No. 3.	Low grade.	Total.
Winter wheat.	2	..	14	21	37
Colo. wheat...	1	..	..	..	1
Spring wheat.	..	..	8	7	15
Corn	10	..	178	113	301
Oats	1	12	70	160	243
Rye	3	..	3	2	8
Barley	..	..	16	17	33
Totals....	26	12	285	321	644

Inspected out: Wheat, 87,400 bu No. 3 hard, 16,000 bu No. 3 red, 700 bu spring. Corn, 56,000 bu No. 2, 50,000 bu No. 3, 4,800 bu No. 4. Loaded from unlicensed elvators: Wheat—Winter, 4 cars No. 2 red, 21,400 bu No. 3 red, 49,700 bu No. 4 red; spring, 10 cars and 7,100 bu No. 1 northern. Corn, 5 cars and 142,400 bu No. 3 yellow, 12 cars No. 3 white, 4 cars No. 2, 241,600 bu No. 3. Oats, 9 cars standard, 7 cars No. 2 white, 8 cars No. 2, 5 cars No. 3.

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Nominal. Winter patents, $3.50@3.60; straights, $3.30@3.40; clears, $2.85@3.15. Spring special brands, $4.25@4.80; Minnesota hard patents, $3.80@3.90; Rye, brls, $2.55@2.75; sacks, $2.30@2.50.

BRAN—Firm. Sales on track, $15.00.

WINTER WHEAT—Quiet and firm. Sales in store and to go. No. 3 red, 77½c; no grade, red, 64c; No. 4 white, 64c. On track: No grade, red, 64c; No. 4 white, 64c; No. 3 red, 77½c. Free on board: No. 4 red, 70c; No. 3 red, 74@75½c; No. 3 hard, 72¼@76c.

SPRING WHEAT—Firmer. Sales in store and to go: No. 1 northern, 100,000 bu on p. t. On track: No. 4, 75c. Free on board: No. 4, 73c. Billed through: No. 3, 76c.

CORN—Steady. Sales in store and to go: No. 2, 45c; No. 3, 400,000 bu for shipment on p. t.; No. 3 yellow, 46@46¼c; No. 2, 46½c; No. 2 yellow, 47¼c; No. 3 white, 45c. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, 30@42c; No. 4, 37@45c; No. 3, 44½@45c; No. 3 yellow, 46¼@46¾c; No. 3 white, 45c; No. 2 white, 45¼c. Billed through: No. 4, 41@44c; No. 3, 42¾@43¼c; No. 3 yellow, 45½@45½c; No. 2 yellow, 45¾c; No. 3 white, 44c.

OATS—Easier. Sales in store and to go: White clipped, 300,000 bu on p. t. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, 32c; No. 4, 31½@32¾c; No. 4 white, 33@35½c; No. 3, 32c; No. 3 white, 36½@37½c; standard, 37½@38c. Billed through: No. 4 white, 36½@35½c; No. 3 white, 35@36c. At the river: No. 4 white, 32½@34c; No. 3 white, 34½@35½c.

RYE—Quiet. Sales free on board: No. 2, 52½c.

PROVISIONS—Firm and higher. Cash lots mess pork, $17.50@17.62½; lard, $9.00@9.05; ribs, $9.25@9.35.

BEEF PRODUCTS—Quiet and steady. Prices quotable as follows: Beef hams, $17.50@18.00; extra mess beef, $8.50@9.00; plate beef, $9.00@9.50; extra plate beef, $10.00@10.50; tallow steady at 6@6¼c for edible; 5¾@5¾c for prime packers; 5¼@5¼c for No. 1 do, and 4½@4¾c for No. 2 do; 5¼@5¾c for city renderers; 5½@5¾c for prime country, and 4¼@4¾c for No. 2 do; oleo-stearine in fair supply and quotably steady at 8¾@8½c.

GREASE—Quiet and steady at 4¾@4¼c for brown, 4½@4¾c for yellow, 5¾@5¼c for B white, and 6¼@6¼c for A white.

COOPERAGE—Steady. Ash pork brls, 85@87½c; oak, 95@97½c; lard tcs, $1.20@1.22½.

WHISKY—Steady. Basis distillers' goods, $1.31.

HAY—Steady. Receipts, 496 tons; shipments, 58 tons. Sales on track: Not graded timothy, $10.00@15.00; choice prairie, Kansas, $13.00; not graded prairie, state, $9.00; Kansas, $11.00@12.00. Free on board and switched: Not graded timothy, $12.00.

Trade Gossip on 'Change.

It was harder than ever for the wheat trader yesterday to make up his mind as to the real condition of the growing winter wheat crop. Early weakness in St. Louis and early selling by St. Louis houses here was taken as a confession that the crop damage motive had been played to the limit. But subsequent events altered this impression sharply, and, while St. Louis advanced ½c for the day on crop damage claims, which came chiefly from that market, the local market did twice as well. The most serious claim of deterioration was that of W. L. Green, head of a large cash house at St. Louis, who made the following statement on the strength of reports from his traveling men: "Tabulated reports of winter wheat crop from all states except Indiana and Ohio makes 60 per cent of a crop, and still deteriorating on account of rust and fly." A message from the Lewisburg Milling company from Lewisburg, Ky., said: "Wheat going back daily on account of rust and fly. Kentucky and Tennessee will not raise half a crop." The Illinois crop bulletin stating that wheat had improved some in central Illinois, but the average was only fair and greatly reduced in the southern section by fly, bugs, and drought increased the buying fervor. An early Kansas City message to Logan-Bryan said: "There are a few spots in Kansas reporting damage by Hessian fly. It is not generally thought here that damage amounts to much. We have had twelve to fifteen letters from reliable people in the worst localities, and the fact seems to be that some fields are badly injured and others in the same localities fine. My own opinion is the damage as a whole will not cut much figure, and that Kansas will have more wheat than it ever raised in any previous year."

Capt. Phillips wired his friends here from Newton, Kas.: "All crops in this section look well. Fly in some fields, but seems to be growing nicely. Around Halstead, Kas., plowing up some wheat, which, if left standing, I think, would make 15 or 20 bu." The trade was more impressed with the plowing up of wheat fields than with the glowing opinion of the crop.

A. I. Valentine is wearing a new fob chain composed of gold coins of the United States, England, France, and Germany, linked together, the gift of a broker who intended it to typify the "all kinds of money" the Armour house has been taking out of the wheat pit.

Broomhall's summary of foreign crop conditions, published yesterday, covers more important European countries as follows:

"United kingdom—Outlook is less favorable, owing to the weather being too cold. France—Crops are improving, but more heat is wanted. There are still complaints of backward growth and the plant being thin. Russia—Some important districts in the south west and southeast are still suffering from drought. Elsewhere conditions are favorable. Roumania—Timely rains have fallen, improving crop conditions. Prospects excellent. Germany—Weather during the last week has generally been satisfactory. Crop conditions have improved, but are progressing slowly."

July Pork Shorts Run In.

Shorts in the July pork delivery were an extremely nervous lot yesterday and bid the price up sharply in order to cover a few sales. At one time the July was 75c higher than it closed on Monday. In the pit the market appeared to reflect a bullish attitude on the part of the three largest interests—Cudahy, Armour, and Swift—the strongest combination that could possibly come into the market. Back of this price making trio is the fact that pork stocks are small, less than 20,000 brls May 1, and the further fact that no more will be made and cured in time for July delivery, bacuse it pays to much better to make ribs.

News came from Toledo yesterday that the national Milling company had chartered a vessel to load a cargo of 104,000 bu choice red winter wheat to come to Chicago. It was assumed this had been bought by some cash interest here to make contract wheat with, but there was a report that the Toledo mill was short in this market and was sending the wheat to fill May sales.

Estimated receipts for today are: Wheat, 10 cars; corn, 100 cars; oats, 80 cars; hogs, 27,000.

Thompson, Sons & Co. wire Harris-Gates from Winnipeg: "We were having a bad spell of dry, hot, windy weather up till yesterday noon, when a fine change began to take place, and for the last twenty-four hours we have had good showers, with a clouded sky and moist atmosphere. It looks as if the dry spell in the northwest was effectually broken for the present. If such weather continues for forty-eight to seventy-two hours it will thoroughly repair any damage that may have been done. In fact, the unfavorable weather has hardly lasted long enough to do any real damage. The crop, however, may have a good deal to go through before it comes to harvest, and a favorable spell now does not necessarily mean a bumper crop, or even an average field. In the meantime, the change, if it lasts, will cause incipient murmurs of complaint to turn into reports of fine promise, and to that extent may have effect as a market influence."

Deliveries yesterday were 85,000 bu wheat, 45,000 bu corn, 30,000 bu oats, 50,000 bu short ribs.

Broomhall cables: "The easy tone of wheat at Liverpool was on more favorable reports from Russia and pressure of Manitoba wheat. Paris, weather brilliant, cool; Berlin, fine."

The directors acted favorably on a proposition to make No. 1 and 2 hard wheat deliverable on contracts and will today post it for ballot.

An elevator "merger" affecting Chicago and Toledo interests will go into effect on or before July 1. The combine will take over the control of the grain elevators heretofore operated by Paddock, Hodges & Co. of Toledo, the Churchill-White Grain company and Churchill & Co. of this city. The new corporation, capitalized at $500,000 under New Jersey laws, will control about fifty elevators, principally at Toledo, South Bend, Buffalo, Chicago, and on the line of the Clover Leaf road in Illinois, Indiana, and Iowa. Paddock, Hodges & Co. are about ten years old, while the Churchill-White company has been in business four years and Churchill & Co. about twenty-five years. Headquarters of the new corporation will be in Chicago.

PRODUCE LIST ABOUT STEADY.

Staples Show Little Price Change—Big Falling Off in Supplies of Strawberries.

The produce list was subject to moderate buying yesterday, but prices were about as previously quoted. Extra creamery butter was a shade lower, though dairy grades were firm. The egg list was unchanged. Potatoes maintained Monday's advance. Only about 10 cars of strawberries were received, the result of rainy and bad weather conditions throughout the southern states. The fresh vegetable list was easier.

Prices on round lots ranged as follows:

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Eggs, firsts, fresh, new cases included	14½c
Do, new laid, at mark, cases incl'd..	14¼@14½c
Do, at mark, cases returned	13¾@14¼c
Duck eggs	14c
Goose eggs	25c
Butter, creamery extras	21¼@21½c
Firsts	19½@20½c
Seconds	16@17c
Dairies, Cooley's..	18c
Do firsts	17c
Packing stock ..	13¼@14c
Cheese, new, twins	12@12¼c
Young America	13@13½c

FRUITS.

Oranges, California navels	$2.25@3.75
Lemons, Cal., boxes, fancy	$2.00@2.75
Grane fruit, Cal., box	$2.25@3.00
Bananas, bch. 40c@$1.50	
Apples, Baldwins, fair to good.	$1.00@3.50
Ill. Ben Davis and Gano No. 1,	$2.00@2.25
Michigan, No. 2, poorly packed..	50c@$1.00
Pineapples, Cuban, crates	$2.25@2.50
Strawberries, La. 24 qt.	$1.50@2.25
Do Tennessee and Miss., 24 qt.	$1.75@2.25
Do, Indiana, 24 qt cases	$1.50@2.00
Do, Ill., 24 qt cases	$1.25@1.50

POULTRY AND GAME.

Live turkeys....	10@12c
Do old chickens....	12½c
Spring chickens, fat	$3.00@5.50
Do roose, doz.	$4.00@6.00
Frozen turkeys, hens.	17c
Do young toms....	17c
Do ducks, fancy.	16@17c
Do geese, choice.	12@13c
Pigeons, live, doz..	$1.85
Squabs, dressed, doz	$1.00@2.50

FISH AND SEA FOOD.

Black bass.....	13c
Carp	14@2c
Perch	6@7c
Pike	5@6c
Pickerel	5c
Oysters, standard, bulk, gal.....	$1.15
Select	$1.50
Lobsters, alive....	27c
Do boiled	30c
Frogs' legs, bull, medium	50@60c
Extra large..	$1.00@1.10

VEAL.

50@100 lbs.....	5½@6c
65@75 lbs.....	6@7c
80@125 lbs	7@8c
95@110 lbs	8½@9c
150@200 lbs	5½@6½c
175@225 lbs	5@5½c
Medium to fancy carcasses	6@8c

HONEY.

White clover.....	16c
Buckwheat	9@12c
Amber, light....	13@14c
Beeswax	25@26c

VEGETABLES.

Asparagus, Mich., boxes, 2 doz.	$1.00@1.50
Do Ill., ¼ bu....	50@75c
Beets, new, brls, Le.	$3.00@4.00
Beans, navy, hand picked	$2.80
Do medium	$2.20@2.25
Carrots, old, tubs..	$1.00
New, La., brls	$2.00@3.50
Cauliflower, St. Louis, boxes	$1.25@1.75
Potatoes, Burbanks	58@60c
Do rurals	62@63c
Do, new, New Orleans, brls..	$3.25@4.25
Do Kentucky., second growth	$2.00
Sweet potatoes, ill., bu	50@75c
Radishes, doz....	25@30c
Onions, per 100 lbs, yellow	50@75c
Do Bermuda, boxes	$1.85@2.00
Green onions, Mich., 1 bu boxes..	75c@$1.00
Cabbage, new, crates	$1.50@2.00
Lettuce, head, boxes, bu.....	40@75c
Tomatoes, Florida, 6 bskt. crates.	$1.75@2.00
Turnips, 1¼ bu sacks	40@50c
Cucumbers, ill., hothouse, doz.....	50@75c
String beans, Fla., bu	$1.00@2.25
Pieplant, 50 lb case	40@60c
Parsnips, tub.....	50c

HIDES AND PELTS.

Heavy green, salted,	7¼c
Damaged do.....	6½c
Part cured, No. 1....	6½c
Green salted. calf....	9½c
Dry do	15c
Deacons, each....	45@50c

WOOL.

Heavy, tub was'd.	21@26c
Med., unwashed..	16@18c
Coarse, unwash'd	16@20c
Montana, med....	18@15c
Ungraded, unwashed	11@13c

BROOMCORN.

Self-working, fair to good, ton.	$50.00@90.00
Choice	$70.00@80.00
Choice, fr'n.	$80.00@90.00

The following table shows the receipts and shipments of country produce for the last twenty-four hours, as compared with the same time last year:

	Receipts		Shipments	
	1903.	1902.	1903.	1902.
Apples, brls..	300	46	.....	193
Beans, bu....	1,850	3,021	.....	.....
B. corn, lbs...	40,700	81,000	16,100	46,465
Butter, lbs...	1,134,301	1,154,193	996,782	941,800
Cheese, lbs....	227,405	306,555	122,560	146,190
D. fruits, lbs.	.....	157,400	.....	2,400
Eggs, cases..	18,988	17,678	8,584	18,886
Hay, tons....	496	396	58	125
Hides, lbs....	283,100	626,391	620,140	543,860
Hops, lbs	.....	55,500	.....	.....
Potatoes, bu..	38,525	19,581	13,380	1,961
Poultry, lbs..	70,000	46,680	3,206	9,736
Poultry, coops	10	40	30	.....
Wool, lbs....	100,207	420,847	211,420	708,200

IN THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

Quotations on Dry Goods, Coffee, Poultry, Butter, Metals, and Other Special Lines.

NEW YORK, May 19.—The dry goods market has not shown the disposition to activity which was noted last week, but buyers are willing to place more or less conservative orders for the future. Prices are firm, with the exception of a few goods, which are being sold at a small margin of profit by second hands. Jobbers report little increase of business.

Course of Coffee Trading.

The market for coffee futures opened steady at unchanged prices and ruled generally quiet in keeping with featureless foreign advices until just before the close, when slightly increased offerings brought about a partial decline of 5 points, on which basis the market closed dull. Sales were 7,250 bags, including June, 3.80c; July, 3.90c; September, 4.10c; October, 4.15c; November, 4.25c.

Butter, Dairy and Creamery.

Butter—Receipts, 9,906 pkgs; firm. State dairy, 17@21c; extra creamery, 22c; creamery, common to choice, 18@21½c.

Poultry, Alive and Dressed.

Poultry—Alive, quiet; spring chickens, 20@25c; fowls, 14c; turkeys, 10@11c. Dressed—Easy; western broilers, 28@30c; fowls, 13½c; turkeys, 15c.

Tin, Copper, Lead, and Iron.

Spot tin in London, £133 12s 6d; futures, £132 15s. Locally spot, $29.40@29.60. London copper, spot, £62 17s 6d; futures, £62 7s 6d. Here, $14.75 for lake, electrolytic, and casting. Lead, $4.37½, locally; in London, £11 16s 3d. Spelter, in London, £21; here, $5.75. Iron, 52s in Glasgow, 45s 10½d in Middlesboro; locally, No. 1 foundry, northern, $20.75@21.00; No. 2 foundry, northern, $19.75@20.25; No. 1 foundry, southern, and No. 1 foundry, southern soft, $20.50@21.00.

IN FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKET.

Current and Closing Quotations on Wheat, Corn, Cotton, and Staples in Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, May 19.—Wheat—Spot, No. 2 red western winter, firm, 6s 4d; No. 1 northern spring, quiet, 6s 7½d; No. 1 California, quiet, 6s 8d. Futures, quiet; May, nominal; July, 6s 3½d.

Corn—Spot, American mixed, new, steady, 4s 7d; American mixed, old, quiet, 5s 3d. Futures, quiet; June, 4s 5¾d; July, 4s 4½d; September, 4s 2½d.

Cotton—Spot in lighter demand; prices 18 points higher; American middling, fair, 6.84d; good middling, 6.60d; middling, 6.44d; low middling, 6.24d; good ordinary, 6d; ordinary, 5.80d. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales. Receipts, 15,000 bales. Futures opened firm and closed unsettled.

GAIN IN RUBBER PROFITS.

NET EARNINGS OF TRUST SHOW BIG INCREASE IN 1902.

Name of Western State Bank to Be Changed to Western Trust and Savings Bank and Larger Charter Powers Acquired — Otis, Wilson & Co. Will Consolidate with Institution and Joseph E. Otis Will Become Vice President.

For the year ended March 31, 1903, the gross sales of the United States Rubber company were $51,888,756, against $45,917,536 the previous year, or an increase of 13 per cent.

Net sales, including miscellaneous goods, were $28,276,630, against $25,436,150 the previous year, being an increase of 11.2 per cent.

The annual meeting of the company was held in New Jersey yesterday, and, according to the report of President Colt, the last season was what is termed "a good rubber winter." Prices for the output, however, ruled about the same as the previous year, and were so low that five companies manufacturing rubber boots and shoes failed or retired from business.

The income account for the year shows that the company earned over and above all expenses of every kind, including all interest charges, $1,342,448, against $119,495, an increase of $1,222,953, or 123 per cent.

The company this year discontinues the publication of the general balance sheet and income account of the United States Rubber company, separately from its subsidiary companies, because of the tendency to confusion when both were presented. The consolidated alone is shown. However, President Colt says the deficit shown last year by the United States Rubber company, taken by itself, "has been more than overcome by the earnings of this year."

The net earnings were equal to 5.70 per cent on the preferred stock. The statement, however, sets forth that out of these earnings $1,000,000 of the funding notes were purchased by the company and delivered to the Morton Trust company, trustee, and canceled. The net earnings, less the $1,000,000, were equal to 1.45 per cent on the preferred stock.

Consolidated General Balance Sheet.

The consolidated general balance sheet as of March 31, 1903, and the consolidated income statement covering the same period follow:

ASSETS.

Property and plants....		$47,544,286.10
Inventories	$11,480,783.18	
Cash	4,923,350.91	
Bills receivable....	964,251.27	
Accounts receivable....	6,314,301.62	
Securities, including "funding notes" purchased	3,805,374.59	
Miscellaneous assets..	755,044.07	28,173,585.64
Total assets.....		$75,717,871.74

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock, pfd.....	$25,525,500.00	
Capital stock, com....	23,666,000.00	47,191,500.00
Boston Rubber Shoe Co. debentures..		4,800,000.00
U. S. Rubber Co. funding notes.....		12,000,000.00
Fixed surpluses.....		8,134,649.37
Loan accounts payable..	$1,122,000.00	
Misc. accounts payable.	1,012,644.26	2,134,644.26
Preferred liabilities.....		72,416.04
Surplus		1,384,460.07
Total liabilities.....		$75,717,871.74

Consolidated Income Statement.

Gross sales, boots and shoes.....		$51,888,756.92
Net sales, including miscellaneous...		28,276,630.68
Cost of goods sold.....		24,308,829.70
Manufacturing profits.....		$ 3,967,800.88
Freight, taxes, insurance, general and selling expenses.....		1,436,119.64
Operating profits.....		$ 2,531,681.24
Other income.....		242,716.57
Total income.....		$ 2,774,397.81
Less—		
Interest and commissions on funding notes and borrowed money.....	$785,143.35	
Interest on Boston Rubber Shoe Co. debentures.	240,000.00	
Interest allowed customers for prepayments	154,846.30	1,179,489.65
Net income to surplus.....		$ 1,594,908.16
Deductions from surp., bad debts, etc.		252,459.84
Surplus for period.....		$ 1,342,448.32
Surplus April 1, 1902.....		42,011.75
Surplus March 31, 1903.....		$ 1,384,460.07

The following directors were elected: Walter S. Ballou, E. C. Benedict, Samuel P. Colt, E. S. Converse, H. E. Converse, Costello C. Converse, Ephraim L. Corning, James B. Ford, J. Howard Ford, Francis L. Hine, Henry L. Hotchkiss, Lester Leland, Frederick M. Shepard, Francis Lynde Stetson, John D. Vermeule.

Western State to Change Name.

With the increase of the capital of the Western State bank from $500,000 to $1,000,000 the name of the institution will be changed to the Western Trust and Savings bank. The incorporation of the word "trust" will give a broader meaning to the bank's title, and also indicates the ambitious plans ahead for the development of the institution. To further this object the Western Trust and Savings bank will be incorporated with larger charter powers than the present bank. Its capital will be $1,000,000. These shares will be exchanged for those of the Western State, and the latter will be retired. In this manner larger charter powers will be conferred, the name changed, and the capital increased at the same time on July 1.

The business of the firm of Otis, Wilson & Co. will be merged with that of the bank on July 1. Joseph E. Otis Jr. and Walter H. Wilson will become members of the board of directors, and Mr. Otis, it is understood, will become vice president of the bank, assuming active duties in the direction of its affairs. The bond department, now operated by Otis, Wilson & Co., will become a distinct feature of the Western Trust and Savings bank.

The new capital of $500,000 will be sold to stockholders at 110, thus adding $50,000 to the surplus account. It is also proposed that present shareholders of the Western State shall relinquish their rights to subscription to one-half the amount of new stock in order that it may be placed with interests it is desired to have connected with the bank. Practically all of the stockholders who it was desired should relinquish 50 per cent of their rights have already done so.

The special meeting of the shareholders to vote on the capital increase has been called for June 18. The books will close on that date and remain closed until June 25, and in that period present shareholders may subscribe for the unrelinquished portion of their stock. The subscriptions will be payable $10.00 at the date of subscription and the remaining $100,000 on June 30.

Railway Earnings.

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE.

	Earnings.	Increase.
Second week May.....	$ 673,840	$ 88,580
From July 1.....	30,662,894	4,067,881
TEXAS AND PACIFIC.		
Second week May.....	196,905	9,680
From July 1.....	4,273,509	191,677
CHICAGO, CINCINNATI, CLEVELAND AND ST. LOUIS.		
Second week May.....	409,528	55,838
Two weeks ending May 14.	802,003	95,223
PEORIA AND EASTERN.		
Second week May.....	68,007	13,951
Two weeks ending May 14.	124,089	19,706
CHICAGO TERMINAL TRANSFER.		
First week May	32,607	*434
From July 1.....	1,473,833	103,270
NORFOLK AND WESTERN.		
Second week May.....	434,394	66,324
From July 1.....	18,046,907	2,887,424
CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO.		
Second week May.....	542,530	10,375
From July 1.....	14,346,138	*205,854
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.		
Second week May.....	785,749	66,360
From July 1.....	37,113,772	1,904,521
CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN.		
Second week May.....	144,461	23,121
From July 1.....	6,746,271	104,023
BUFFALO, ROCHESTER AND PITTSBURG.		
Second week May.....	142,042	10,141
From July 1.....	6,352,295	971,866
INTERNATIONAL AND GREAT NORTHERN.		
Second week May.....	840,708	5,120
From July 1.....	4,828,600	832,912
CANADIAN PACIFIC.		
Second week May.....	904,000	174,000
From July 1.....	3,665,406	5,090,507
IOWA CENTRAL EARNINGS.		
Second week May.....	45,036	*2,943
From July 1.....	2,133,054	*81,257
COLORADO SOUTHERN.		
Second week May.....	117,058	12,066
From July 1.....	5,304,250	514,865
DENVER AND RIO GRANDE.		
Second week May.....	324,600	21,300
From July 1.....	14,887,000	329,900
TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS AND WESTERN.		
Second week May.....	53,262	5,538
From Jan. 1.....	27,590,702	438,804

*Decrease.

Dividends Declared.

Directors of A. Booth & Co. have declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 1½ per cent on the common stock, payable June 1. Books close May 20, and reopen June 10.

American Steel Foundries company declared the usual quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on its preferred stock, payable June 1. Books close May 25, and reopen June 2.

STOCK DECLINE CHECKED.

AGREEMENT BY LEADING INTERESTS PUT INTO EFFECT.

Entire List Is Advanced from General Decline of Previous Day — Higher Range Maintained to Close, When Many Early Buyers Are Satisfied to Realize a Point or More Advance —Investment Demand from London Is Noticeably Large.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, May 19.—[Special.]—The recovery in today's market was at once natural and expected. While it was not generally known, it is a fact that the leading financial interests who recently had done nothing in the market agreed over night to unite to check, temporarily, at least, the decline in values which at Monday's close threatened to work to the demoralization of the entire list. Then, too, some of the more prominent bears were disposed to believe they had too much following on the short side, and for that reason were desirous of "shaking out" these followers.

Between bankers buying and forced purchases for the short account the market enjoyed a fairly substantial rally. The greater part of it was maintained until the close, and in the late trading there appeared, as there always does in such a market, some considerable profit taking sales by interests who bought at the low figures of the morning and who saw a profit of a point or more before the day was over.

In addition, some bears took fresh courage, and on the advance put out a line of stock, following it up with the circulation of a report of further forced liquidation shortly to be seen. Under all circumstances it was thought that the market had behaved and held well.

Perhaps as interesting a development of the day as any was the appearance of investment demand in the market on a larger scale than in any time for some weeks. This showed not only in the stock department, but in the bond department, with the new steel trust bonds in exceptional demand. If this connection it is worth recording that London investors are now taking a decided interest in Americans, and it can be stated as a fact that the present week will see some fairly large transfers to London of American stocks split up into ten share lots. Private cable advices were to the effect that London operators are more hopeful in respect to the American situation. Purchases from that source totaled probably 25,000 shares, partly investment and partly speculative. This brings London's total purchases in this market last week up to fully 125,000 shares.

Purchases of St. Paul, New York Central, and Union Pacific, which started the upward movement in those stocks in the market, were generally declared to come from banking interests connected with the properties. In like manner insiders were supporting Rock Island, Missouri Pacific, and Southern railway.

The failure of People's Gas shares generally to rally was due to reports from Chicago that a general strike of the company's employés was threatened, as well as to the knowledge of the fact that a 25,000 share stock pool had just been dissolved at a loss after an unsuccessful effort to mark up prices. The strike situation, however, was the chief factor in keeping the issue down, this showing itself not so much in a pressure to sell as an unwillingness to buy.

A determined effort was made to break Atchison when in the early trading a block of 10,000 shares was thrown upon the market. The only effect was a temporary recession, following which the issue promptly rallied 1½ points, closing ¾ point above the low for the day.

A 12 point decline in Metropolitan West Side Elevated of Chicago on a forced sale of 100 shares is said to have no significance, as the stock is seldom traded in here. The last sale of a full lot was in February at 34½. Today's figure was 22¾.

Buying of Pennsylvania today was by Philadelphia houses lately bearish on the stock. It is said a net gain of approximately $500,000 will probably be shown by the company for the operations of its eastern lines for the month of April.

IN NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Railway Shares, and Other Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, May 19.—United States Steel new 5s were actively traded in, and fluctuated over a range of a point, closing with a net gain of ⅝. Otherwise, the bond market was irregular. Total sales, par value, $3,825,000. United States bonds all unchanged on last call.

Close: Money on call, easier at 1½@2% per cent; closing, offered 1 per cent; time money, steady; 60 days, 3¾@4 per cent; 90 days, 3¾@4 per cent; six months, 4½ per cent.

Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5¼ per cent; sterling exchange strong at 4.88.15 for demand and at 4.85.10 for 60 days; posted rates, 4.85½ and 4.88½@9; commercial bills, 4.84¾@4.84⅞. Bar silver, 54⅝c; Mexican dollars, 42c. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, irregular.

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	May 19.	May 18.
Am. Sugar	3,000	125	125	125	125
Am. Locomotive	1,000	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾
Do pfd	400	92½	92½	92½	92½
Am. Cotton Oil	300	37	36½	36¾	37
Am. Grass Twine	200	12	12	12	12
Am. Smelting	2,200	48⅞	48½	48⅞	49
Do pfd	1,200	96½	94	95½	94½
Am. Ice	400	6	6	6	6
Am. Linseed	200	14	14	14	.....
Am. Malting pfd	100	18½	18½	18½	.....
Am. Car Foundry	1,100	39	38	38½	38½
Do pfd	1,000	90	89	89½	90
Am. Ice	600	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼
Do pfd	100	94½	94½	95	.....
Anaconda	300	101½	101	101½	101
Atchison	41,300	78¾	76⅝	77½	77½
Do pfd	300	98½	98½	98½	98
Amal. Copper	24,200	68	65¾	64¾	63¾
Ann Arbor Ry	100	34	34	34	.....
Do pfd	100	64	64	64	.....
Amer. Tobac. pfd	100	77	77	77	77
Brkln. Rap. Tran.	7,500	65	63½	64½	63¾
Brunswick	100	10½	10½	10½	10¾
Balto. & Ohio	22,700	90¾	89¾	89¾	89⅝
Do pfd	300	92¾	92	92	92
Chi. & N. W.	100	179	179	179	175½
Chi. & Alton	2,000	30⅝	29½	30¼	29⅞
Do pfd	600	69½	68½	69½	69
C. M. & St. P.	40,300	157¾	155½	156⅝	155⅝
Chi. Terminal	1,100	15¾	14½	15⅛	15
Do pfd	1,100	27	25½	27	27
Ches. & Ohio	1,500	41¼	40¾	41	41¼
Canadian Pacific	8,600	131	129⅜	130⅜	129¼
Chi. Gas (N. Y.)	1,500	204¼	202¾	204½	203
Colo. & Southern	200	22	21	21½	21⅜
Do 2d pfd	500	32¼	31	32¼	33
Colo. Fuel & Iron	2,500	68¾	67	68¾	67
C. & E. R.	100	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼
Chi. Un. Trac	200	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
Chi. Gt. Western	2,900	21¾	20¾	21	20⅝
Do pfd	200	36⅜	36	36	36
Do 5% pfd	100	88	88	88	.....
Corn Products	2,400	30¾	30¼	30⅝	30¼
Do pfd	100	80¼	80½	80½	80
D., L. & W.	500	282	281½	281½	283
Del. & Hudson	2,200	174	171	173	172½
Den. & Rio G.	600	34	33½	34	34
Denver & Southern	200	14¾	14¼	14⅝	14¾
Do pfd	200	28⅜	28	28⅜	28⅜
Detroit So. Ry.	200	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
Do 1st pfd	500	12	12	12	.....
Do 2d pfd	500	18½	18	18½	19½
Dist. Sec. Corp.	100	27	27	27	27
Erie	11,000	33¾	33¼	33⅝	33¾
Do 1st pfd	4,800	67	66¾	67	66¾
Do 2d pfd	2,600	55⅜	54	55⅛	53⅝
Evans. & T. H.	200	63	63	63	64
Hocking Valley	1,700	185⅜	180	184½	180½
Illinois Central	2,400	137⅜	136	137	136¾
Int. Paper	100	39¾	39¾	39¾	40
Iowa Central	400	23½	23	23½	.....
Do pfd	600	55	53	55	56
K. C. Ft. S. & Mem.	1,100	16¾	15¼	16¼	16
K. C. Ft. S. & M. pfd	400	32½	31	77½	78
Kans. City & So.	100	22¼	22¼	22¾	23
Do pfd	100	50	50	50	51
Louis. & Nash.	2,800	115¾	114¾	114¾	114½
L. E. & W.	200	30	30	30	28
Do pfd	100	108	108	108	.....
Manhattan	500	13	13	13	.....
Met. St. Ry.	1,200	63½	62	63¼	63½
Mat. Securities	600	93½	92	93	92¾
Manhattan	8,100	138⅜	138½	138½	139¼
M., K. & T.	1,100	34¾	34¼	34¾	34¾
Do pfd	1,300	56¼	55¾	56¼	55⅝
Mex. Cent. (Ltd.)	2,900	130½	129⅜	130	129¾
Missouri Pacific	1,600	27¾	26½	27	27
Met. W. S. Elev.	19,900	101⅛	100¼	100¾	103⅝
National Biscuit	100	22¼	22¼	22¼	22¼
Natl. R. R. Mex.	200	42	42	42	42
Do pfd	400	23¼	22⅜	23	23¼
National Lead	4,600	45¾	44⅜	44⅝	45
N. Y. Central	7,100	139	139	139	139½
Norfolk & West.	2,400	126⅞	125¾	126	125¾
Do pfd	100	89½	89½	89½	89½
North Amn. Co.	100	90	90	90	.....
N. Y. Ont. & W.	2,400	96	93⅝	96	95
N. Y. Air Brake	400	27⅝	27⅜	27⅝	27¾
N. Y., C. & St. L.	300	61½	60	60	60
N. C. & St. L.	900	30¼	29½	30¼	30
Nat. Enamel	100	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	.....
N. Y., N. H. & H.	200	32⅝	31¾	31⅝	.....
Do rights	5,200	190	150	190	190
People's Gas	2,200	101	100¼	100⅝	101
Penna. R. R.	46,200	128	127¼	127⅝	127⅝
Pullman	215	214½	214½	.....	.....
Pressed Steel Car	1,900	58⅝	57½	58⅜	59
Pac. Coast 2d pfd	500	90	89½	90	90⅝
Penna. rights	19,400	2⅜	2⅛	2⅜	2⅛
Pulls. Co.	400	89	89	89	.....

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	May 19.	May 18.
Reading	30,100	51¾	50¾	50⅞	50⅞
Do 2d pfd	200	79½	79½	79½	79½
Rubber Goods	700	24½	23	24½	24½
Do pfd	100	79¾	79¾	79¾	.....
Rep. Iron & Steel	1,400	17	16¾	16⅞	17¼
Do pfd	600	76¾	75¼	76⅜	76
Rock Island	54,800	41½	39¾	40⅝	40¼
Do pfd	1,300	73½	72¾	73½	73⅝
Southern Ry	10,100	34½	32¾	33½	33⅝
Southern Pacific	29,800	52⅞	51¾	52¼	51⅞
St. L. & S. W.	300	22	21	21	24
Do pfd	300	49¾	49	49¾	49¼
St. L. & San Fran.	1,200	76	73¼	76	75
Do 1st pfd	100	80	80	80	.....
Do 2d pfd	200	67¼	67	67¼	67
Sloss S. S. & I.	500	55½	54½	55½	54
Texas Pacific	3,300	33½	32¾	32¾	33
Texas Land	100	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	.....
Tenn. C. & Iron	4,000	55½	53¾	53⅝	53¾
T., St. L. & W.	100	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	24
Twin City	600	109½	108	109½	110
Union Pacific	39,700	89⅝	86¾	87¾	87
Do pfd	1,000	90⅝	89⅜	90	90½
Un. Bag & Paper	100	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼
Do pfd	100	80	80	80	80½
U. S. Realty	1,100	19⅝	19⅜	19½	19½
U. S. Rubber	200	15½	15	15	14¾
Do pfd	500	62	61	62	60¾
U. S. Leather	6,300	13⅜	12⅜	13⅜	12¾
Do pfd	900	95	94½	95	94½
U. S. Steel	16,300	33⅜	33	33½	33⅜
Do pfd	8,500	89⅜	88¾	89¼	89¾
U. S. C. I. Pipe pfd	100	50	50	50	50
Va. Caro. Chem.	500	62	61⅜	61¾	62½
Wheeling & L. E.	200	23	22¾	23	22
Do 1st pfd	1,000	59	58	59	57½
Do 2d pfd	200	34½	34½	34½	34⅞
Wabash	800	26⅝	25¾	26	25⅞
Do pfd	8,400	47¾	46	46¾	46⅝
Wis. Cent.	700	22⅝	22⅜	22¾	22⅝
Do pfd	500	45⅝	45	45	45¾
Western Union	700	84¼	84	84	84½

Total sales of stocks, 554,300 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	221	United States	118
American	203	Fargo	200

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. ref. 2s, reg	105¾	U. S. new 4s, coup	135½
U. S. ref. 2s, coup	105¾	U. S. old 4s, reg	110⅝
U. S. 3s, reg	107¼	U. S. old 4s, coup	110⅝
U. S. 3s, coup	107¼	U. S. 5s, reg	102¾
U. S. new 4s, reg	135½	U. S. 5s, coup	102¾

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

$8000 Atch gen 4s	90⅝@2100	5000 Man con 4s	101¾
13000 Atlantic coast 4s	104¾@105	4000 Mo P col 5s	96
7000 Am H-L 6s	90⅝@91	8000 do con 6s	118⅝
2000 A C O 4½s	97¼	43000 Mex C 1st inc	20¾@21¾
1000 Adams Ex 4s	106⅝	1000 N C-St L con 5s	112¼
12000 B-O 3½s	94¼	21000 Nat R R Mex 4s	78⅝@79
9000 do 4½s	102⅝	10000 N Y C deb 5s	101⅜
2000 do S W 3½s	90¾	13000 do L S 3½s	91¾
9000 Brklyn El 4s	101	6000 N Y G E 6s	92½
2000 B C R-N 1st	104¾	3000 N-W con 4s	90½@2100
5000 B R P gen 5s	111¾	4000 do Pocahontas 4s	86
9000 Can So 1st	106	1000 N Y-S-W 4½s	101¾
59000 Cent Ga con 5s 1st inc	75	2000 N Y O-W 4s	100⅝@101
5000 do 1st inc	106¾	32000 N Pac 3s	71¾@72
98000 C B-Q joint	94¼@95	21000 do 4s	101⅝@102
2000 do Den div 4s	101¾	19000 O S L 4s	92¼@93
10000 C Pac 3½s	82	1000 Pa gtd 4½s	109
6000 do 4s	98½@99	22000 Pa con 4s	105¾@106
7000 Colo Mid 4s	73	11000 P-E inc	73¼@74
3000 C-A 5s	81¾@82	14000 Rdg gen 4s	97½@97¾
3000 C-E I gen 5s	110½	6000 R G-W 4s	98¼@98½
18000 C R I-P 4s	83¾@84	2000 Rdg Jersey 4s	92¾
2000 C C C-St L g 4s	100	5000 St L-I M 5s	112⅜
5000 C F I gen 5s	103	10000 do ref 4s	88¾
203000 do conv 5s	50@87	90000 St L-S F ref 4s	86½@87
3000 Colo So 4s	89	5000 So Ry 5s	116⅝
4630000 Con Tob 4s	60¾@61¾	2000 Seaboard A L 5s	101¾
18000 D M-M 4s	85@85¼	2000 do 4s	82¾
1000 D L-W 7s	115¾	4000 Sc Pac Mex 1st	111¾
2000 Det Gas 5s	98	4000 So Pac 4s	90¼
1000 D-R G 5s	108	7000 Third Ave 4s	97¼
5000 Dist Sec 5s	60¼	13000 T St L-W 4s	74@75
51000 Erie gen lien 3½s	85¼@86	1000 U S 3s	107¼
8000 do con 4s	99	459000 U S Steel S F 5s	87½
2000 Erie Pa 4s	92¾	1000 U S Steel S F Stamped 5s	85@85¼
1000 Ga Cen-N 1st	109¼	18000 Un Ry S F 4s	79
88000 G B-W B 4s	15¾@16¾	36000 U P 4s	102¾
1000 H V 4½s	107¾	657000 do conv 4s	97¼@97⅝
2000 K C So 3s	69¾	15000 Va I-C-C 5s	75¾
1000 K C Ft S-M 4s	85¼	24000 Va-S W 5s	103⅜
1000 L-N E H-N 4s	114¼	3000 Wab 1st 5s	115¾
1000 Met St Ry 4s	93¾	459000 do deb 6s	75¼@76
2000 M K-T 4s	94¾	11000 W-L E 4s	92
4000 do 2d 4s	82⅝	2000 W S gtd 4s	110

Total sales of bonds, $3,872,000.

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Copper Shares, and Other Securities at the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., May 19.—[Special.]—Some coppers moved up a fraction. Dominion Iron and Steel weak again and dropped to 21¾, but later recovered. Call loans, 3 per cent; time loans, collateral, 4½@5 per cent; time loans, mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent; clearing house loans, 2½ per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	5,400	64	66⅛	63¾	64⅜
Adventure	195	8	8	7 1-16	7 1-16
Allouez	700	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
Arcadia	200	3	3¼	3	3⅛
Am. Telephone	250	154½	155	154½	155
Atchison	1,143	77¼	77¾	77	77¾
Amn. Sugar	715	123	124	123	124
Do pfd	160	121¼	121	121	121¼
Amn. Pneuma. pfd	55	20	20	20	20
Agl. Chem	100	19	19	19	19
Do pfd	37	78	78	78	78
Amn. Woolen	220	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¼
Do pfd	65	77½	77½	77½	77¼
Amn. Zinc	400	11¾	11¾	10⅞	11
Bingham	270	29	29¼	28¾	28¾
Copper Range	1,530	61	62¾	61	62
Calumet	16	527	536	527	530
Centennial	400	24	24½	24	24½
Chi. Junction pfd	40	118	118	118	118
Dominion Steel	1,885	22½	24	21¾	24
Dominion Coal	280	102	102	101	102
Edison Electric	21	271	271	270	270
General Electric	4	184½	184½	184½	184½
Granby	140	5	5	5	5
Mass. Mining	215	8¾	8¾	8	8
Mohawk	280	50	50¼	50	50¼
Michigan	125	7¼	7¼	7	7¼
Montreal & Boston	50	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
Mass. Electric	161	28¾	29	28¾	29
Do pfd	110	85½	85¾	85½	85¾
Mex. Tel	50	1 15-16	1 15-16	1 15-16	1 15-16
Mass. Gas	535	43	43	42¾	42¾
Nipissing	509	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾
New Indiana	600	9	9	9	9
Osceola	935	65¾	66¾	65¼	66¾
Parrot	120	26½	26¾	26½	26¾
Pullman	36	216	216	216	214
Shannon	300	13½	13¾	13	13
Santa Fé	5	2	2	2	2
Swift & Co	1	113	113	113	113
Trinity	120	8¼	8¼	8	8
Tamarack	30	125	125	125	125
Torrington pfd	30	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¼
Un. Shoe Mchy	5	47	47	47	47
Utah	775	28¾	29¼	28½	29¼
U. S. Mining	465	23	23¼	22¾	23¼
Un. Fruit	290	102	104¼	102	104¼
U. S. Coal & Oil	400	13½	13¾	13¼	13½
Union Pacific	635	87¼	88	87	88
Do pfd	10	90	90	90	90
Victoria	138	5¼	5 7-16	5¼	5 7-16
Winona	1,141	10¾	11¼	10¾	11
Wyandot	415	1¾	2	1¾	2
Western Tel	54	19	19	19	19
Westinghouse pfd	6	100	100	100	100

BONDS.

$9000 Am Tel 4s	97¼	$3000 Ill Steel deb 5s	100
2000 Atch 4s	99⅝	5000 West Tel 5s	104
6000 C B Q 4s	93		

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Receipts of Cattle 2,500 and Reports of 18,000 for Today Indicate a Fall of Prices.

Receipts at the stockyards yesterday included 2,500 cattle, 17,000 hogs, and 7,000 sheep. The market for cattle was dull at the extreme decline of Monday.. Hogs opened fairly active and steady, but closed on a down turn of fully 5c to 10c. A few choice sheep sold steady, but lambs were generally lower and dull.

Reports from the three principal roads indicate 18,000 cattle for Wednesday, 25,000 hogs, and 15,000 sheep. The market is not in condition to carry so large a run of cattle as these reports would indicate. There are fully 4,000 cattle here left over from Monday's bad market. The export demand is sure to be slack and with local slaughterers well filled up out of the enormous Monday run, a liberal run for tomorrow will certainly result disastrously to the selling interest.

The following is a statement of the movement of live stock at the Chicago stockyards for the period indicated, with comparative figures. Today's receipts and shipments are estimated:

Receipts—	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Tuesday, May 12	2,502	3,608	17,095	13,636
Wednesday, May 13	20,610	1,578	25,554	15,529
Thursday, May 14	9,393	1,508	21,556	9,399
Friday, May 15	1,625	265	15,404	2,329
Saturday, May 16	49	59	11,240	1,104
Monday, May 18	29,520	355	39,854	17,825
Tuesday, May 19	2,500	3,000	17,000	7,000
This week	32,020	3,855	56,854	24,825
Last week	28,483	4,228	59,789	33,899
Cor. week 1902	22,838	3,706	54,021	32,945
Official last week	60,160	7,504	135,543	62,617
Official 1902	44,266	6,571	154,052	65,385
Shipments—				
Week ago	2,762	33	1,550	1,986
Monday	2,328	2	2,950	121
Yesterday	5,000	50	3,000	500
This week	9,328	52	4,999	621
Last week	3,749	89	5,227	4,427
Official last week	24,046	293	15,259	5,731
Official last year	9,692	208	27,357	10,886

Receipts at Chicago stockyards for the year to date with comparative figures:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses.	Cars.
1903	1,200,400	2,585,695	1,381,918	56,847	110,990
1902	1,051,471	3,455,658	1,306,506	55,759	106,969
Inc	157,988		75,322	588	4,021
Dec		649,893			

MONDAY'S HOG PURCHASES.

Armour	5,400	S. & S.	1,700
Anglo-American	1,500	Butchers	1,000
Boyd & L.	800	Shippers	1,000
Continental	700		
Morris	1,000	Total	14,400
Swift	2,000	Left	4,500
Lipton	1,200		

Cattle.

While there were 7,000 unsold cattle, stale and fresh receipts included, on the market of Tuesday, there were not over 2,500 on sale, as the holdover stock from Monday was mostly kept under cover and not offered on the market. The demand was utterly indifferent and trade of a purely peddling character on a basis of about Monday's decline, with sales largely between $4.40 and $4.85, the latter the top for the day. A few Kentucky experiment station cattle were on the market and sold at $4.65 to $4.85. Cows, heifers, and bulls met slow sale at steady values—few strictly fancy heifers going to the butcher trade at prices as good as prevailed for the same kind late last week, but in the main the market for all the stock outside from these fancy kinds showed a decline of around 10c for the week to date. The supplies of calves are not as heavy as they were a short time ago and the market shows a decided tendency to firm up, the bulk of good veals selling at $6.25, against $5.75 to $6.00 one week ago.

Fancy steers	$5.00@5.25
Good to choice steers	4.80@5.00
Fair to good steers	4.50@4.75
Common to fair steers	4.00@4.50
Choice cows and heifers	4.25@4.75
Good to choice cows and heifers	3.50@4.00
Fair cows and heifers	3.00@3.50
Cutters	2.50@3.00
Canners	1.75@2.75
Stags	3.75@4.50
Good to choice bulls	3.75@4.40
Good to choice feeding bulls	3.00@3.50
Common to fair bologna bulls	2.75@3.40
Good to choice stockers and feeders	3.50@3.75
Medium stockers and feeders	3.25@3.75
Inferior stockers and feeders	2.50@3.00
Choice calves, 100@150 lbs	5.25@6.00
Common to good calves, 175@400 lbs	3.00@4.50

Hogs.

The market for hogs opened steady at the Monday closing basis, but in the absence of shipping orders the local trade went on a bear raid and forced a decline of 5c to 10c from opening prices, the market closing weak at this decline. Quality of the hogs was not as good as Monday, although a few loads as prime as anything here lately were seen. Top sale for the day at $6.80 was same as top on Monday, and a few sales were made at around $6.70 to $6.72, but later in the day one of the local houses put up a string of prime strong weights at $6.65 that were as good as bought by the same house on Monday at $6.75. Market has a weak look.

Good to choice, 245@400 lbs	$6.65@6.80
Common to good, 245@400 lbs	6.35@6.50
Good to prime, 190@245 lbs	6.85@6.90
Assorted light, 190@180 lbs	6.30@6.35
Mixed, 200@245 lbs	6.25@6.45
Light mixed, 200@245 lbs	6.20@6.35
Pigs	5.75@6.15

Sheep.

A few choice heavy weight sheep sold at steady prices, but in the main the market had a dull, independent tone, with a tendency to lower values, lambs selling fully 10c lower than on the previous day, with choice clipped stock at $7.00, and some prime wooled Colorados unsold at a late hour, with bids around $7.25. A strike in the Armour sheep house early in the day was a factor in causing a slow market, as this house had no way to take care of stock, and suspended purchases for the day.

Good wethers	$5.00@5.50
Good to choice ewes	4.75@5.00
Fair to good ewes	3.90@4.50
Good to choice lambs	7.00@7.25
Fair to good lambs	6.00@6.75
Common lambs	4.50@6.00
Good to choice bucks	3.75@4.00
Cull ewes	3.00@3.50

Live Stock Markets Elsewhere.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 19.—Cattle—Receipts, 8,600 natives, 400 Texans; calves, 100 natives; beeves dull, 5@10c lower; cows slow, steady; quarantine steady; stockers and feeders lower; calves dull; choice export and dressed beef steers, $4.50@6.20. Hogs—Receipts, 17,500; market steady to strong; top, $6.52½; bulk of sales, $6.25@6.46. Sheep—Receipts, 7,000; market strong to 10c higher; native lambs, $4.50@7.60; western lambs, $4.00@7.60.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 19.—Cattle—Receipts, 6,000, including 3,500 Texans; market slow to lower on native butcher stuff, with stockers and feeders steady; Texans steady; native shipping and export steers, $4.15@5.15. Hogs—Receipts, 9,500; market steady to 10c lower; pigs and lights, $6.10@6.80. Sheep—Receipts, 2,500; market steady; native muttons, $4.10@5.20.

NEW YORK, May 19.—Beeves—Receipts, 272, mainly consigned direct; no sales reported; cables quoted American steers at 12@12¼c, dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 9@9¼c per lb. Reported exports for today, 1,110 beeves, 1,200 sheep, 4,800 qrs of beef, the latter estimated.

OMAHA, Neb., May 19.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,000; slow, 10c lower; native steers, $4.25@5.20. Hogs—Receipts, 6,500; market 5c higher; heavy, $6.30@6.40; bulk of sales, $6.30@6.35. Sheep—Receipts, 3,000; market 10@15c lower.

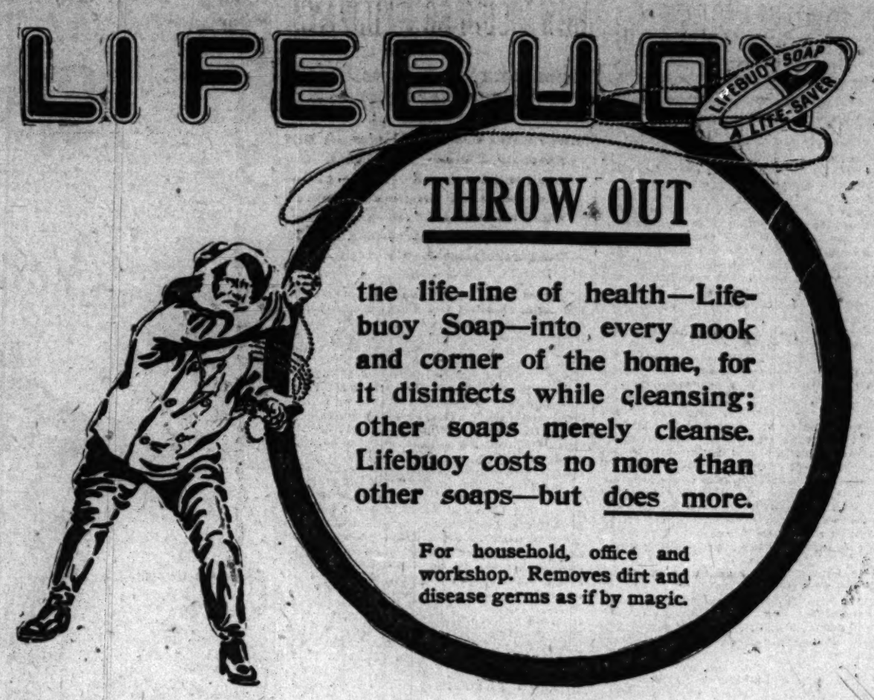
SAYS GERMS LIVE IN RIVERS.

Sanitary Expert from Boston Gives Evidence in St. Louis Hearing on Canal.

St. Louis, Mo., May 19.—Prof. William Sedgwick, sanitary expert from Boston, testifying in the Chicago drainage canal hearing today, held that running water unless it underwent a thorough filtration process was liable to convey disease germs from an infected water shed. Prof. Sedgwick's testimony was strongly corroborative of the contentions of the St. Louis authorities as to the dangerous effect of the drainage canal upon the water supply of the city.

Petitions in Bankruptcy.

9142—Albert F. Koeppe; liabil., $1,420; assets, $376; W. R. Frost, atty.—9145—Charles Lefebore; liabil., $508; assets, $125; A. W. McGooney, atty.—9144—Withheld for service.—9143—Petn. of Merrimac Chemical Co., et al., to have J. B. Runtz & Co. declared bankrupt; claims, $1,100; Ferguson & Goodnow, attys.—9146—James E. Brockwell; liabil., $156; assets, $125; G. N. Reeves, atty.



Negligee shirts now take center of the stage. Our new spring beauties get hearty applause. No tragedy in afterwear, but it's a problem to choose from such a profusion of elegance.

Here are negligée homespuns and French lace effects, small figured patterns on light grounds, plain or plaited, madras novelties, etc. Many "gun-metal" tones visible. $1.50 to $3.50. Also a line at $1 that'll open your eyes.

Customers that wore our spring suits last year are after more. "Glad to see your back," and cover it with R.-P. 1903 suit perfection—$15-$35.

"Over and above all" come our warm weather hats. New Panamas, fresh from South America—$5 to $10. The most popular stiff straw hats this season will be the Sennit sailor, style—wide brims—medium and coarse weaves—$1.50 to $3.50.

F. M. ATWOOD,
The Rogers, Peet & Co. Clothing.
"ATWOOD BLDG." Cor. Clark and Madison Sts. We fill orders by mail.

Rock Island meals best on wheels

"During the course of my business I have had occasion to travel over the greater part of the United States, and I am very well acquainted with the service given by all the limited trains on the various roads. I recently had occasion to travel on the Rock Island from Chicago, and I wish to say that the service on Dining Car 701 is, in my judgment, the best that I have ever seen, both in the quality of the fare and the character of the service. As I realize the difficulty of conducting

OIL TRUST HELD TO DO NO WRONG.

John D. Rockefeller Denies Recent Charges Against Big Corporation.

DECLARES METHODS FAIR

Head of Standard Company Says the Combines Are of Benefit to Workingmen.

"Last March, while on my way from Los Angeles to San Francisco, I had occasion to stop over a few days at Santa Barbara," says H. Gaylord Wilshire in Wilshire's Magazine. Just at that time John D. Rockefeller had also showed his good judgment in picking out Santa Barbara to get his needed 'rest.' Mr. Rockefeller, I may say in the first place, was not by any means the physical wreck that some people like to make him out. I sat at the next table to him, and can vouch for the strength and variety of his appetite. His color was good and he looked a fairly healthy man for his age, 64, with the exception that he had lost every spear of hair from his head and face.

"He was most affable and approachable to every one, and seemed to make a point of going the rounds every day with a glad hand out for every one. His interest in life seemed to be centered on the game of golf. Knowing that his nervous system was so wrecked that he would not care to burden his mind with anything strenuous, I really felt conscience stricken in ever departing from the subjects of the weather and golf in my talks with him. However, one day I did bring up the subject of trusts.

"He listened with interest to my exposition of the socialist philosophy regarding monopoly, and said: 'Well, Mr. Wilshire, I can't speak as to other trusts, but certainly as far as the Standard is concerned overproduction of oil led to the formation of the trust. We were producing three times as much oil as could be sold, and the trade was in a bad way. The trust resulted in the greatest benefit to the refiners, and at the same time the general public were also benefited by getting lower prices.'

Says None Was Forced to Sell.

"Mr. Rockefeller inquired if I had read the articles by Miss Tarbell upon the Standard Oil trust, now running in McClure's Magazine. 'All without foundation,' he said; 'the idea of the Standard forcing any one to sell his refinery to it is absurd. The refiners wanted to sell to us, and nobody that has sold and worked with us but has made money and is glad he did so.'

"'Now you, Mr. Wilshire, are personally acquainted with so and so (mentioning men, our mutual friends, interested in the trust), and you know that such honorable men would not do anything maliciously to injure any one. You know they all did well by coming into the trust. I can tell you that every one else has done well that came in with us. It's absurd to say the Standard forced the refiners into the trust. They were only too glad to come in, and they all made money by coming in. Natural conditions would have ruined us all if we had not formed a combination.

"'I thought once of having an answer made to the McClure articles,' continued Mr. Rockefeller, 'but you know it has always been the policy of the Standard to keep silent under attack and let our acts speak for themselves, and I suppose it is the best policy for us to continue upon that line, don't you, Mr. Wilshire?'

"I was quite overcome with confusion at having the richest man in the world seek the advice of a socialist upon a question of personal conduct, and could do no more than blurt out a general assent to his position.

Problem of the Unemployed.

"'Don't you think, Mr. Rockefeller,' said I, 'that since the trust is, according to your own theory, a result of overproduction, it means we are approaching a time when the general stoppage of this unnecessary production by the trusts will have a tendency to create an unemployed problem?'

"'No,' said Mr. Rockefeller, 'I think the trust, by regulating industry and systematizing business, will help keep up this present prosperity. We have never had such a period in the history of the country before, and yet there never were so many trusts, hence it cannot be said that trusts prevent prosperity. There are less unemployed men than ever known in the history of the country. And, anyway, since we are both agreed that an anti-trust law is absurd, since it is attempting to prevent the consequences of overproduction, how would you propose to solve the trust problem?'

"'Yes, Mr. Rockefeller, I am as much aware of the futility of anti-trust laws as you are. The socialist remedy for the trust is government ownership.'

"'Do you think the government could run the Standard as well as we run it?' asked Mr. Rockefeller.

Results of Competitive System.

"I would not be positive that the state could run the trusts any better than you and Mr. Morgan do, speaking from the standpoint of industrial efficiency, but government ownership is a necessary basis for the operation of the coöperative wage system, which must supersede the present competitive system to allow us to escape an unemployed problem, which is simply the result of competition among laborers, forcing wages down so low that the laborer cannot buy what he produces.'

"'But we have no "unemployed question," We never had such a demand for labor before,' returned Mr. Rockefeller.

"'Yes, that is true,' said I, 'but I am looking into the future, and I can see an inevitable unemployed problem looming up there. The trust is meeting a present emergency, but it is only a temporary stopgap, and it is not in the least going to be able to solve the unemployed problem of the future.'

"'Well, Mr. Wilshire, I am not looking ahead so far as you are. Business is today good, and I think it will continue so. If it does not, then we must let the future settle its own problems.'"

BIG APARTMENT HOUSE FOR MICHIGAN AVENUE CORNER.

Charles Matthews Buys Land at Forty-eighth Street and Will Erect a $60,000 Building.

The sale of ninety-seven feet in Michigan avenue, at the northwest corner of Forty-eighth street, yesterday, is preliminary to the building of a $60,000 apartment house. The property, which is vacant, has a depth of 160 feet, and was sold by James A. Edwards, through William H. Mooney, to Charles Matthews for $20,000.

Robert C. Givins has sold to Michael B. McDonough 75x125 feet at the northwest corner of Western avenue and Sixty-ninth street, and forty-nine other lots in Givins' subdivision, for $25,000.

William F. Woodworth has sold to John Hamilton the property at the southwest corner of Woodlawn avenue and Fifty-first street, 133x164 feet, for $33,500, with incumbrance of $10,000.

Otho S. Gaither has conveyed to David M. Cummings 100x135 feet, with brick improvements, in Ninety-second street, twenty-five feet east of Superior avenue, for $19,818.

William Schukraft has bought from Elisa Stauffer 100x100 feet at the southwest corner of Fulton and Sangamon streets for $16,000.

The Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance comapny has made a refunding loan of $275,000, running three years, at 4½ per cent, to Charles C. Heisen. It is secured on the property 23-31 Quincy street, 50x92 feet, and the property 352-356 Dearborn street, 50x67 feet.

The Philadelphia Savings Fund society has made a loan of $65,000, five years, at 5 per cent, to Ida A. Richardson, secured on 175x50½ feet at the southeast corner of Halsted street and Jackson.

WEATHER AIDS THE CROPS

WARM TEMPERATURE IN NORTH IS DOING MUCH GOOD.

Lack of Rain in Some Sections Is Beginning to Cause Alarm, but Conditions Generally Are Satisfactory—Cool Spell in the South Retards Growth of Cotton — Corn Planting Progresses Well—Weekly Report by the Government Bureau.

Washington, D. C., May 19.—[Special.]—In the weekly crop report of the weather bureau issued today is the following general summary:

All the northern and central districts east of the Rocky mountains experienced highly favorable temperatures during the week ending May 18, the central valleys, the lake region, and New England receiving ample and much needed warmth, while in the southern states it was too cool for favorable growth. General absence of rain in New England and the middle Atlantic states and over a large part of the lake region and the Ohio valley has intensified the drought in these districts, in consequence of which crops have made slow progress and planting and germination have been hindered greatly.

The east gulf states and portions of the lower Missouri and lower Mississippi valleys have suffered from excessive rains. On the Pacific coast the week was cool, with no rain over the greater part of California. There were generally good rains in Washington, with light showers over a large part of Oregon, but more rain is needed in the last named state.

Corn planting has been further delayed by rains in the states of the lower Missouri valley and by drought in the Ohio valley, the middle Atlantic states, and in portions of the lake region. Planting is well advanced in the Dakotas, and notwithstanding the wet soil in Iowa and Missouri, it has been pushed vigorously in those states, where it is germinating satisfactorily. In Nebraska, the Ohio valley, and middle Atlantic states a large part of the crop is yet to be planted, not more than half the area having been seeded in Ohio and Nebraska.

Winter Wheat in West Good.

Winter wheat has made favorable progress in Nebraska and Kansas and has been improved by rains in portions of Missouri, Oklahoma, Texas, Arkanssa, Tennessee, and Kentucky, but in southern Missouri and states northward of the Ohio river and in the middle Atlantic states the crop has suffered further deterioration. It is heading as far north as central Kansas and the southern portions of Indiana and Ohio.

In the spring wheat region weather conditions have been highly favorable for germination and growth of spring wheat, which is coming up to good stands with vigorous plants. In the northern Rocky mountain states the growth of spring wheat has been slow; in Washington and Oregon the outlook is promising.

In the Missouri valley, Oklahoma, and Texas general improvement in the condition of oats is indicated, but in the Ohio valley, the middle Atlantic states, and the greater part of the lake region the condition of the crop is less favorable, owing to the effects of the drought.

Cold in South Hurts Cotton.

There is general complaint throughout the cotton belt of the unfavorable effects of low temperatures on cotton. Good stands as a rule are reported in the central district, but in the eastern and western portions the stands are irregular and much replanting will be necessary. The crop is generally late, warmth and sunshine being much needed.

Considerable tobacco has been transplanted in Tennessee and western Kentucky, but elsewhere there has been no opportunity for setting, owing to the dryness. The plants are generally plentiful, but now are overgrown in some states.

Further improvement in the outlook for apples is indicated, but the prospects for most other tree fruits are poor.

The grass crop in the Ohio valley, the lake region, the middle Atlantic states, and New England is much in need of rain, but westward of the Mississippi it has made rapid growth and is in a promising condition.

Reports from Many States.

Among the telegraphic reports received by the bureau are the following from the states of the middle west:

Kentucky—Dry in central and eastern portions, moderate showers in western sections; temperature above normal; wheat shows some improvement, especially in western section; corn planting nearly completed and coming up fairly well.

Missouri—Warmer, with much needed shower; corn planting progressed favorably, except in southwest, where greatly delayed; corn coming up well in north; much complaint of poor stands south; cultivation begun; some cotton replanted; wheat improved.

Illinois—Rain revived vegetation in portions of central and southern districts the first of the week; great need of rain in other sections; plowing and planting retarded or arrested on account of dry soil; deterioration of wheat continues in the southern districts; oats uneven, general condition unfavorable; meadows and pastures short and need rain.

Indiana—Temperature considerably above normal; no rain except light local showers in a few places; corn planting well advanced, but ground dry, hard, and cloddy; oats and clover suffering for rain; wheat, rye, and barley in fair condition and beginning to head in south section; tobacco plants ready to transplant.

Ohio—The temperature is excessive; drought continues; the ground is so dry plowing and corn planting is almost suspended; not more than half the corn area is planted; wheat is holding its own well and heading in the south; a little rust is reported in the south and central counties; oats, barley, pastures, meadow, grass, and gardens are suffering for rain; tobacco plants doing fairly well; apples, cherries, plums, and peaches dropping.

Too Dry in Michigan.

Michigan—In the lower peninsula warm and dry weather retarded growth and germination; soil is dry and becoming parched; corn planting and best seeding general, but germination is slow; winter wheat, rye, oats, meadows, and pastures are slow and much in need of rain; prospect for early peaches, early cherries, and strawberries is fair; apples, plums, and pears are blossoming plentifully.

Wisconsin—Warm weather caused vegetation to progress rapidly; corn ground is prepared and about one-fourth of the acreage planted, with soil in fair condition; oats, barley, and spring wheat in the high land are excellent, on the low land thin and uneven; winter wheat and rye are strong and healthy and growing rapidly; clover and timothy promise heavy crops; fruit trees are blooming heavily; strawberries are injured by frost in the exposed localities.

Minnesota—Rains in the south till the 12th delayed corn, potatoes, flax, and barley seeding considerably; rain on the 11th in the central portion delayed work, but was beneficial to the growing and recently seeded grains, warmer weather the latter part of the week made all grains, pastures, and meadows grow rapidly.

Iowa—The week was warmer than usual and all vegetation made rapid growth; excessive rain retarded field work in about two-thirds of the state, but wherever practicable plowing and planting were pushed vigorously; in the most favored sections corn planting is well advanced and germination satisfactory; reports are fairly good as to the apple and berry crops.

North Dakota—Wheat seeding is finished; oats and barley nearly all are sown; flax seeding and corn planting are well advanced; early sown grain is up, growing rapidly, and looks strong and healthy; warmer weather, with showers, greatly improved crop conditions.

South Dakota—It was a warm week, with beneficial rains in the southeast portion; grass, spring wheat, oats, barley, and rye are making satisfactory advancement; wheat generally is attaining a good stand; corn planting is becoming general and advancing favorably; flax is being sown; grass affords good pasturage.

Nebraska—Warm week, with excess of rain in eastern counties; wheat and grass grew rapidly and continues in excellent condition; oats is improved, corn planting is greatly delayed by wet weather, generally less than half a crop is planted; some early planted corn is up.

LINCOLN PARK MASHERS FINED.

Justice Gibbons Taxes Eight Young Men Five Dollars Each on Complaint of Women.

Eight alleged "mashers," arrested in Lincoln park Monday evening, were arraigned before Justice Gibbons in the East Chicago avenue police court yesterday. The magistrate fined them $5 and costs each. Two of the defendants were prosecuted by Miss Bessie Cuthbert and Miss Minnie Meyers, both of whom live at 460 Dearborn avenue. The other six were arrested by Lincoln park policemen on the complaint of a number of women who said the defendants had accosted them. The names given by the mashers are James Cummings, Charles McCollins, Walter Dunmar, M. Carroll, Ralph Thompson, Fred Ohnert, W. Tagall, and William C. Rohan.

UNDERWRITERS MEET TODAY: MUSHAM REPORT NOT READY.

Chicago Fire Department May Be Discussed, However—Stockyards Rates Probably Will Be Advanced.

While the condition of the fire department may come up incidentally at the adjourned quarterly meeting of the Chicago Underwriters' association this afternoon, there will be no report from the committee on the status of the department, which is to be a permanent body hereafter. The committee voted not to report till the latter part of the week, and, aside from that, its members are still too far apart to report, but with the friends of Musham in the majority. It has been practically decided that the report will make no recommendations as to persons in the department, devoting itself to conditions and recommended changes.

It is probable the stockyards rates will be the principal subject discussed. Five months ago a committee was appointed to prepare a new schedule, but the results of its work were not entirely satisfactory, although it did what was wanted in advancing rates. It is now believed that the single occupancy manufacturing schedule will be applied to the yards, with such charges for the various occupancies as will suit the rate to the peculiar conditions prevailing there. The schedule will penalize the large open areas, and will encourage the construction of more section walls with automatic fire doors. The result will be an increase over the prevailing rates.

An important agency change was undergoing the final touches last night, and is expected to be ready for announcement today.

A special meeting of the Chicago Underwriters' association will be held this morning to take action on the death at New York on Monday of Morgan S. Woodward, representative there of the Gans Salvage bureau of this city. Mr. Woodward retired last year as manager of the Western Adjustment bureau of Chicago to take this new position, and had been for many years prominent in the west as special agent and adjuster. His death resulted from pneumonia.

INSURANCE ADJUSTERS MEET.

Secret Session of Special Agents and Others Is Held at Peoria—Many Companies Represented.

Peoria, Ill., May 19.—[Special.]—The Illinois Field club, composed of special agents and insurance adjusters of nonunion companies, held its regular monthly meeting here today. There were about thirty present. L. S. Mac Enaney of Chicago is president of the club and C. C. Meeker of Chicago is secretary. L. C. Funkhouser of Chicago said tonight:

"The men represented in the organization are compelled to get together, for the state board of insurance allows them little quarter. It is a case of self-protection, and the business considered today is of such a nature that we cannot divulge it at this time."

The action of the state board in reducing rates on dwellings in fifth and sixth class towns was approved after discussion. The annual meeting will be held in Chicago in June.

The companies represented at the meeting were: German, Freeport; Concordia, Milwaukee; Agricultural, Watertown, N. Y.; Girard, Philadelphia; Germania, Pittsburg; Potomac, Washington; American, New Jersey; Security, Connecticut; Spring Garden, Philadelphia.

MANY GUARDS AT HOWE TRIAL.

Five Deputies in Court Thought to Indicate Fear of Plot to Free Prisoner.

Unusual precautions are taken to guard former Constable Martin Howe, on trial in Judge Chetlain's court on a charge of murder. Two deputy sheriffs sit with the prisoner, two other deputies are seated near him, and a fifth deputy is stationed in the courtroom. No one in the prosecuting attorney's office will say that any plot to free the prisoner is feared, but the number of deputies is not accounted for. The killing of James F. Harty at Turner and Ogden avenues on Sept. 8, 1901, by Howe was described by witnesses. The hearing of evidence will end today, and tomorrow the arguments will be made.

DETECTIVE HAS LORAIN THEORY.

Says He Is Morally Sure He Knows Slayer of Miss Reichlin, but Lacks Convicting Proof.

Cleveland, O., May 19.—Detective Jacob Mintz, who is working on the mysterious Reichlin murder case at Lorain, said today: "I feel almost positive that I know the person who murdered Miss Reichlin. Unfortunately, however, the evidence is of such a nature that it might fail to convict." Mintz returns to Lorain this evening to continue work on the case.

NEWS OF THE RAILWAYS.

IMPORTANT REDUCTIONS TO PACIFIC COAST POINTS.

Lower Rates Ordered by James J. Hill Recently Include More than 500 Commodities and Make Vital Changes—Small Dealers in Particular Will Be Benefited—Full Importance of the Frisco-Rock Island Deal Just Becoming Evident.

The reduction in commodity rates between the Atlantic coast and Puget Sound points recently ordered by James J. Hill of the Great Northern for the benefit of small dealers on the North Pacific coast is of much greater importance than was at first supposed. Tariffs received here yesterday show a large reduction on more than 500 coast commodities. Formerly the rate on canned corn, one of the heaviest commodities shipped to Seattle and Washington common points, was 95 cents a 100 pounds from the Atlantic coast, and from the Missouri river it was 55 cents. The new rate is commonly designated in railroad circles as the "postage stamp." It makes a flat tariff of 75 cents for canned corn from both the Atlantic coast and the Missouri river markets. Small dealers frequently wish to order from eastern markets in less than carload lots, and in the new tariff, put in for their benefit, there is a greater saving allowed. For instance, on corn sirup, glucose, molasses, etc., the tariff formerly was $1.70 flat a 100 pounds from all eastern and central markets. The new schedule puts a graded rate as follows: From New York and Atlantic coast points, $1.40; Pittsburg to Chicago, $1.35; from Chicago, $1.25; Mississippi river points, $1.20, and Missouri river points, $1.10.

Purport of the Frisco Deal.

Railroad officials are beginning to realize that the acquisition of the St. Louis and San Francisco by the Rock Island is an important step in a carefully laid plan by the Moores to connect their system with all the important gateways, and thereby become one of the important factors in the traffic originating in the territory west of Chicago and St. Louis. In the development of the plan the Frisco road plays an important part because it will give the Rock Island an important gulf outlet at New Orleans, and will make connection between certain gateways which were needed to round out the system. No question of traffic can arise now between Chicago and St. Louis, or any part of the southwestern territory in which the Rock Island will not be an important factor to be reckoned with. The Rock Island now has a territory west of the Mississippi river, which is fully 1,500 miles long and 1,000 miles wide, to draw from. It now has terminals at Chicago, Kansas City, St. Joseph, Memphis, St. Louis, Omaha, Galveston, and New Orleans, and this enables the road to take the important traffic of the country through which the system runs.

Gross Earnings Show Increase.

Gross earnings of forty-seven roads for the first week of May were $9,482,927, against $8,195,852 in 1902, an increase of $1,287,073. Forty-three roads show increases and four decreases. Since July 1 the roads have earned $420,892,373, an increase of $41,602,268 over last year.

Gross earnings of the Chicago Great Western for the second week of May show an increase of $23,121 over last year. The total increase for the first two weeks of May amounts to $37,305.

Announcements of Reduced Rates.

The Alton gave notice yesterday of its intention to take independent action in placing in effect reduced rates for Decoration day. It will make a rate of a fare and a third for the round trip with a maximum of $3 between points in Illinois and Missouri less than 100 miles apart, and a rate of one fare for the round trip between points outside of the 100 mile radius and within a radius of 150 miles. Tickets at these rates will be sold May 29 and 30, good to return to June 1.

Notice was given by the Rock Island yesterday that it will participate in a rate of one fare for the round trip from points in Texas to Chicago for the summer schools here in June. Tickets will be sold on June 13, with final return limits of Sept. 15.

SAYS MRS. FAIR DIED FIRST.

Attorney for Husband's Relatives in Contest for Estate Claims to Have Absolute Proof.

San Francisco, Cal., May 19.—Absolute proof that Mrs. Charles L. Fair died before her husband in the automobile accident in France is said to be in possession of the attorneys for Mr. Fair's relatives. Attorney George A. Knight stated that he is now prepared to show that the witnesses brought to this country by the Nelson family testified falsely.

Marshall Field & Co.

A Display of Extra Sizes

Will be a special feature, beginning today, in the May Sale of Women's

Muslin Underwear.

This special arrangement has been made to demonstrate the great extent of our preparations to meet every possible demand upon these lines. Wonderfully complete assortments are at all times on sale in a division of this section where selections can be made as quickly and as satisfactorily as in the regular sizes. There is a complete range of sizes and a variety of styles at each price.

Third Floor South Room.

Drawers.

Muslin, plain with two clusters of tucks, 50c.

Cambric, with embroidery ruffle and cluster of fine tucks, 60c.

Cambric, with lawn umbrella ruffle edged with wide torchon lace, cluster of tucks, 85c.

Cambric, deep lawn umbrella ruffle with two torchon insertions and edge, cluster of tucks, $1.35.

Chemises.

Nainsook, round neck with torchon insertion and edge, beading and ribbon, 85c.

Nainsook, round neck, two Valenciennes insertions and edge, beading and ribbon, $1.50.

Night Dresses.

Cambric, "V" neck, six embroidery insertions and hemstitched tucks, neck and sleeves finished with embroidery and beading, $1.25.

Cambric, chemise style, square neck, torchon insertion and four rows of hemstitching, neck and sleeves finished with lawn ruffle edged with torchon lace, $1.50.

Nainsook, round neck, dainty embroidery insertion and edge, embroidery and ribbon, $2.25.

White Petticoats.

Cambric top, lawn umbrella ruffle, three clusters of tucks and dust ruffle, $1.50.

Cambric top, lawn umbrella ruffle, three clusters of fine tucks, Point de Paris insertion and edge, dust ruffle, $2.95.

Cambric top, lawn umbrella ruffle, three Valenciennes insertions and edge, five clusters of tucks and dust ruffle, $3.75.

An Extraordinary Special Purchase

Women's White Waists.

Every price will be immediately recognized as extremely low.

An immense special purchase of materials from a manufacturer who assumed a heavy loss to dispose of his entire stock is accountable for these remarkable values. The styles and the workmanship are in accordance with our own specifications.

Fourth Floor Middle Room.

White Madras Waists, trimmed with tucks and embroidery insertion in front, full pouch sleeves, $1.75.

Thin Sheer Waists of fancy stripe tissue, with black dot, $1.95.

White Cotton Waists, with small black figures, full front and fancy stock, $2.25.

Special—*White Linen Waists, tailor made, plaited front and full sleeve, $3.75.*

CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS.

109-115 State-st. and 109-111 Wabash-av.

New Tailored Suits.

FOUR new things in high-class English corset shapes in Tailored Suits. The very latest ideas in walking effects.

In addition to being the very newest thing we are able to offer these clever suits at much less than what they would cost had they been made up during the busy season. In other words, we are able to offer you bargain prices upon the very latest productions. They come in fancy English suitings. Special at

$20.00, $25.00, $30.00, $45.00.

It is a very conservative estimate to say that the prices are at least 25% less than their value.

Silk Shirt Waist Suits.

We have some very clever summer costumes in silk shirt waist Suits and walking effects. The showing includes exclusive ideas of our own make, pronounced by all as the cleverest ideas shown this season.

Silk Shirt Waist Suits, $15.00 to $75.00.
Linen Suits from $10.00 to $125.00.

Great Sale of Shirt Waists.

We sold more fine Shirt Waists on Monday and Tuesday of this week than in any two days of our history.

Many hundreds of fine Shirt Waists made up from lines worth up to $22.50 were on sale at $9.75. The same opportunity awaits you today.

Many hundreds of our finest Shirt Waists, worth up to $22.50, at $9.75.

95c for $1.50 Shirt Waist, a big lot of handsome White Lawn Shirt Waists, embroidery trimmed, regular $1.50 garments, at..... 95c

Dozens of rich clever styles in white Lawn Waists, trimmed with lace insertion embroidery and fine tuckings—remarkable value..... $1.25

50 dozen more White Persian and India Lawn Waists, same styles which created the stir last Monday, together with Cluny lace trimmed Waists, worth $3, for $1.50

Pure White Linen Waists, White Granite Cloth Waists, White Damask and Cheviot Waists, the greatest values of the year at the price—only..... $1.75

New Mercerized Cotton, White Lawn, Cheviot, Damask and India Embroidered Lawn Waists, made in the newest shapes and designs, very swell, only.. $2.50

REVELL & CO.

Remarkable Bargains in Oriental Rugs

To-day you will have an opportunity to secure rare and beautiful color effects in Antique Oriental Rugs at prices that will mean a wonderful saving to our customers. From the far East, the home of harmony in color blending, the rugs have been brought for this sale. Perhaps within a year you may have to pay more than double the prices that these rare Oriental pieces will be sold at to-day. Owing to a fortunate purchase we are enabled to mark a great many Oriental Rugs at one-half their regular value—not one piece out of any bale has been reserved. The splendor and richness of Oriental colorings and designs find expression in these exquisitely woven pieces. No matter how fine an Oriental Carpet or Rug you may desire—you can secure it in this sale. Grand pieces for the largest rooms, worth regularly $2,000.00 to $3,000.00. Can be secured at very low prices, and we show hundreds of pieces that cannot be duplicated, for the price we ask, in the Bazaars of Constantinople. Visitors welcome.

Below we quote a few of the bargains in this sale:

LOOK AT THE PRICES.

Khiva Rug, 5 ft. 1 in. x 4 ft. 3 in., $15.

Large Khiva Rug, 10 ft. x 6 ft., $50.

Large Cashmere Rug, 10 ft. x 7 ft. 4 in., $37.50.

Large India Rug, 13 ft. 1 in. x 9 ft. 3 in., $95.

Large Bokhara Rug, 9 ft. 4 in. x 6 ft. 4 in., $110.

Small Bokhara Rug, 3 ft. 9 in. x 3 ft. 4 in., $13.50.

Cashmere Rug, 6 ft. x 4 ft., $22.

Shirvan Rug, 4 ft. 8 in. x 3 ft. 7 in., $13.75.

Kurdistan Rug, 6 ft. 8 in. x 4 ft. 5 in., $17.50.

Long Persian Hall Rug, 15 ft. 5 in. x 2 ft. 8 in., $22.00.

Large Kermanshah Rug, 13 ft. 1 in. x 9 ft. 1 in., $450.

Kermanshah Rug, 7 ft. x 4 ft., $95.

Large Kasak Rug, 6 ft. 6 in. x 4 ft. 8 in., $22.

Kasak Rug, 4 ft. 2 in. x 2 ft. 8 in., $6.75.

Persian Rug, 7 ft. 5 in. x 2 ft. 11 in., $18.

Large Silk Carpet Rug, 13 ft. 8 in. x 11 ft., $1,500.

Silk Rug, 5 ft. 9 in. x 3 ft. 10 in., $50.

Small Turkish Rug, 2.35.

Bokhara Saddle-Bag Rug, 4.50.

Large Shiras Rug, 9 ft. 10 in. x 6 ft. 8 in., $95.

Antique Shiras Rug, $23.00.

Large Kis-Kelim, 13 ft. 6 in. x 5 ft. 8 in., $18.

Large Persian Rug, 11 ft. 6 in. x 8 ft. 4 in., $85.

Kis-Kelim, 4 ft. 9 in. x 3 ft., 4.75.

Bagdad Portieres, 4.75.

Large Tabris Rug, 14 ft. 5 in. x 8 ft. 11 in., $425.

Large Feraghan Rug, 13 ft. x 8 ft. 9 in., $375.

Carabaugh Rug, 3 ft. 7 in. x 3 ft. 1 in., $6.75.

Hamadan Rugs, $5.75.

And 5,000 Other Pieces in This Sale.

Corner Adams Street **Alexander H. Revell & Co.** *and Wabash Avenue*

BISHOP'S HATS
$3 & $4 OUR SPRING STYLES
136 STATE STREET, NEAR JACKSON PLATE.

MILLINERY—MAISON NOUVELLE.
308-310 Wabash-av., Chicago, Ill.
13 stores under Auditorium Hotel.
We are the only firm in the west that make a specialty of Street and Practical Hats. Chicago agency for the genuine "Connelly" and "Croft" Turban. Illustrated booklet mailed free. Spring 1903.

REVELL'S DESKS.
LARGEST DISPLAY, LOWEST PRICES.
ADAMS & WABASH

To secure insertion in all editions of "The Sunday Tribune" classified ads. must be in this office Friday.

"GLOBE" DESKS
Filing Devices and All Styles of Office
Globe-Werniche Co.
234-238 WABASH-AV.

The Tribune's Sporting News Is Always the Best